

Valuing nature's contributions to people: The approach of the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES)

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Structure of my presentation

- What is IPBES?
- The conceptual evolution on values and Nature's contributions to people
- Some implications for environmental risk management



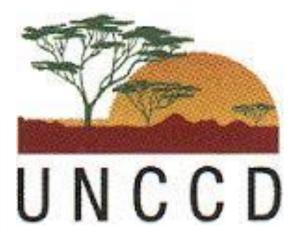
The Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services

- Objective: IPBES provides policy relevant knowledge on biodiversity and ecosystem services to inform decision making
- Currently 130 Members (Governments)
- Placed under the auspices of the United Nations
- Administered under UN Environment (UNEP), and also linked to FAO, UNDP and UNESCO
- Currently implementing its first Work Programme
- Four Functions: Assessments, Knowledge generation catalysis, Policy support, Capacity building
- Secretariat hosted in Bonn











UN Sustainable Development Goals



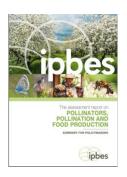
For Sustainable Development

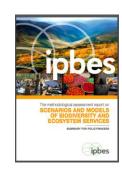


IPBES Assessments

2016

- Pollination
- Scenarios and modelling





2018

 Four regional assessments: Africa, Americas, Asia & Pacific, Europe & Central Asia + Land degradation and restoration

2019

Global Assessment

2021

- Diverse ways of valuing
- Sustainable use of wild species

2022

- Invasive species



The regional assessment report on BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES
FOR EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA



IPBES strives for being inclusive when it comes to various ways of understanding the human-nature relations



/ Contributions on Indigenous and Local Knowledge [ILK] for the IPBES Global Assessment

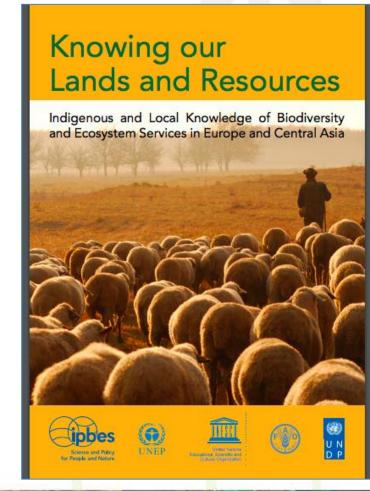
Contributions on Indigenous and Local Knowledge [ILK] for the IPBES Global Assessment

Disclaimer: We are not responsible for the quality of translation if persons/participants use the GOOGLE translator to read the following pages.

DEADLINE FOR CONTRIBUTIONS: 20 December 2017

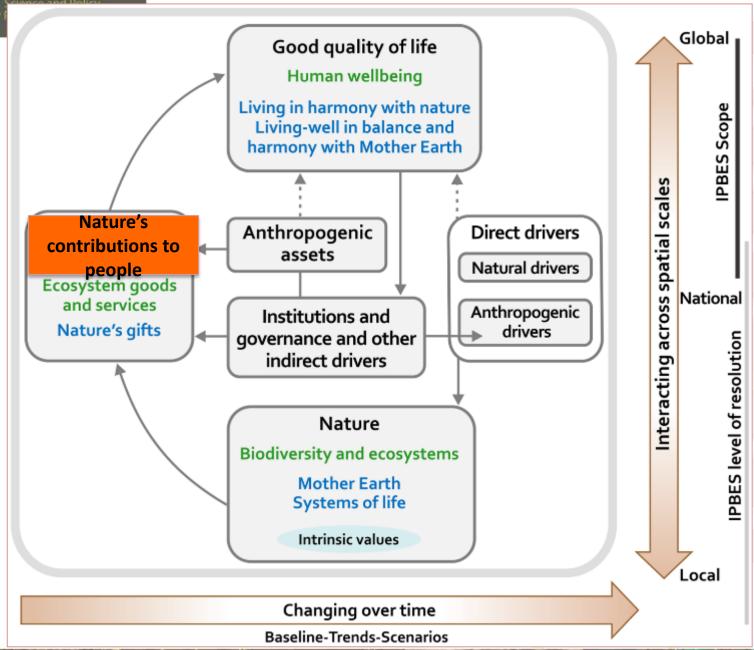
START YOUR INFOCONTRIBUTIONSESCRIPTIONSUGGESTIONS PREVIEW COMPLETE

The purpose of this CALL FOR CONTRIBUTIONS is to invite experts on ILK, holders of ILK, as well as their organizations and networks, to engage with and support the Global Assessment of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services of the Intergovernmental Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES).





