Management Board 21 March 2024



EFSA PUBLISHING ACTIVITIES

Barbara Gallani

Head of Communication and Partnership Dept.



EFSA PUBLISHING CHANNELS | OVERVIEW









694 total outputs published in 2023 Process costs: Ca. €650 K for production + ca. €100 K for other initiatives (e.g. PLS, Food Risk Assess Europe)



PUBLICATIONS | CLASSIFICATION

Defined by the Founding Regulation

EFSA Journal

- **Opinions** of the Scientific Committee/Panel
- Statements of the Scientific Committee/Panel/EFSA
- **Guidance** of the Scientific Committee/Panel/EFSA
- **Pesticide outputs**: Reasoned Opinions & Conclusions
- Scientific Reports of EFSA

Supplemented by:

- Editorials
- Plain Language Summaries

EFSA Supporting Publications

- Technical Reports
- External Scientific Reports: results
 of procurements
- Event Reports

Food Risk Assess Europe

 Selected scientific articles from the national food safety authorities of the EU Member States





EFSA JOURNAL | GOVERNANCE

Editorial Advisory Board

EFSA Journal Governance

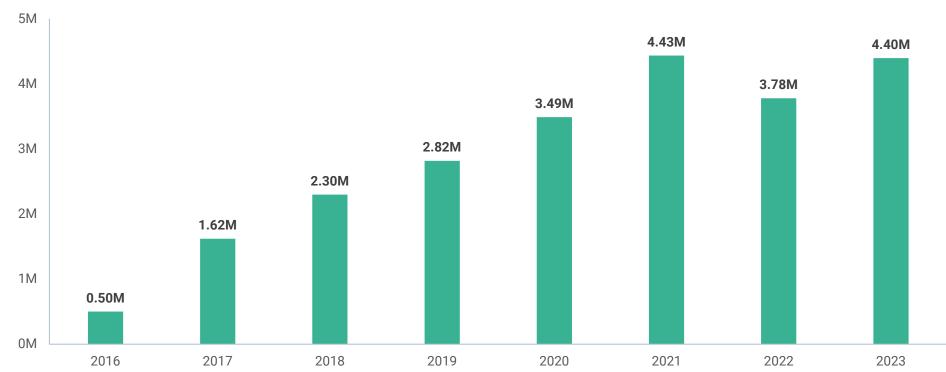
- The EFSA Journal is supported by an international
 Editorial Advisory Board
- Includes representatives from Member States (7),
 EU Agencies (2) and EFSA's senior management (3)
- Meets four times a year
- Advises EFSA on scientific output **quality**, **impact**, publishing **ethics**, publishing **technologies**, etc.





PERFORMANCE | GROWTH IN USAGE





TRENDS IN DOWNLOADS

Source: Wiley Journal Insights



PERFORMANCE | DOWNLOADS AND CITATIONS

21M Total downloads (all time)

99K Total citations (all time)

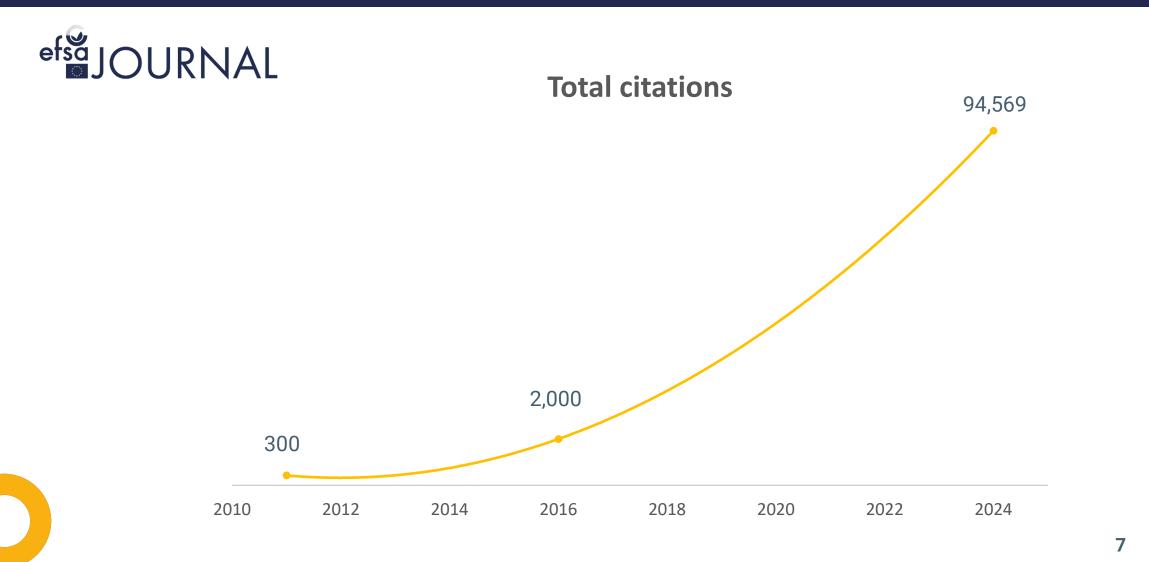
Most downloaded¹:

Most cited ² :

	Output	Pub. year	Downloads		Output	Pub. year	Citations
1	Reevaluation of silicon dioxide (E551) as a food additive	2018	170,541	1	EU One Health 2018 Zoonoses Report	2019	1,053
2	Guidance for the identification of endocrine disruptors in the context of Regulations (EU) No528/2012 and (EC) No1107/2009	2018	133,992	2	EU summary report on trends and sources of zoonoses , zoonotic agents and food-borne outbreaks in 2017	2018	975
3	Scientific opinion on the safety of green tea catechins	2018	117,756	3	EU summary report on trends and sources of zoonoses , zoonotic agents and food-borne outbreaks in 2016	2017	901



PERFORMANCE | GROWTH IN CITATIONS





PERFORMANCE | IMPACT FACTOR (IF)

3.31 – 2-year IF (2023)

60/142 – rank in Food Science & Technology category (2022)

We are moving beyond traditional measures like the IF and category rank towards more nuanced metrics such as attention scores and policy impact.





Source: Wiley Journal Insights

PERFORMANCE | ALTERNATIVE IMPACT METRICS

Top Altmetric online attention scores



Scientific Opinion on the safety of caffeine Article in **EFSA Journal**, May 2015





Novel foods: a risk profile for the house cricket (Acheta domesticus) Article in EFSA Journal, August 2018

4 Statement on the validity of the conclusions of a mouse carcinogenicity study... Article in **EFSA Journal**, May 2017



Scientific Opinion on the risks to public health related to the presence of... Article in **EFSA Journal**, January 2015

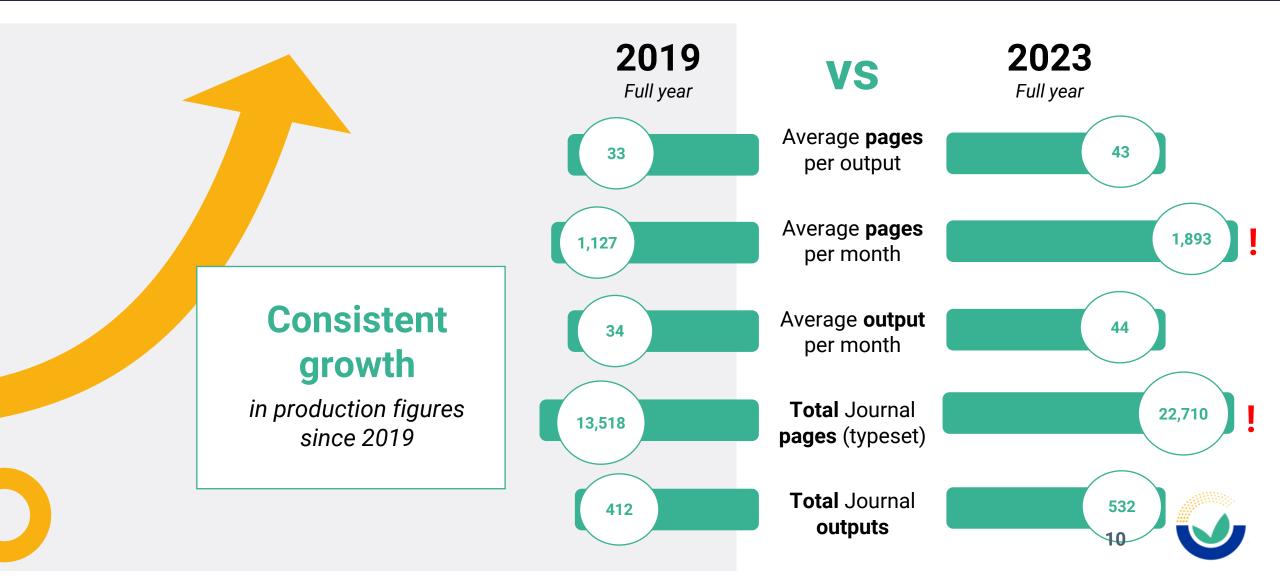
Policy uptake (Overton)



