



The European Open Science Initiative (including data): from vision to action

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Commissioner view



Open Science, of which Open Access is an important part, will be vital to ensuring European progress and prosperity in the future

Speech at NETHER, January 26, 2015

I am convinced that excellent science is the foundation of future prosperity, and that openness is the key to excellence"

A new start for Europe: Opening up to an ERA of Innovation, Brussels, 22 June 2015



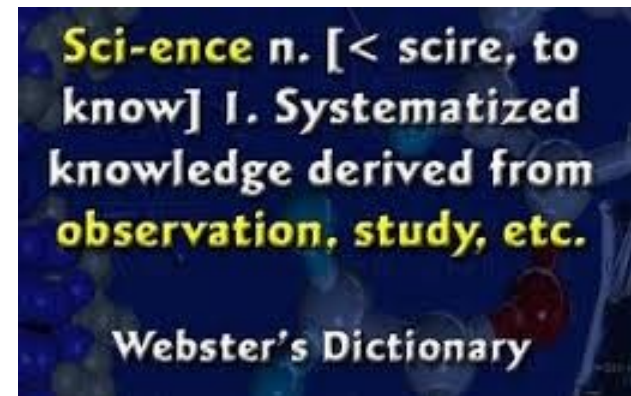
Priorities of Commissioner Moedas:

Open Science as part of an Open Approach

- **Open Innovation**
- **Open Science**
- **Open to the world**

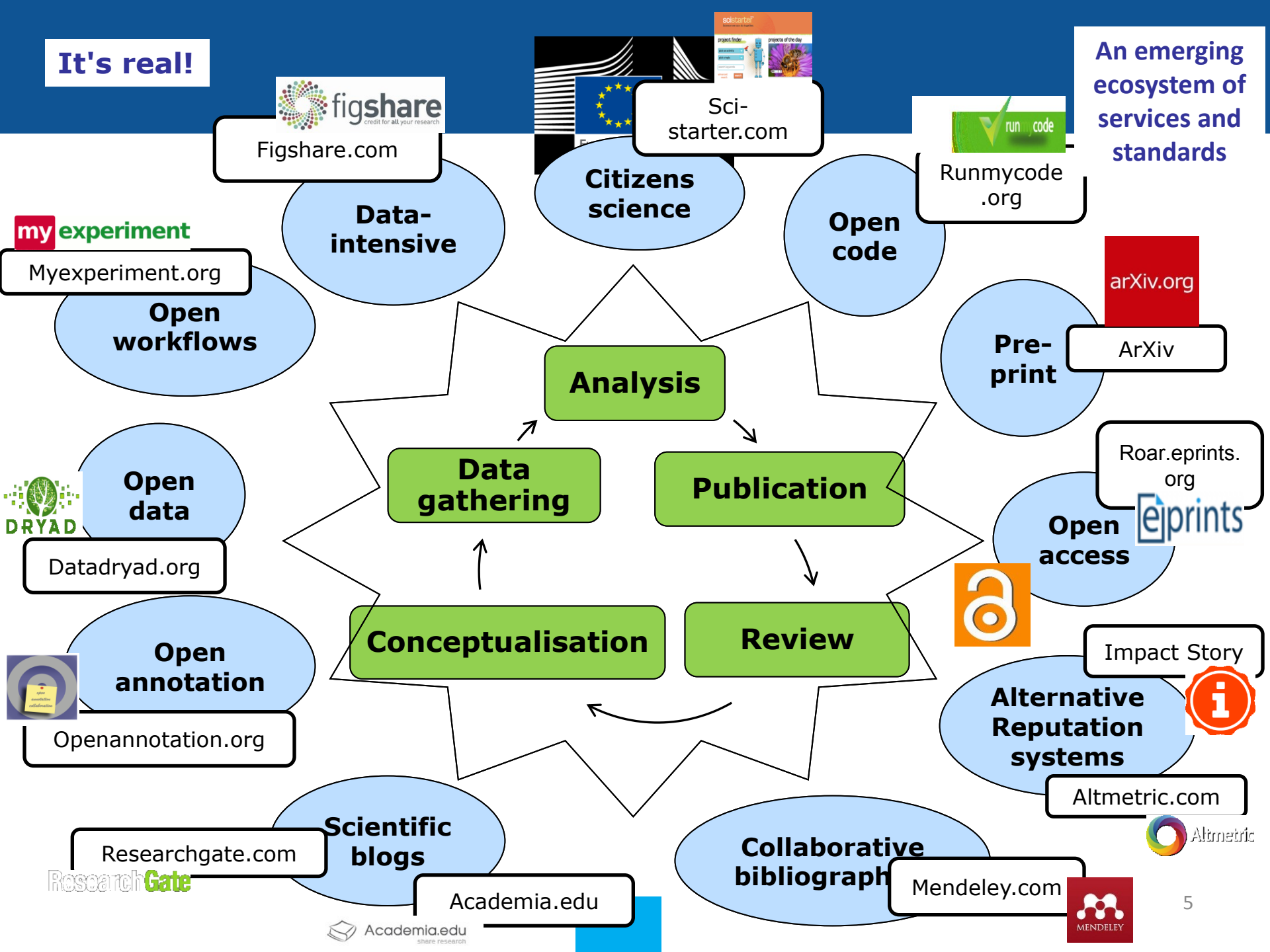
Open Science / Science 2.0

- A systemic change in the modus operandi of science and research
- Affecting the whole research cycle and its stakeholders



It's real!

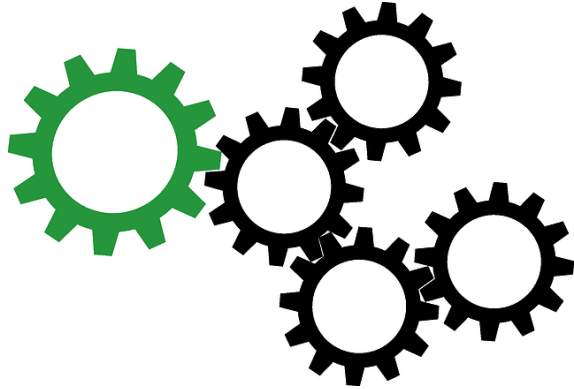
An emerging ecosystem of services and standards



It's irreversible

- Digital technologies
- Exponential growth of data
- Globalisation
- Grand Challenges
- Expectations of citizens for science
- Accountable, responsive and transparent science
- Digital "natives"





It's not happening in isolation

- Open source software
- MOOCs
- Collaborative knowledge production
- Creative commons
- Open innovation
- The sharing/collaborative economy
- Web 2.0

It offers great opportunities



- Better value for money
- More transparency, openness and networked collaboration
- More efficiency, reliability and responsiveness





