Bioinformatics tools to evaluate potential risks of celiac disease from novel proteins

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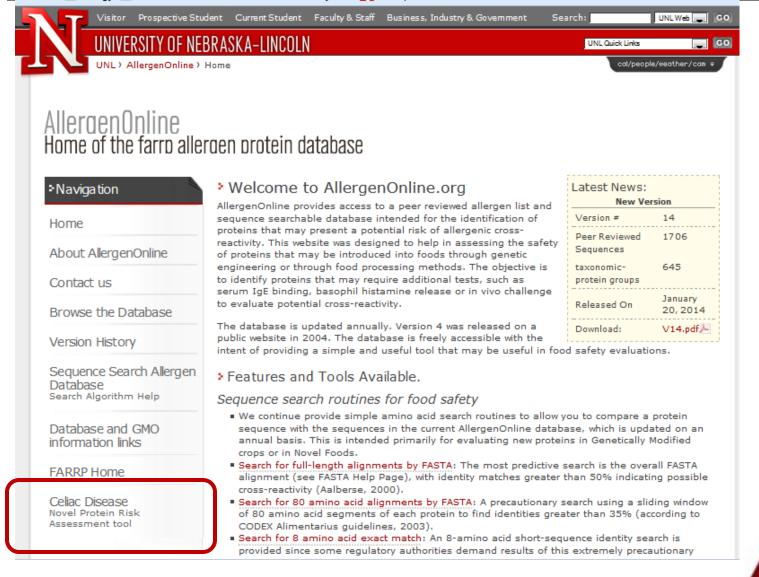
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17 June, 2015 EFSA Workshop on Allergenicity Assessment of GM Plants





www.Allergenonline.org – see Celiac Disease (below)

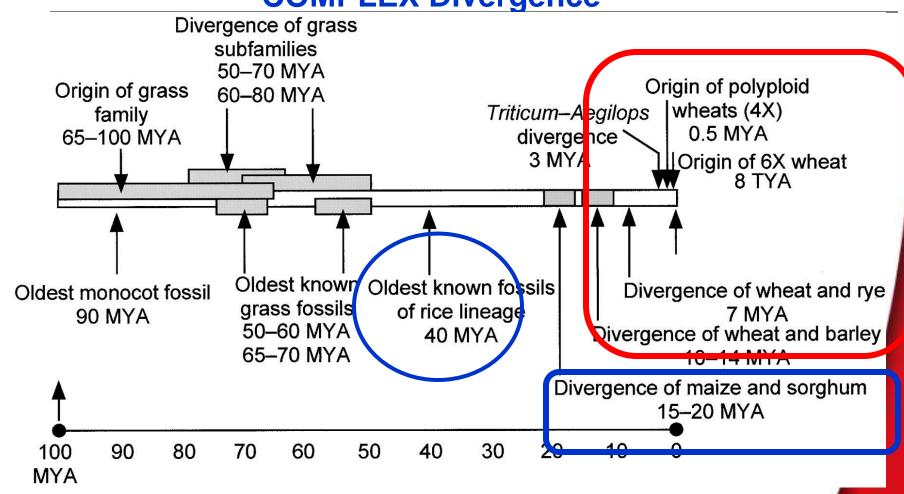


Outline: Development of Celiac Database and bioinformatics tests

- Celiac Disease (CD) affects ~ 1.3% of the population
 - Developers of biotechnology products (genetically modified crops – GM) or food processors need a test:
 - Codex Alimentarius Guideline for GM Safety (2003): any gene (protein) transferred from wheat or near wheat relative should be evaluated for potential to cause Celiac Disease
 - Bioinformatics should provide efficient evaluation to demonstrate:
 - the SAFETY of >98+% of wheat proteins that would not cause CD
 - And RISK ~ 100% identification of those that would cause CD.....http://www.allergenonline.org/celiachome.shtml
 - I will present selection of Celiac eliciting peptides and representative proteins (for immunogenic and toxic properties)
 - Testing
 - Exact peptide matching
 - FASTA Identity and E-score evaluation to set criteria



Grasses as a single genetic system Evolutionary history of cereals – AND GLUTEN COMPLEX Divergence