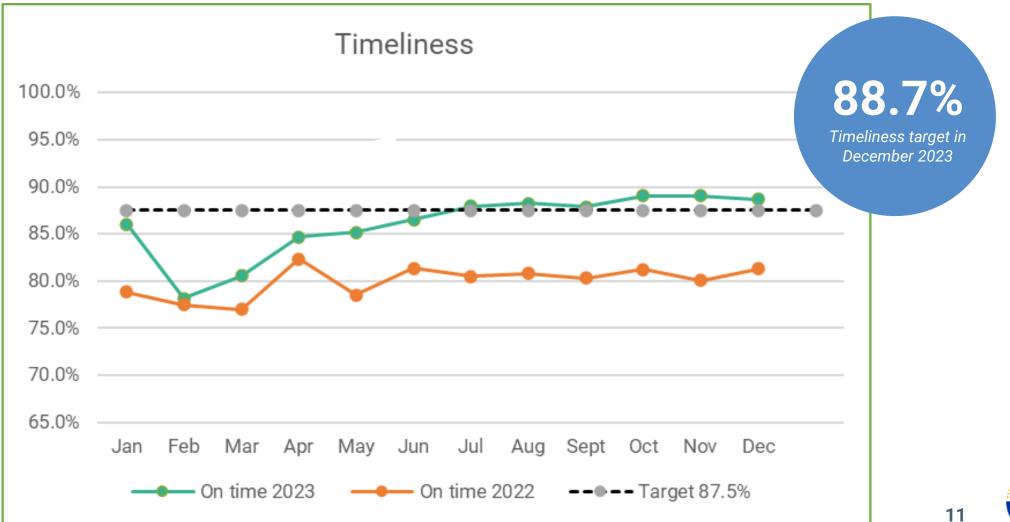


a

PRODUCTION | 2019 vs 2023 FIGURES



TIMELINESS | 2023



OUTPUT LENGTH ANALYSIS | PRELIMINARY FINDINGS

High-level trends observed for EJ outputs (2019 vs. 2023)

- Total number of outputs:
 412 → 532 (+29%)
- Total number of large outputs (>100 pp):
 25 (2021*) → 48 (+92%)
- Total number of pages:
 13,518 → 22,710 (+68%)
- Average number of pages per output:
 33 → 43 (+30%)

Preliminary observations for typeset outputs (2020 vs. 2023)

- Observed increase varies across panels and output types
- For some panels, strong correlation between **number of authors** and increase

Next steps

Focus on selected panels, output types & sections to find/address causes



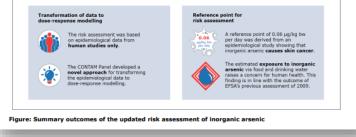
MAKING IT CLEARER | EXPLAINING OUR SCIENCE (PLS)

PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY 18 January 2024 Update of the risk assessment of inorganic arsenic in food Background to the risk assessment update · Risk managers need advice on the safety of food contaminants, such as arsenic, to establish acceptable maximum levels that can be present without causing adverse health effects. · Chronic intake of inorganic arsenic via diet and/or drinking water is known to cause adverse health effects, including cancer of the skin, bladder, and lungs. . In 2009, EFSA's Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain (CONTAM) adopted a scientific opinion on the presence of arsenic in food and concluded that the minimum amount of inorganic arsenic that produces a clear, low-level health risk for these effects lies between 0.3 and 8 µg/kg of body weight (bw) per day. · In 2021, EFSA published an updated exposure assessment of inorganic arsenic in food (https://doi.org/10.2903/j.efsa.2021.6380). What was EFSA asked to do? The European Commission requested an updated assessment of the risks to human health associated with the presence of inorganic arsenic in food, taking into account the updated exposure assessment and newly available scientific information on the toxicity of inorganic arsenic · In addition, EFSA was asked to provide risk assessments on small and complex organoarsenic compounds and to provide a risk assessment of combined exposure to inorganic and organic arsenic. These assessments will be finalised by the beginning of 2025. How did EFSA carry out this work? EFSA carried out a comprehensive literature review to identify human and animal toxicology publications relevant to the hazard assessment of inorganic arsenic, published since 2009. · Based on the biological differences between laboratory animals and humans, the CONTAM Panel

- deside to make use of only epidemiological (human) data for the hazard assessment of inorganic arsrenic.
- The CONTAM Panel developed an approach enabling the use of the results from epidemiological studies in dose-response modelling, which was needed to establish a safe or acceptable level of exposure.
- EFSA held a public consultation from 24 July to 10 September 2023 and considered stakeholders' comments when finalising the opinion.