Public consultation: Science 2.0: Science in Transition

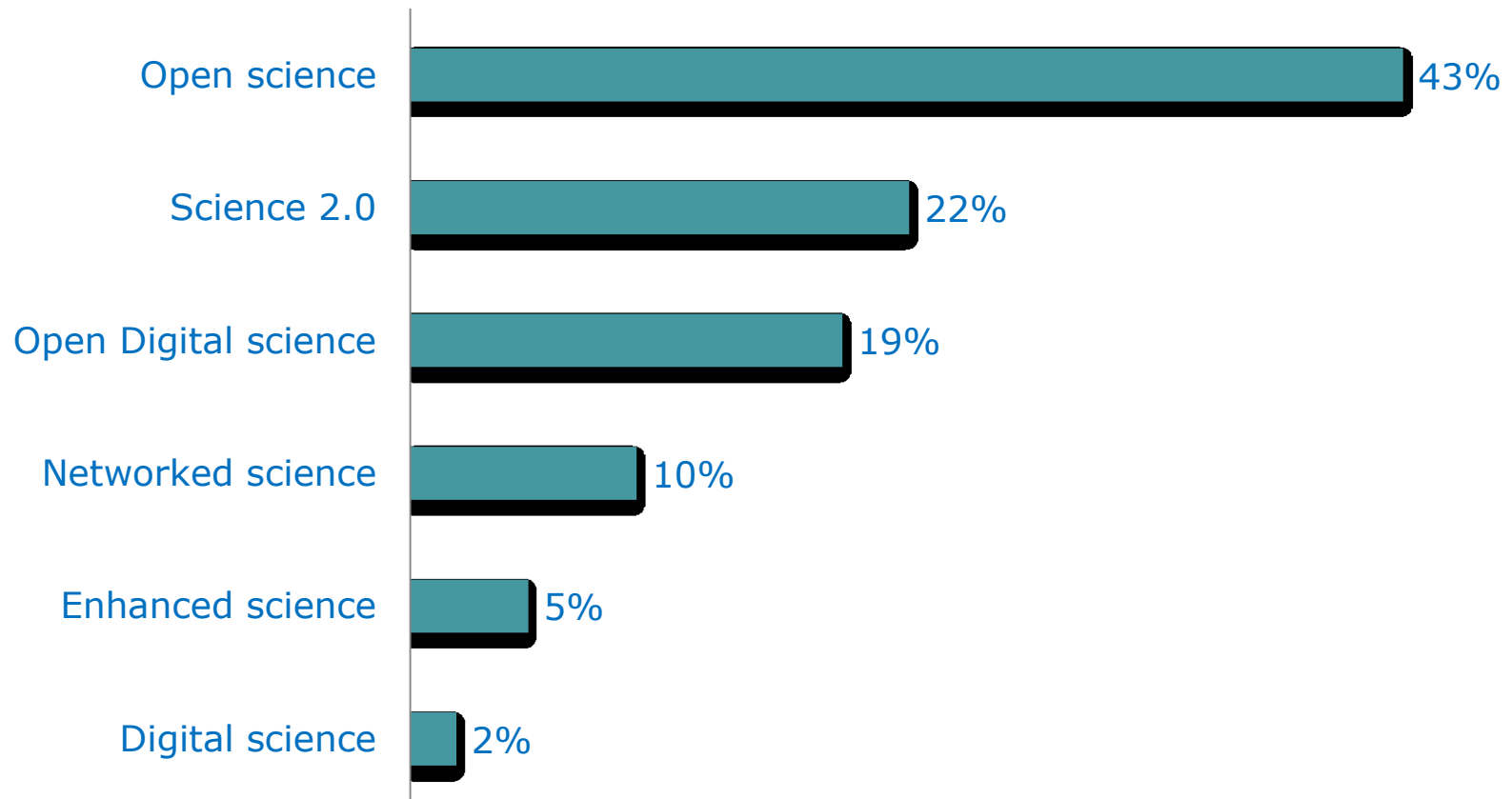
Objectives:

- Assess the **degree of awareness**
- Assess the **perception of the opportunities and challenges**
- Identify **possible policy implications and actions**