Probable Evolution of modern wheat

D. Kasarda, JAFC 2013 61:1155-1159

Gluten genetics are complex, gene duplication + divergence

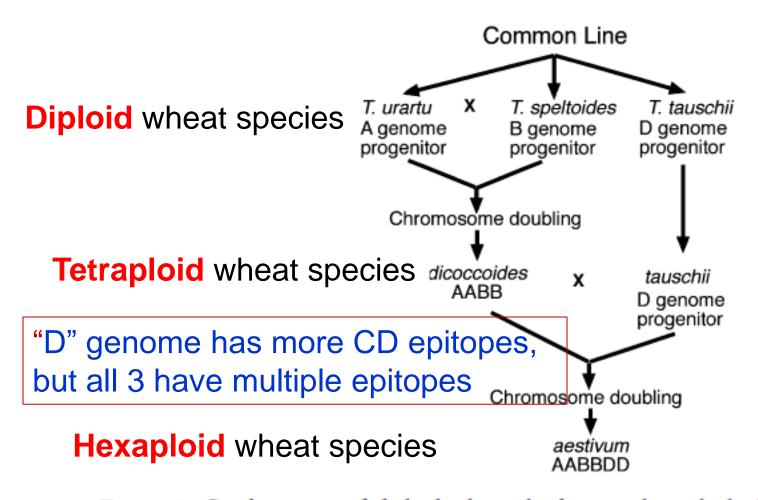
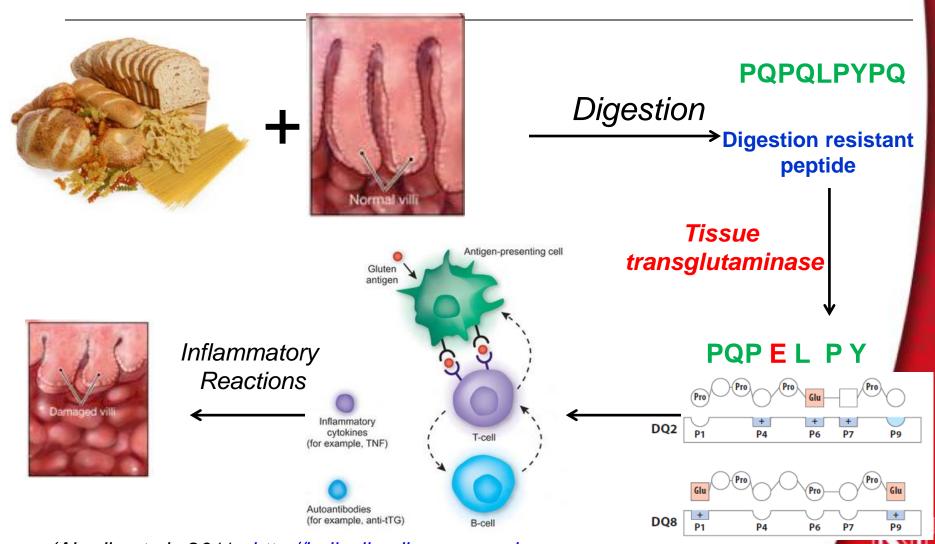


Figure 3. Combinations of diploid wheats leading to the polyploid forms.

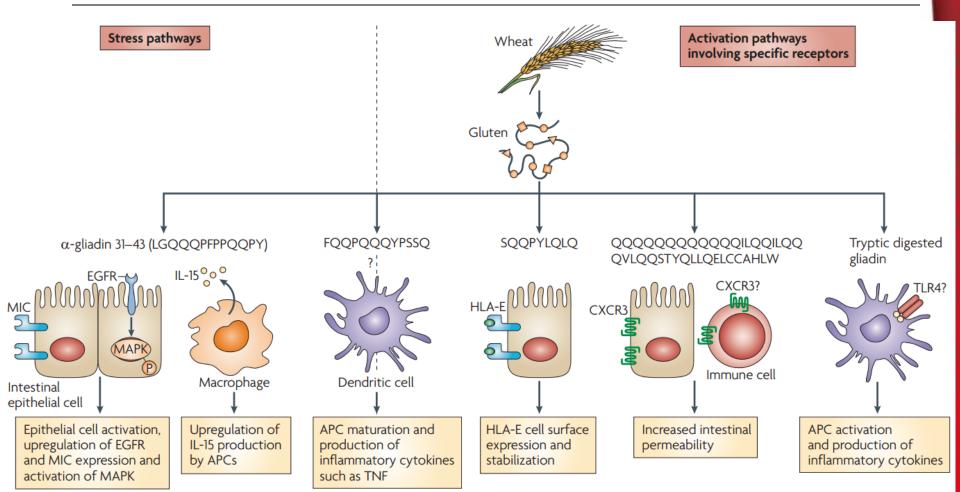


Immunogenic effect is the most common problem, associated with MHCII DQ 2 or 8



(Abadie et al., 2011 ; http://bnljceliacdisease.wordpress.com/ /2010/11/22/celiac-disease-at-a-cellular-level/)

Toxic effects - less well defined, - may bind innate immune receptors, rather than MHC / TCR





Building the Database (2010-2012)

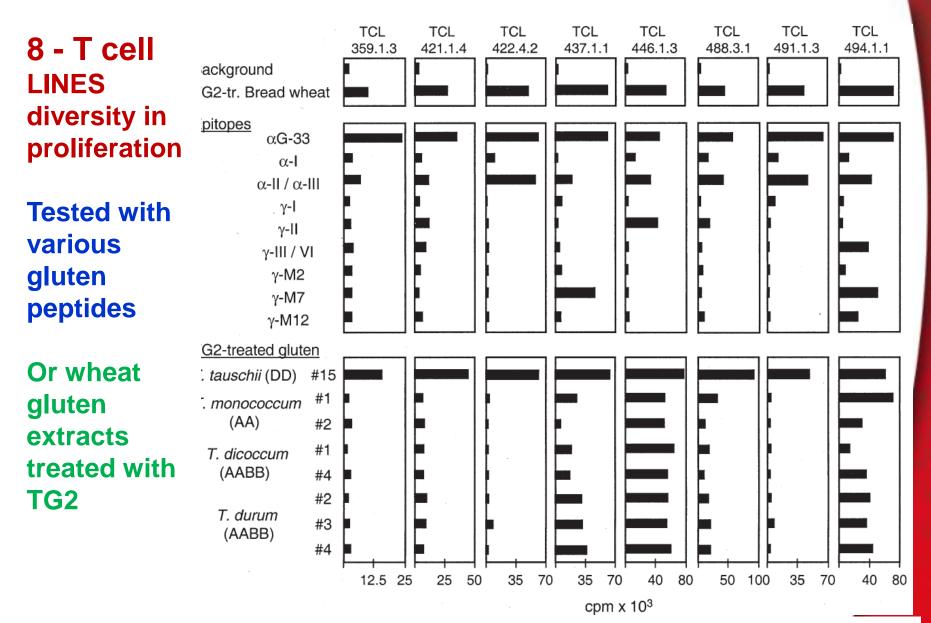
- Plaimein reviewed 53 CD research papers identified from PubMed
- Identified 1,016 peptides with CD related activity → Peptide database
 - a. 464 native & 552 deamidated peptides
 - **b.** Toxic peptides = 18
 - C. Length of peptides from 8 to 55 aa
- 3. BLAST search with each peptide against NCBI Protein database (non-redundant sequences) to identify the "parent proteins"