IPBES Conceptual Framework





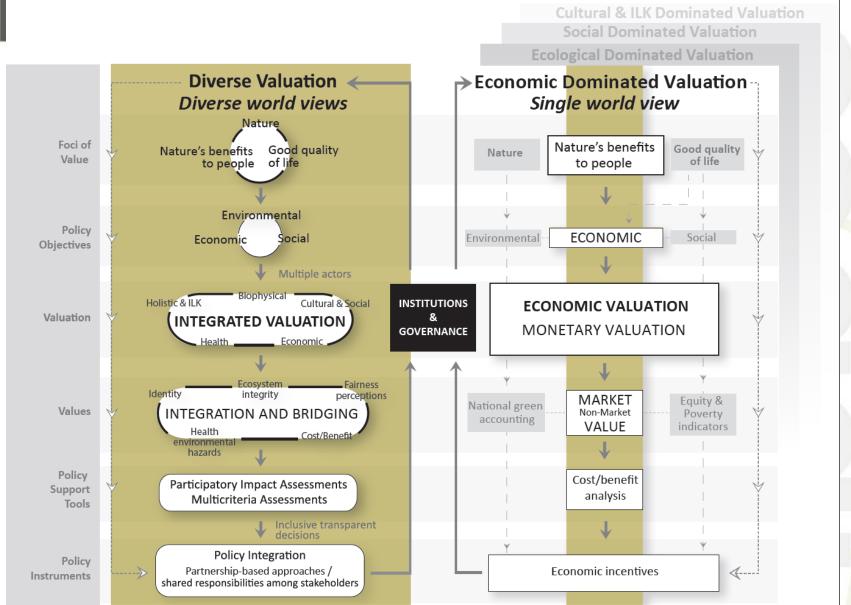
IPBES strengthen knowledge foundations for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and long-term human well-being

By recognizing that there are various ways of valuing



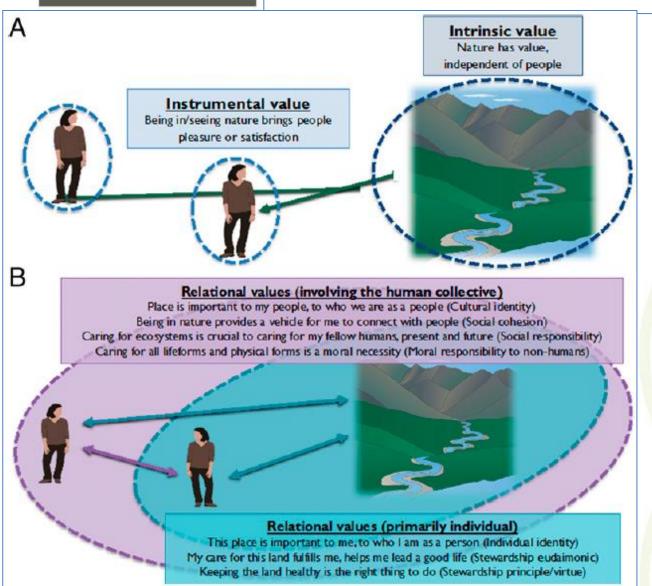


Value pluralism





Relational values as a core concept



Relational values reflect elements of cultural identity, social cohesion, social responsibility and moral responsibility towards nature

Pascual et al. 2017

Chan et al 2016

Methods to capture relational values

Ethnography; long-term living within a community, participant observation, daily note-taking, and the writing of a descriptive monograph.

Ethnoecological methods; participant observation, interviewing, cultural consensus analysis, cultural domain analysis, and social network analysis

Geographic methods; participatory geographical information systems (PGIS) and human ecology mapping

Narrative valuation; stories, influence diagrams, visual and verbal summaries.

Preference assessment; respondents are asked to rank or rate in interviews or surveys.





ES Critique



Ecological Economics

Volume 69, Issue 6, 1 April 2010, Pages 1219-1227



Ecosystem services: From eye-opening metaphor to complexity blinder

Richard B. Norgaard A ™

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JOURNAL ARTICLE

Where are *Cultural* and *Social* in Ecosystem Services? A Framework for Constructive Engagement

Kai M. A. Chan, Anne D. Guerry, Patricia Balvanera, Sarah Klain, Terre Satterfield, Xavier Basurto, Ann Bostrom, Ratana Chuenpagdee, Rachelle Gould, Benjamin S. Halpern, Neil Hannahs, Jordan Levine, Bryan Norton, Mary Ruckelshaus, Roly Russell, Jordan Tam and Ulalia Woodside *BioScience* Vol. 62, No. 8 (August 2012), pp. 744-756