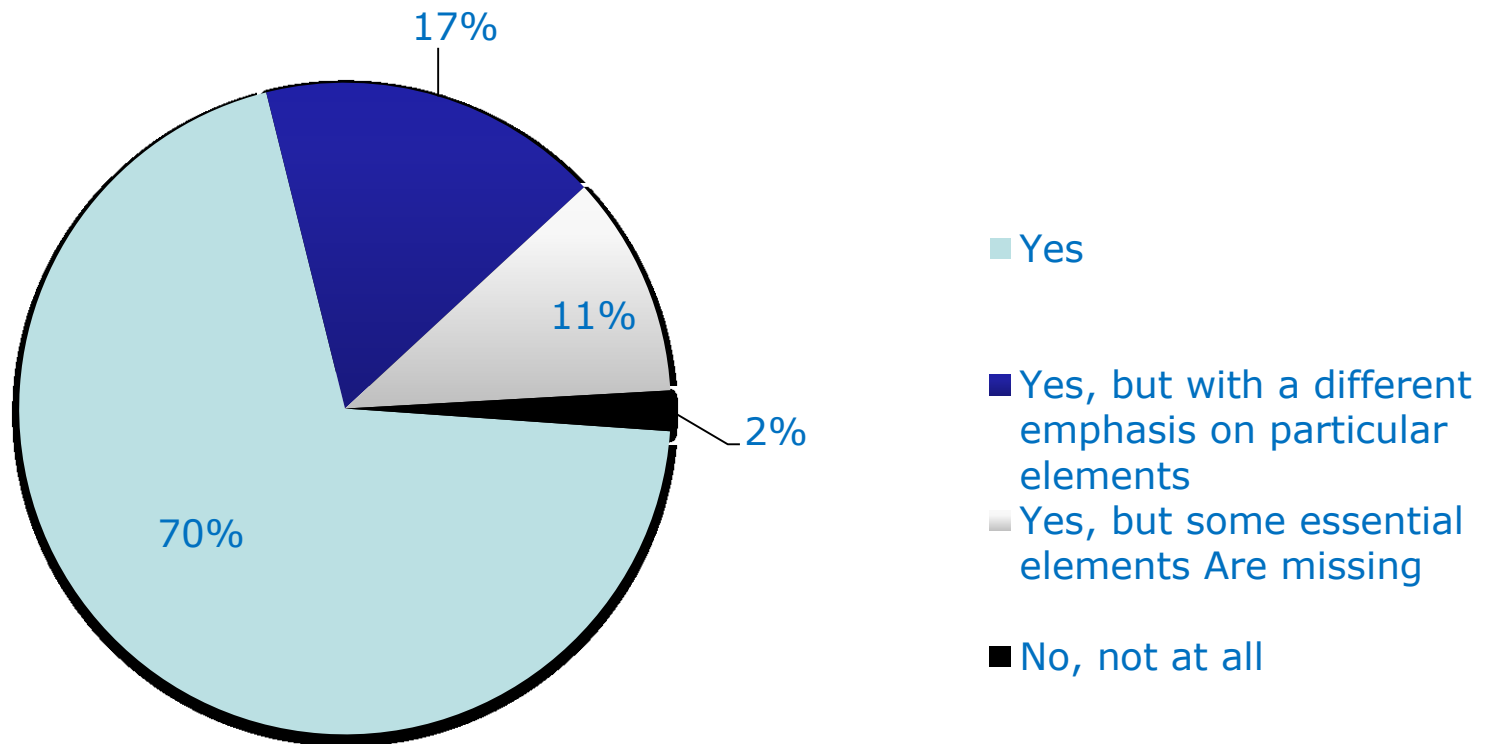




What is the most appropriate term to describe 'Science 2.0'?



Do you recognise the trends described in the consultation paper as 'Science 2.0'?



What are the key drivers?

Over 80% agree/totally agree

- **Digital technologies**
- **New ways of disseminating results**
- **New ways of collaboration**

Less than 50% agree/totally agree

- **Citizens acting as scientists**



DRIVERS

What are the key barriers?

Over 80% agree/totally agree

- **Quality assurance**
- **Lack of credits**
- **Lack of infrastructures**
- **Limited awareness of benefits**



Less than 70% agree/totally agree

- **Concerns about ethical and privacy issues**

What are the implications?



Over 80% agree/totally agree

- **Science more reliable**
- **Science more efficient**
- **Faster and wider innovation**

Less than 60% agree/totally agree

- **Crowd-funding as an important research funding source**



Agreed Objectives of possible future open science policy agenda

- Supporting big data **infrastructure** needs
- Improving **framework conditions**: barriers and incentives
- Making science
 - more efficient (better use of and sharing of resources),
 - reliable (replicability/re-use of data) and
 - **more responsive** to societal challenges

Stakeholders share these expectations of 'Open Science' with large majority, on "condition":

- **bottom-up**
- **stakeholder-driven**



European Open Science Policy Agenda (1)

Foster Open Science: Creating incentives, e.g.