Method of selecting CD peptides

- Literature search for "celiac" and "coeliac" in PubMed 52 publications 1984 - 2011
- Peptides/proteins are selected based on evidence in CD patients:
 - Immunogenic: able to bind the HLA-DQ molecules & stimulate T-cell response (proliferation &/or IFNγ secretion)
 - Toxic: able to
 - Stimulate & release proinflamatory cytokine IL-15
 - Reduce brush border alkaline phosphatase activity
 - Reduce mean enterocyte surface cell height
 - Induce partial villus atrophy
 - Induce increase in intestinal permeability
 - Collected sequences:
 - 473 native peptides and 558 deamidated peptides
 - 18 peptides were toxic and not immunogenic

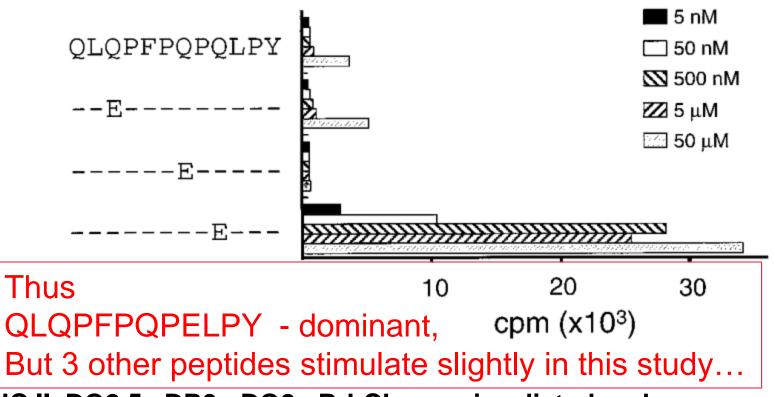




APC; DQ2 homozygous, EBV transformed B-LCL were irradiated; incubated with TCL cells and 100µg/mL TG2-treated gluten or 5µmol/L gliadin peptide epitopes

Testing specific deamidation (is rarely

done this well, but this is only 1 TCL, T cell line, not a clone)



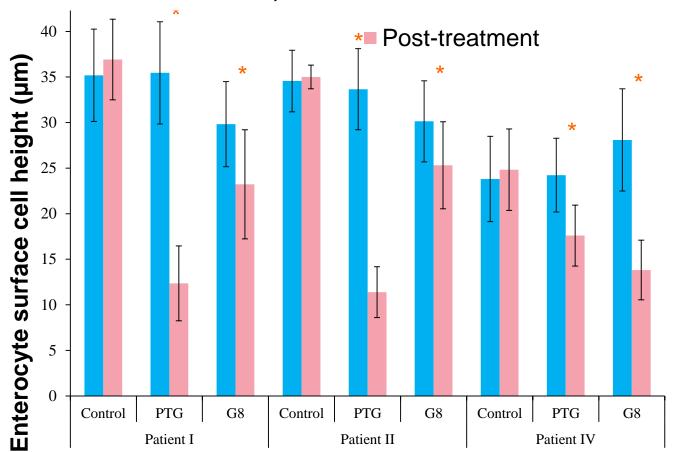
MHC II DQ2.5, DR3+ DQ2+ B-LCL were irradiated and incubated with TCL cells using native peptide or synthetic peptides to simulate specific deamidation (Q > E)



Peptide divergence test: alanine substitutions in alpha-2 gliadin peptide G4: T cell clones Ellis et al. Gut 2003, 52:212-217

Test (clone 6)	СРМ	SI	IFN-γ	IL-4
T+APC only	1053 (911)	_	31	0
PQPELPYPQPQLPY	14764 (3870)	14	232	0
PQAELPYPQPQLPY	343 (110)	<1	0	0
PQPEAPYPQPQLPY	244 (59)	<1	0	0
PQPEL A YPQPQLPY	182 (42)	<1	0	0
PQPELP A PQPQLPY	236 (25)	<1	0	0
PQPELPY A QPQLPY	211 (33)	<1	0	0
PQPELPYPAPQLPY	798 (123)	<1	31	0
PQPELPYPQ A QLPY	341 (70)	<1	0	0
PQPELPYPQP A LPY	14454 (197)	14	205	0
PQPELPYPQPQ A PY	13681 (1209)	13	225	0
Test (clone 8)	СРМ	SI	IFN-γ	IL-4
T+APC	4238 (418)	_	50	0
PQPELPYPQPQLPY	51683 (913)	12	575	130
PQPELPYPQPQL A Y	54782 (771)	13	600	nd
PQPELPYPQPQLPA	57467 (1999)	14	600	nd

Toxic effect of α-gliadin G8 peptide (LQLQPFPQPQLPYPQPQLPY) following proteolysis (pepsin and trypsin) of peptide and dosing 4 hours in vitro Enterocyte cell height of 3 CD patient biopsies Fraser et al. Gut 2003, 52: 1698-1702.





VRVPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPLVQQQQF VRVPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQ VPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPL QNPSQQQPQEQVPLVQQQ

VQQQQFPGQQQPFPPQQPYPQPQPFPSQQPY
FPGQQQPFPPQQPYPQPQPF
QPYPQPQPFPSQQPYLQL
PQPQPFPSQQPY

GI7209265 α-gliadin [*Triticum aestivum*] 290 aa

48 unique exact peptide matches

```
YLQLQPFPQPQLPYPQPQLP
YLOLOPFPOPOLPYP
LQLQPFPQPQLPYPQPQLPYPQPQPF
LQLQPFPQPQLPYPQPQLPY
LQLQPFPQPQLPY
 QLQPFPQPQLPYPQPQ
 OLOPFPOPOLPYPOP
 QLQPFPQPQLPYPQ
 QLQPFPQPQLPY
   LQPFPQPQLPYPQPQ
    QPFPQPQLPYPQ
    OPFPOPOLPY
     PFPQPQLPYPQPQLP
     PFPQPQLPYPQ
     PFPQPQLPY
       POPOLPYPOPOLPY
       PQPQLPYPQPQL
       POPOLPYPOPO
       PQPQLPYPQ
        QPQLPYPQPQLPYPQ
         PQLPYPQPQLPY
          QLPYPQPQLPYPQPQ
          QLPYPQPQLPYPQ
           LPYPQPQLPYPQ
            PYPQPQLPY
              PQLPYPQPQLPYPQPQPFRP
                  YPQPQLPYPQPQPFRP
                  YPQPQLPYPQPQPFR
                                FRPQQPYPQ
```

QQQQQILQQILQQLIPCRDVVLQQHSIAYGSSQVLQQSTYQLVQQLCCQQLWQIPEQSRCQAIHNVVHAIILHQQQQQQQQQQQQPLSQVSFQQPQQQYPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQAQGSVQPQQLPQFE

QQPQQQYPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQAQG
QQPQQQYPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQAQ
QPQQQYPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQ
QQYPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQ
YPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQ
PSGQGSFQPSQQNPQAQG
PSGQGSFQPSQQ
PSGQGSFQPSQQ
QGSFQPSQQ
GSFQPSQQ
QGSFQPSQQ
QAGGSVQPQQLPQFE

Database 68 Proteins (2010-2012)

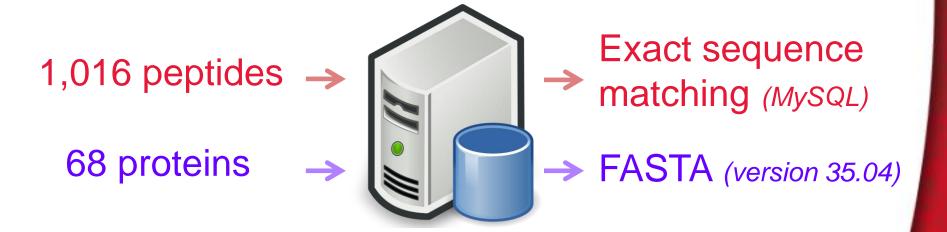
- 3. The proteins were aligned by ClustalW2 to remove redundant protein sequences
- 68 representative parent proteins →
 Protein database
- *Triticum aestivum* (43)
- *Triticum monococcum* (2)
- *Hordeum vulgare* (11)
- Hordeum vulgare subsp.vulgare (7)

- Secale cereale (6)
- Avena sativa (3)
- Avena nuda (2)
- HMW glutenin synthetic construct (1)

Short protein fragments: 20, 29, 43, 52, 54, 68, 72 aa

Full protein lengths: 150-839 aa

CD Database and search routines (2010-2012)



Plaimein Amnuaycheewa identified sequences

John Wise constructed the MYSQL database and search routines

Verified by Afua Tetteh and Rick Goodman



www.AllergenOnline.org/celiachome.shtml Browse and Search functions

-AllergenOnline Home of the farro allergen protein database

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 Celiac Disease (CD) Novel Protein Risk Assessment Tool

The Food Allergy Research & Resource Program (FARRP) in the Department of Food Science & Technology, University of Nebraska, has added a new bioinformatics tool to identify Exact Peptide matches between the amino acid sequence of a query protein and the 1,016 naturally occurring, mutated or deamidated (Gln converted to Glu by tissue transglutaminase) peptides from wheat and wheat relatives (barley, rye and two proteins from oats) that have been demonstrated to elicit celiac disease or activate MHC Class II restricted T cells of subjects with celiac disease. The basis

Celiac Tools
Browse Entries

By Peptides

By References

By Proteins
Sequence Search

Exact peptide match

s by genetically inherited specific Major ptor variants that activate T cells in mily (Pooideae) of the grass family dients or introduced into other species or those with celiac disease if they ple screening tool to identify those are sufficiently similar to CD eliciting o demonstrate safety for consumption

Full FASTA

ease database also includes a FASTA lucing proteins that are the sources of he inclusion of peptides and proteins in

Celiac Tools

Browse Entries

By Peptides

By References

By Proteins

Sequence Search

Exact peptide match

Full FASTA



Peptide Exact match alpha-gliadin Triticum spelta var. arduini GI:3928509

> alpha gliadin Triticum spelta

Your Search returned 33 results

ID	Туре	Description	Toxicity	Form	Refs	Sequence	HLADQ	SeqLen	# of Hits
1		alpha-gliadin CT-1 (p1-p22 of B 3142)	Toxic	Native	<u>41</u>	VPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPL	Unknown	22	1
3	alpha- gliadin	alpha-gliadin p14 (p1-p19)	Immunogenic	Native	<u>34</u>	VRVPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQ	DQ2	19	1
4	alpha- gliadin	alpha-gliadin p15 (p11-p28)	Immunogenic	Native	<u>34</u>	QNPSQQQPQEQVPLVQQQ	DQ2	18	1
	alpha- gliadin	alpha-gliadin p62 (p61-p58)	Immunogenic	Native	<u>34</u>	QPYPQPGPFPSQQPYLQL	DQ2	18	1
7	alpha-	alpha-gliadin (p44-p55)	Immunogenic,	Native	10	PQPQPFPSQQPY	HLA-DR	12	1