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Pages 154-161

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Ecological Economics

Volume 86, February 2013, Pages 274-284

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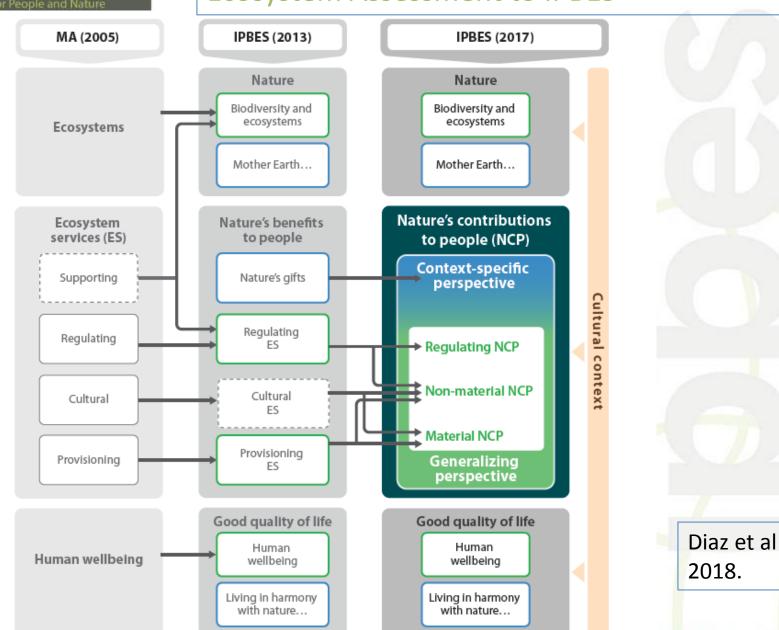
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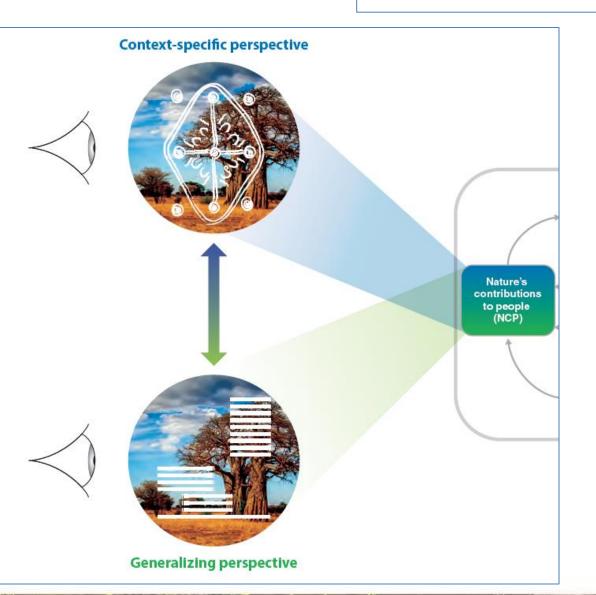


Conceptual development from Millennium Ecosystem Assessment to IPBES





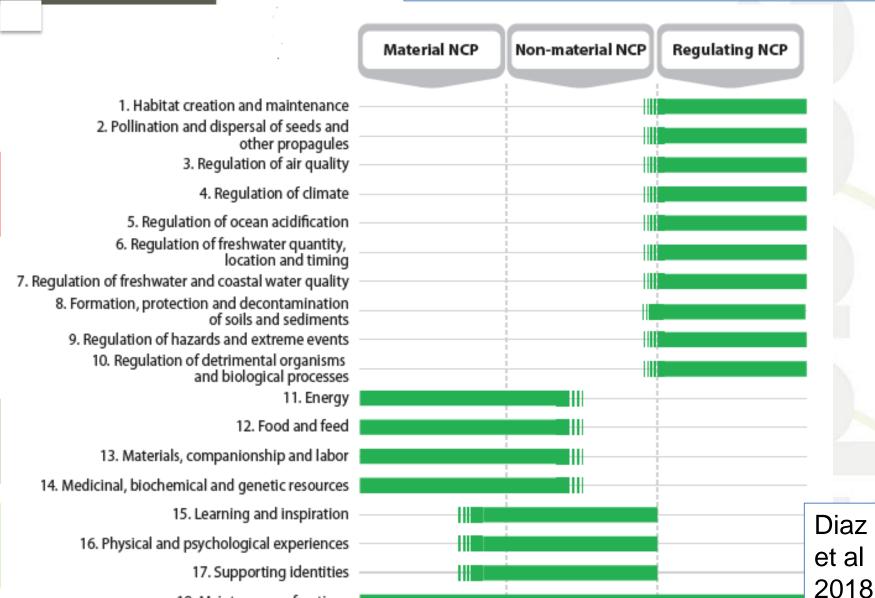
Nature's contributions to people from different perspectives







NCP in a generalizing perspective



18. Maintenance of options



to be underlined...

- IPBES takes a pluralistic approach for increasing scientific credibility, fairness and political legitimacy. NCP broadens the tent, and includes Ecosystem services perspectives
- The role of culture has been elevated by the recognition that the cultural context influences the perception and experiences by people of all NCP
- The framework includes positive as well as negative NCP
- Recognizes co-production, irrespective of the degree of anthropogenic input



Implications for environmental risk management and food safety

- Contributions for whom?
- Food availability is not the same as food accessibility
- Food is more than nutrition
- People value differently
- Qualitative studies are needed to capture sociocultural aspects and people's varying perceptions
- Forms for bridging between various ways of valuing needs to be more developed





Science and Policy for People and Nature

Thank you!



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Díaz, S., Pascual, U., Stenseke, M., Martín-López, B., Watson, RT, Molnár, Z. et al. 2018. Assessing nature's contributions to people. *Science*, 359: 270-272. IPBES. The Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services, https://www.ipbes.net/

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