- Promote best practices, research integrity, Citizen Science etc.
- Establish a **Policy Platform**

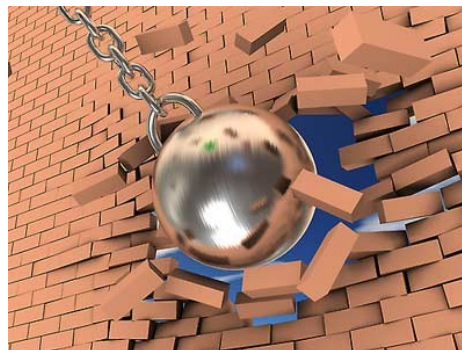




European Open Science Agenda (2)

Remove barriers, e.g.

- Development of '**alternative**' metrics
- Propose a **European "code of conduct"**





European Open Science Agenda (3)

Mainstream Open Access to publications and data, e.g.

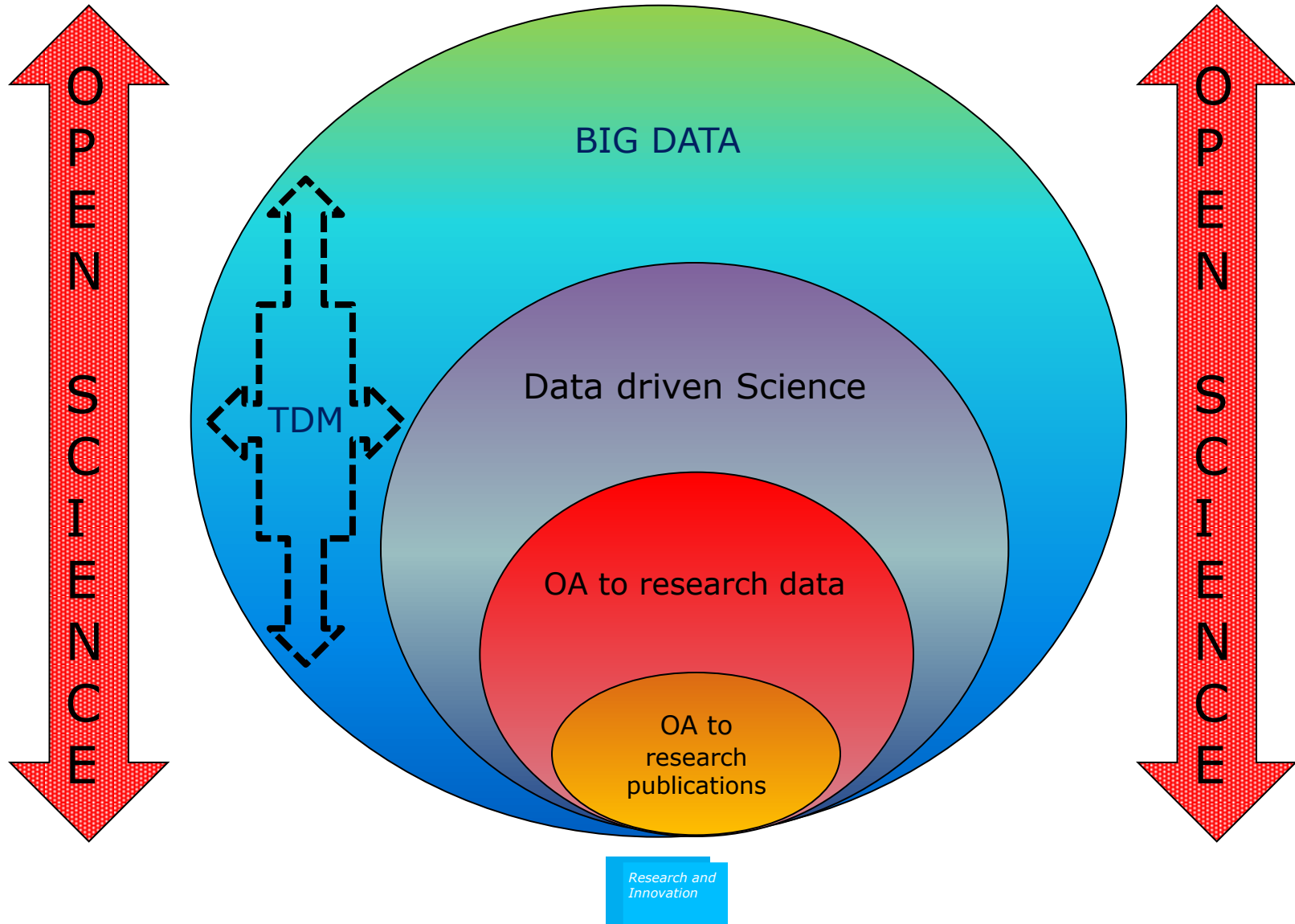
- Consider extending the **Horizon 2020 pilot** on Open Access to data
- Develop **EU guidelines** for addressing IPR issues and the funding of data-management