160		DQ2-Glia-alpha1 epitope (p58-p72; S69)	Immunogenic	Native	<u>59</u>	LQPFPQPQLPYSQPQ	DQ2	15	1
164	alpha- gliadin	Wheat peptide W08	Immunogenic	Native	<u>62</u>	QPFPQPQLPYSQ	DQ2	12	1
166	alpha- gliadin	Glia-alpha	Immunogenic	Native	<u>59</u>	PFPQPQLPYSQ	DQ2	11	1
168	alpha- gliadin	alpha-gliadin (p202-p220)	Toxic	Native	11	QQYPLGQGSFRPSQQNPQA	DQ2	19	1

VPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPL VPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPL

VRVPVPQLQPQNP3QQQPQ QNP3QQQPQEQVPLVQQQ

QPYPQPQPFPSQQPYLQL PQPQPFPSQQPY

LQLQPFPQPQLPY
QLQPFPQPQLPY
LQPFPQPQLPY
QPFPQPQLPY
PFPOPOLPY

FRPQQPYPQ



AllergenOnline Celiac Search Results

Celiac only

fasta35.exe -q -H -B -m 9i -w 100 -E 10 -d 20 C:\Windows\Temp\celCA6B.tmp fasta/celiac.fasta <u>User Query #1</u> > alpha gliadin Triticum spelta

Search FASTA with alpha gliadin from *Triticum spelta*

Top of page

Library

User Query #1

```
> alpha gliadin Triticum spelta
mktflilall aivattatta vrvpvpqlqp qnpsqqpqe qvplvqqqqf lgqqqpfppq qpypqpqpfp sqqpylqlqp fpqpqlpysq pqpfrpqqpy pqpqpqysqp qqpisqqqqq qqqqqqqqq qqqqqilqqi lqqqlipcmd vvlqqhni
cqaihkvvha iilhqqqkqq qqpssqvsfq qplqqyplgq gsfrpsqqnp qaqgsvqpqq lpqfeeirnl alqtlpamcn vyippyctit pfgifgtn

# fasta35.exe -q -H -B -m 9i -w 100 -E 10 -d 20 C:\Windows\Temp\celCA6B.tmp fasta/celiac.fasta

FASTA searches a protein or DNA sequence data bank
version 35.04 Jan. 15, 2009

Please cite:
```

Query: C:\Windows\Temp\celCA6B.tmp

W.R. Pearson & D.J. Lipman PNAS (1988) 85:2444-2448

Algorithm: FASTA (3.5 Sept 2006) [optimized]
Parameters: BL50 matrix (15:-5) ktup: 2

join: 36, opt: 24, open/ext: -10/-2, width: 16

Scan time: 1.000

The best scores are:

gi|7209247|emb|CAB76955
gi|7209263|emb|CAB76963
gi|7209257|emb|CAB76960
gi|147883560|gb|ABQ5212:
gi|7209261|emb|CAB76962

```
>>gi|7209247|emb|CAB76955.1| alpha-gliadin [Triticum aestivum]
                                                                                 (274 aa)
initn: 1208 init1: 1208 opt: 1892  Z-score: 1441.6 bits: 274.6 E(): 1.2e-076
Smith-Waterman score: 1892; 97.4% identity (98.5% similar) in 271 aa overlap (21-288:2-272)
                    20
            10
                                                                                      100
     MKTFLILALLAIVATTATTAVRVPVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPLVQQQQFLGQQQPFPPQQPYPQPQPFPSQQPYLQLQPFPQPQLPYSQPQPFRPQQPY
ai1720
                     MVRVTVPQLQPQNPSQQQPQEQVPLVQQQQFLGQQQPFPPQQPYPQPQPFPSQQPYLQLQPFPQPQLPYSQPQFFRPQQPY
                            10
           110
                   120
                            130
                                      140
                                               150
                                                       160
                                                               170
                                                                                190
     PQPQPQYSQPQQPISQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQ---ILQQILQQQLIPCMDVVLQQHNIAHGRSQVLQQSTYQLLQELCCQHLWQIPEQSQCQAIHKV
90
                  100
                                                                    160
                                                                             170
                                      240
                                               250
                      220
                              230
                                                       260
                                                               270
     VHAIILHQQQKQQQPSSQVSFQQPLQQYPLGQGSFRPSQQNPQAQGSVQPQQLPQFEEIRNLALQTLPAMCNVYIPPYCTITPFGIFGTN
     qi|720 VHAIILHOOOKOOOOPSSOVSFOOPLOOYPLGOGSFRPSOONPOAOGSVOPOOLPOFEEIRNLALOTLPAMCNVYIPPYCTIAPFGIFGTNYR
                   200
                                                            250
>>gi|7209263|emb|CAB76963.1| alpha-gliadin [Triticum aestivum]
                                                                                 (269 aa)
```

Why do a FASTA? Why not just exact match?