Updated risk assessment for inorganic arsenic in food -

Long-term intake of inorganic arsenic is associated with a range of adverse health effects including cancers and neurodevelopmental disorders. An updated risk assessment was conducted taking into account new toxicity data and a revised exposure assessment.





Plain Language Summaries published since 2022

Most viewed:

- 1. BPA
- 2. Mineral oil hydrocarbons
- 3. Erythritol
- Focus group with target audiences held in 2023 to improve format and content
- In the context of EFSA 2027 Strategy, PLS is set to become part of EFSA's communication package with more prominence given to visual abstracts and summaries



STRENGTHENING | EU RISK ASSESSMENT COMMUNITY (FRAE)

Search Search	Q	Articles published by:
JOURNALS V SUBJECTS V Image: Delta constraints Image: Delta constraints Online ISSN: 2940-1399 Print ISSN: 2940-1399	Latest issu Volume 1, I September	Articles published by: Belgium, Bulgaria, Ireland and Spain Contributions from France, Croatia and Luxembourg to be published soon
HOME ABOUT V BROWSE V		 Leverage existing EU scientific knowledge
Journal Overview Food Risk Assess Europe (FRAE) is an open access repository of selected scientific articles from the	Sign up for en alerts	 Increase visibility and awareness Engagement with national
national food safety agencies of the EU Member States. The articles are selected to inform the work of the European risk assessment community for food and feed safety and to leverage the knowledge generated by the national agencies for the benefit of all.	Enter your email to rec when new articles and published. Email address*	 agencies Strengthen EU risk assessment community
Articles	Enter email	

EFSA JOURNAL | IMPROVEMENTS & THEIR IMPACT IN 2023

Approved: 21 December 2023

DOI: 10.2903/j.efsa.2024.8554

SCIENTIFIC REPORT

^{ef}[™]JOURNAL

Prioritisation of pesticides and target organ systems for dietary cumulative risk assessment based on the 2019–2021 monitoring cycle

	PLA	IN LANGUAGE SUMMARY	Sefsa journal			
			20 December 2023			
		uation of erythritol (E 968) as a	food additive			
* * * * * * *	FOOD RISK ASSESS EUROPE	itol (E 968) is a sugar alcohol (polyol) used as a ation (EU) No 231/2012 defines erythritol as be swith safe and suitable food-grade osmophilic ye chiliensis, followed by purification and drying". U's Scientific Committee on Food (SCF) assesse ean Food Safety Authority (EFSA) issued other e	ing "obtained by fermenting carbohydrate asts, such as Moniliella pollinis or Moniliella d the safety of erythritol in 2003 and the rythritol-related advice in 2010, 2013, and			
	EUROPE	current opinion, EFSA re-evaluated the safety makers, scientists, the media, food processors, n				
		5 EFSA asked to do?				
		rt of an ongoing safety review, EFSA is reassessived for use before 20 January 2009, which teners. EC also asked EFSA to consider exempting e rement for foods with more than 10% added po /2011.	includes erythritol (E 968) among other rythritol from the laxative warning label			
		EFSA carry out this work?				
	OPEN ACCESS	followed structured protocols ^{1,2} for the safety ev odologies set out beforehand. The approach inclu thritol (hazard identification), determining the m cause harm to a healthy person (hazard cha sure to erythritol in the EU population.	ded identifying the potential harmful effects inimum amount of erythritol in the diet that			
		a were used?				
		ation of erythritol used:				
*		and the SCF's previous opinions and working do on erythritol gathered from interested parties in rature review of studies on erythritol published be	response to EFSA's calls for data;			
		on of erythritol from the laxative warning label u	sed:			
	WILEY					

- Roll-out of Plain Language Summary programme
 ⇒ More accessible science
- Launch of Food Risk Assess Europe (FRAE)
 - ⇒ Strengthened EU Risk Assessment Community
- New style guide & article PDF design
 - ⇒ Enhanced user friendliness & timeliness
- Measures for faster publication
 - ⇒ Quicker availability of EFSA outputs



EFSA JOURNAL | FUTURE SCENARIOS & EXPECTED IMPACT

Plans for 2024 & beyond

- Review of structure & length of EFSA outputs
 ⇒ More efficient & accessible risk communication
- Alignment with centralised EU mapping conventions (e.g. via guidelines for experts, staff, contractors)
 - Standardisation of EFSA mapping
- Integration of Artificial Intelligence
 - (AI guidelines for EFSA authors, etc.)
 - ⇒ Increased efficiency & timeliness of publications
 - ⇒ Ensured risk mitigation (e.g. plagiarism, data privacy, security & ethical concerns)
- Integration of ORCID identifiers
 ⇒ e.g. Further digitisation of workflows