Open Research Data

- ORD refers to making research data freely available for reuse beyond the purpose for which they were originally collected.
- Making Research data freely available aid further discovery, make scientific process more cost efficient and reliable.
- ORD is part of a broader change: **data driven science underpinning Open Science**

ORD "small" part of Open Data





Data Driven Science: big data in science

Explosion in the amount of data produced combined (internet of everything!) with **advances in data science** results in **new opportunities** and **economic return**

Enormous opportunities for science:

- virtually every problem can be “dated”
- “here are the data, where is the hypothesis?”
- 4th paradigm in science (inductive, computational)
- Potential to reboot completely SSH (“social physics”)

For DDS to take off, certain **framework conditions** need to be met:

- Data protection and copyright modernisation
- Research infrastructures



H2020: Pilot on Open Research Data

Types of data concerned:

- Data needed to validate the results presented in scientific publications ("underlying data")
- Other data as specified in **DMP** (=up to projects)

Beneficiaries participating in the Pilot will:

- Deposit this data in a research data repository of their choice
- Take measures to make it possible to access, mine, exploit, reproduce and disseminate free of charge
- Provide information about tools and instruments at the disposal of the beneficiaries and necessary for validating the results (where possible, provide the tools and instruments themselves)



H2020: Pilot on Open Research Data

Projects may opt out of the Pilot on ORD, if:

- The project will not generate / collect any data
- Conflict with obligation to protect results
- Conflict with confidentiality obligations
- Conflict with security obligations
- Conflict with rules on protection of personal data
- The achievement of the action's main objective would be jeopardised by making specific parts of the research data openly accessible (to be explained in data management plan)



H2020: Pilot on ORD: take-up in first calls

- Basis: 3699 Horizon 2020 signed grant agreements
- Calls in core-areas: opt out 34.6% (149/431)
→ This means: 65,4% of projects in the core areas participate to the ORD pilot
- Other areas: voluntary opt in 11.9% (409/3268)