- Either Natural or artificial mutations could lead to proteins with no exact match, but that pose high risk.
- Example, modified alpha gliadin (next slide)
- Would such a protein be safe?
- FASTA may prove a good backup for exact match....BUT WE NEEDED to establish CRITERIA and LIMITS



MODIFIED α-gliadin [*Triticum* aestivum] alanine substitutions for glutamine

```
>>gi|7209265|emb|CAB76964.1| alpha-gliadin [Triticum aestivum]
                                                                                                        (290 aa)
 initn: 1996 init1: 1996 opt: 1996 Z-score: 1360.4 bits: 259.7 E(): 3.7e-072
Smith-Waterman score: 1996; 95.5% identity (95.5% similar) in 290 aa overlap (1-290:1-290)
                10
                                                                                                              100
modifi MVRVPVPOLOPONPSOAOPOEOVPLVOOOOFPGOOAPFPPOOPYPOPOPFPSAOPYLOLOPFPAPOLPYPOPALPYPOPALPYPOPOFRPAOPYPOSOP
ai|720 MVRVPVPQLQPQNPSQ<mark>Q</mark>QPQEQVPLVQQQQFPGQQ<mark>Q</mark>PFPPQQPYPQPQPFPS<mark>Q</mark>QPYLQLQPFP<mark>Q</mark>PYPQP<mark>Q</mark>LPYPQP<mark>Q</mark>LPYPQPQPFRP<mark>Q</mark>QPYPQSQP
              110
                                              140
                                                         150
                                                                    160
                                                                              170
                                    130
                                                                                         180
                                                                                                               200
modifi QYSQPQQPISQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQILQQILQQALIPCRDVVLQQHSIAYGSSQVLQQSTYQLVQQLCCQQLWQIPEQSRCQAIHNVVHAIILH
110
                                                         150
               210
                                    230
                                                         250
                                                                    260
                                                                              270
modifi QQQQQQ<mark>A</mark>QQQQPLSQVSFQQPQQQYPSG<mark>A</mark>GSFQPSQ<mark>A</mark>NPQAQGSV<mark>A</mark>PQQLPQFEEIRNLALETLPAMCNVYIPP<mark>A</mark>CTIAPVGIFGTNYR
qi|720 QQQQQQQQQQDLSQVSFQQPQQQYPSGQGSFQPSQQNPQAQGSVQPQQLPQFEEIRNLALETLPAMCNVYIPPYCTIAPVGIFGTNYR
               210
                         220
                                    230
                                              240
                                                                    260
                                                                                         280
                                                                                                    290
```

Theoretical 13 alanine substitutions in CD inducing peptide

E score = 3.7E-072, 95.5 % id over full length overlap

No exact peptide matches, if exact match, no risk..?
WOULD THIS PROTEIN POSE A RISK?

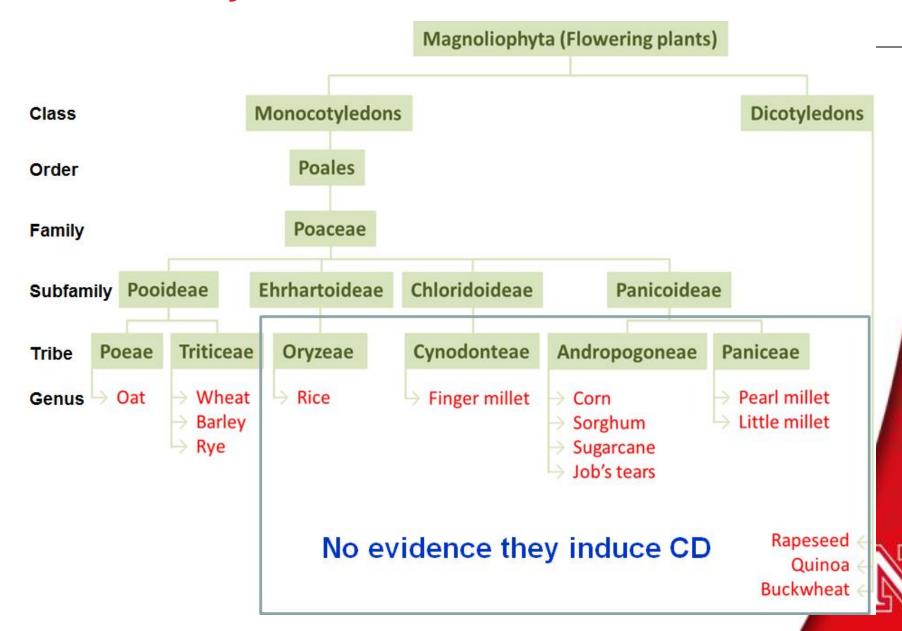


Tests of Allergenonline.org Celiac Database

With proteins from Pooideae and other taxonomic groups



Taxonomy of Plants: CD database test



Tests for Exact peptide matches using randomly selected NCBI "gluten-like" proteins from taxonomic groups

- Proteins in Pooideae
 - 2,666 from NCBI tested
 - 2,104 exact matches to CD peptide
- Proteins from other monocots (non-Pooidea)
 - 1,059 from NCBI tested
 - 0 exact matches
- Proteins from dicotyledons
 - 1,050 from NCBI tested
 - 0 exact matches



Testing Efficiency of Protein Screening

- 1. Tested proteins from sources with evidence of CD
- 2. Tested proteins from sources without evidence of CD

2.1 Representative proteins from the NCBI database keyword inclusion by protein, exclusion by taxonomic group homologous

proteins

p	
Pooideae monocots	Non-Pooideae monocots
History of CD	History of Safe Use
Gluten	Zein
Prolamin	Kafirin
Glutelin	Coixin
Gliadin	Canein
Glutenin	Pennisetin
Hordein	Oryzin
Secalin	Oryzenin
Avenin	

2.2 Tested by BLASTP vs. NCBI with peptides in our CD NO matches of 1,016 peptides in non-Pooideae monocots



Exact peptide Sequence Match Testing

	Group	Number of Protein	Contain exact CD peptides	
T	Prolamins in Pooideae	2,104	Yes	
1	Prolamins in Pooideae	562	No	
II	Prolamins & prolamin-like proteins in other Monocots	1,059	No	
III	Prolamin-like proteins in Dicots	1,050	No	
IV	Unrelated proteins	48	No	



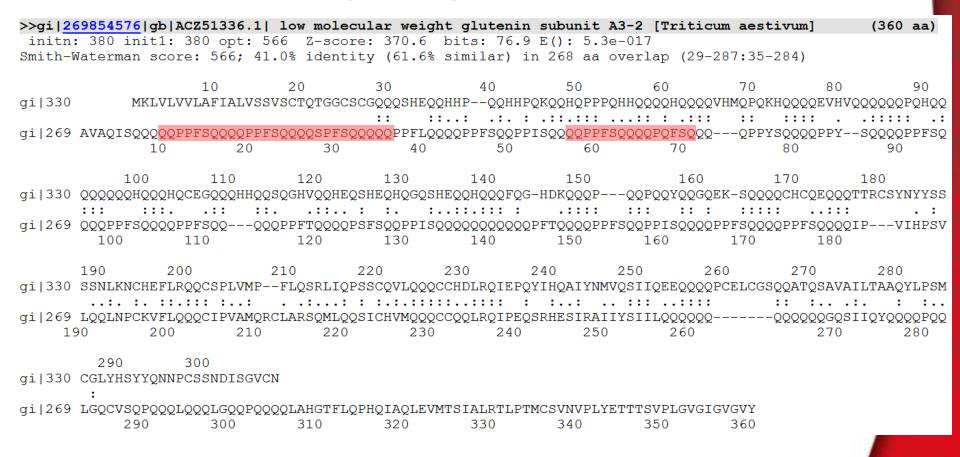
Examples of additional testing by exact match and FASTA unrelated proteins

- Some non-Pooideae query proteins were found to have "FASTA" alignments with the 68 CD proteins, but were NOT significant
- Short protein segment alignments of 20 to 29 aa
 - Yielded high percent identities & moderate to low E scores
 - NO epitope alignments



Group II – FASTA GI:330732090 unnamed protein [Zea mays]

41% identity over 268 AA, 5.3e-17 NO EXACT matches







Group IV – FASTA with GI:281206089 hypothetical protein PPL_07106 [Polysphondylium pallidum; slime mold] 41% identical in 437 AA alignment, E score 0.8 e-21 NO EXACT PEPTIDE MATCH

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(439 aa)
initn: 974 init1: 504 opt: 722 Z-score: 438.5 bits: 91.4 E(): 8.8e-021 Smith-Waterman score: 795; 41.2% identity (56.1% similar) in 437 aa overlap (49-462:31-438)	
10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 gi 281 MEDWRVTIKDFERQELVQRLMHLLKHEKDDGNLFERANNLEKKIFDMKHDSQRQQQQQQPQPMQAQQPQQQQTLQQQQPMQQQQPM	
gi 739	
100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 gi 281 QQPIQQQQQQQPMQQQQQPMQQQQPMQQQQFQTQQQPNGHMNMQQQPMQQQQQQPQQQPNGHMNIQQQQQQPHPPNLKQQPQMQQ ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	: . :
200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 gi 281 NQYNQNMLPQQQ-IQNTNFNPQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQPVPVGNAGAATVTTQS-PHLFNGPAGQSQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQ	: : ::
300 310 320 330 340 350 360 370 gi 281 PGQQGQPHTQPQPQQQISIAILNKLATTNPQLQQLLALYQQKSMRNNEIDKNPAFQSESEQLKSEMQGIYIQIHQTAKQQIIAQ ::.::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	::: ::
390 400 410 420 430 440 450 460 47 gi 281 AQGQQQQQQQQQHPNQQPQQQLQTQPNQQSTMNMQQHPQQQ-PLPSANMPPLPTGKIAAKQQATQPNNTIPNAGVIGGAAVQPPR ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::	70 ALNRGNQPP

Group III – FASTA dicot protein homologue No exact match, showing alignment Secalin GI: 212

gi297849394 Predicted prolamin-like protein (Arabidopsis lyrata subsp. Lyrata - 119 aa)

```
>>qi|21202|emb|CAA42836.1| Sec1 precursor [Secale cereale]
                                                                                             (357 aa)
 initn: 226 init1: 87 opt: 87 Z-score: 79.7 bits: 21.7 E(): 0.85
Smith-Waterman score: 87; 63.2% identity (68.4% similar) in 19 aa overlap (25-43:64-82)
                                          10
qi | 297
                                 MSLKNVLLLLVVVCVVVSTNAOLLPOFPFPFPFPFPFPFPFPTPGMPGLPDITKCWSSVMNIPGCITEISOA
gi|212 SIITTARQLNPSEQELQSPQQPVPKEQSYPQQPYPSHQPFPTPQQYSPYQPQQPFPQPQQPTPIQPQQPFPQRPQQPFPQPQQLPLQPQQ
                      30
                                                    QYSPYQPQQPFPQPQQPTPI
            20
                                                     YSPYQPQQPFPQ
                                                            QPFPQPQQPTPI
                                                                     PTPIQPQQPFPQRPQQPFPQ
                                                                     PTPIQPQQPFPQ
                                                                      TPIOPOOPFPO
                                                                             PFPQRPQQPFPQ
                                                                                    QPFPQPQQQLPL
```