→ encouraging results



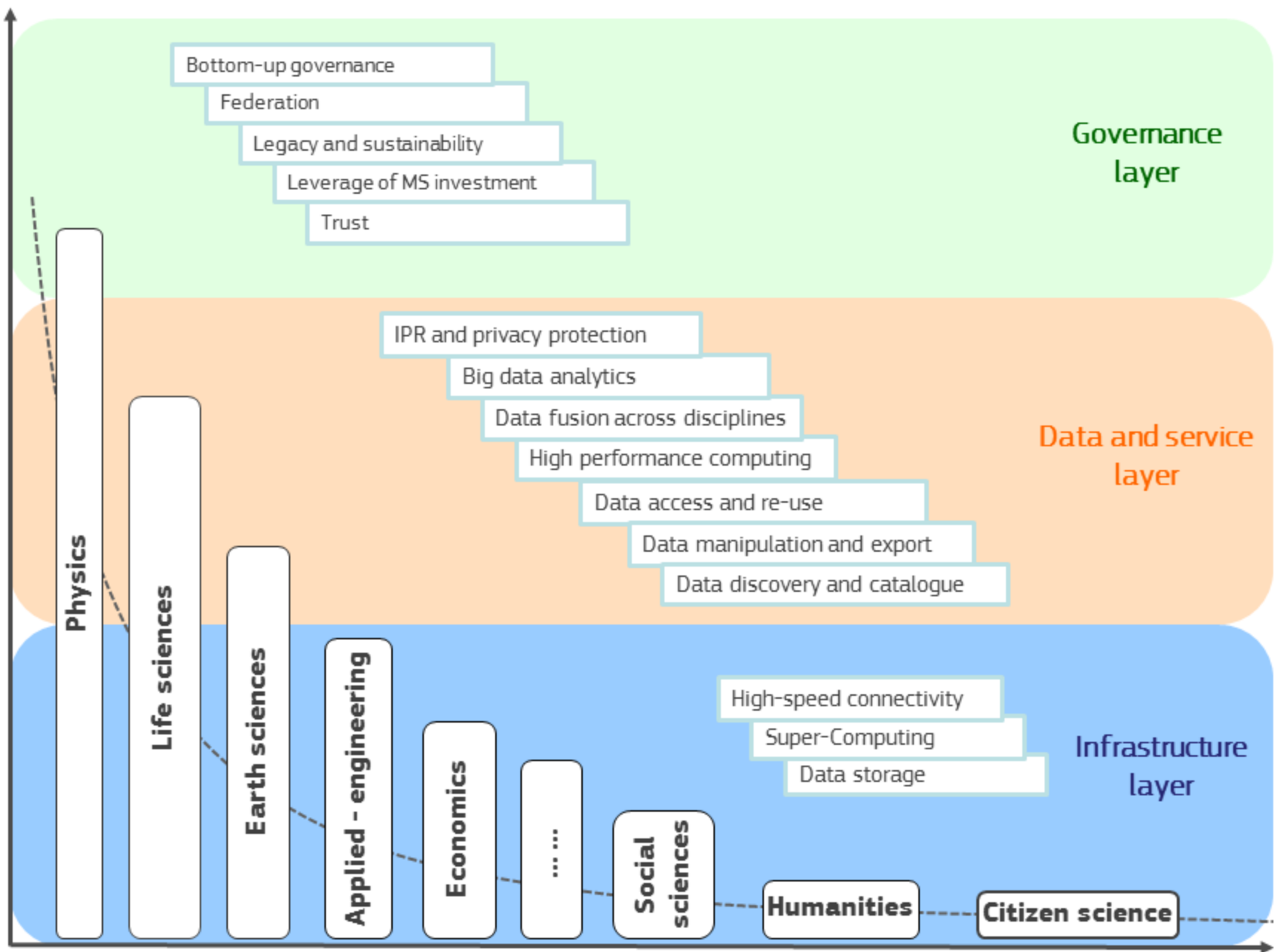
European Open Science Agenda (4)

Develop research infrastructures for Open Science, e.g.

- Common interfaces and data standards
- Coordinate funding/ maintenance and interoperability
- **European Open Science Cloud** for data, protocols and methodologies



Scale of scientific activity (data-driven science)



Lead scientific users...

...long tail of science



European Open Science Cloud is part of Europe's ambition to **support the transition to Open Science** and make the most of **data-driven science**.

- **Strongly stated need:** cost-effective, privacy and IPR-conscious.
- Virtual environment **for all European researchers** to store, manage, analysis and re-use data
- **Federation of existing and emerging** data infrastructures
- **Added value:** scale, data-driven science, inter-disciplinarity, data to knowledge to innovation





Short-term Roadmap for Policy on Open Science

Autumn 2015:

- Set up of the Open Science Policy Platform
- Implementation of Open Science Monitor
- Launch of Science Cloud HLG

Autumn 2015\Spring 2016:

- Concretization of Open Science actions under the *DSM strategy* (Juncker priority)

4-5 April 2016:

- Conference on Open Science during the Dutch Presidency

May 2016:

- Presentation of the European Open Science Agenda to the Competitiveness Council



Thank you!