Arabidopsis (mustard) alignment with rye Sec 1 precursor does NOT have exact matches to the 8 CD inducing peptides

Group IV – FASTA with unrelated protein yeast 516 AA showing region of epitopes in Avenin (GI: 2119756)

Yeast RNA binding protein FASTA alignment with 68% ID and E=0.77 over 22 AA alignment with Avenin γ3 adjacent to, but does not have exact matches with the 5 overlapping CD inducing peptides



Group IV – Unrelated Protein (bacteria) 310 AA alignment with LMW gamma gliadin GI:78059081

```
gi383763679 EamA-like transporter family (Caldilinea aerophila DSM 14535 = NBRC 104270] - 310 aa)

>>gi|78059081|gb|ABB17941.1| gamma-gliadin/LMW-glutenin chimera Ch7 precursor [Triticum aestivum (156 aa) initn: 50 init1: 50 opt: 54 Z-score: 87.1 bits: 23.3 E(): 0.33

Smith-Waterman score: 54; 77.8% identity (88.9% similar) in 9 aa overlap (154-162:3-11)

gi|383 GVYLLVGPSGQVNWFGVGLALLATFLFSLQMALTQWTLAPYPTRTVAFYVTAW

:::::::

gi|780 IQVDPSGQVQWPQQQQPFFQPQQQFFSQQPQQIFPQPQQTFPHQPQQQFPQ

QVDPSGQVQWPQ

PQQQQPFPQPQQPFSQQPQQ

QPFPQPQQPFSQ

PFPQPQQPF
```

Bacterial protein alignments with 77% ID, E=0.33m over 9 AA overlap to γ-gliadin/LMW-glutenin clearly no exact match to the 4 CD inducing peptides



Group IV – Unrelated Protein (Chlamydomonas sp. 8188 AA alignment with Secalin GI:169

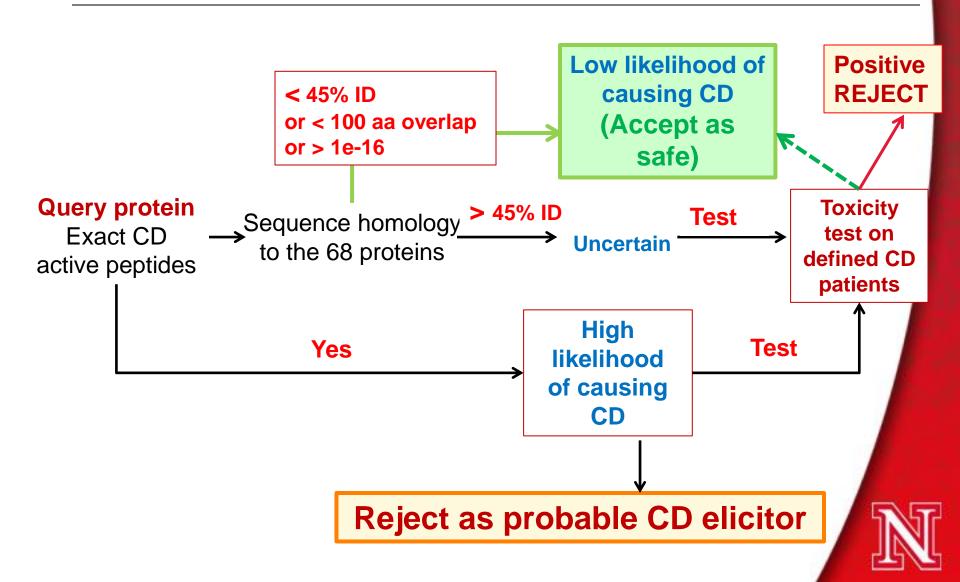
gi159480530 Green algae hypothetical CHLREDRA187642 (Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - 8188 aa)

```
>>gi|1699227|gb|AAB37405.1| gamma-35 secalin isoform P9-1 initn: 67 init1: 67 opt: 67 Z-score: 72.1 E(): 2.2 Smith-Waterman score: 67; 100.0% identity in 8 aa overlap 7630 7640 7650 7660 7670 gi|159 PLTLQCFTPCPAVMWPQEWPQQQPLIYNLSDITASKTIRLKVFN ::::::::
gi|169 NMQVGPSGQVEWPQQQPLPQ NMQVGPSGQVEWPQQQPLPQ QVGPSGQVEWPQQQPLPQ QVGPSGQVEWPQQQPLPQ
```

Algae protein alignment with 100% ID, E = 2.2 to 8 AA segment of γ-35 secalin but clearly no exact-match to the 2 CD inducing peptides



Predicting the likelihood of a query protein to cause CD using AllergenOnline.org Celiac DB



GM proteins from Pooideae that pass the bioinformatics evaluation and are transferred to a non-Pooideae crop should be as safe as these

- Rice
- Maize (corn)
- Sorghum (Jowar)
- Millet (Bajra)
- Amaranth
- Arrowroot
- Buckwheat
- Flax
- Oats (if pure), although some varieties??

- Potato
- Quinoa
- Tapioca
- Flours from nuts and beans





Acknowledgements

- Goodman lab
 - Plaimein Amnuaycheewa
 - John Wise
 - Afua Tetteh
- Allergenonline experts
 - Steve Taylor (FARRP)
 - Joe Baumert (FARRP)
 - Barbara Bohle
 - Fatima Ferreira

- Authors of many CD papers
- Comments from
 - Bana Jabri Chicago
 - Frits Koenig Leiden
- Database sponsors
 - BASF
 - Bayer
 - Dow
 - Monsanto
 - Pioneer / DuPont
 - Syngenta
 - KWS Seeds
 - LimaGrain

