

# EFSA Guidance on the Submission of a Dossier on Food Enzymes for Safety Evaluation: Technical data

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## 2009 Guidance document by the CEF Panel





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#### SCIENTIFIC OPINION

Guidance of the Scientific Panel of Food Contact Material, Enzymes, Flavourings and Processing Aids (CEF) on the Submission of a Dossier on Food Enzymes for Safety Evaluation by the Scientific Panel of Food Contact Material, Enzymes, Flavourings and Processing Aids <sup>1</sup>

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http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/efsajournal/pub/1305.htm



#### Identity of the Food Enzyme

- 1. Name(s), Synonyms, Abbreviations and Classification(s)
- Common Name(s) and/or Trade Name(s) (if applicable)
- □ Enzyme Classification Number of Enzyme Commission of the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (IUBMB) (if applicable)
- Chemical Name(s) (if applicable)
- Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) Registry Number (if available)
- □ European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Number (EINECS) or European List of Notified Chemical Substances Number (ELINCS) (if available)



#### Identity of the Food Enzyme

#### 2. Chemical Composition

- Molecular mass and subunit structure; and amino acid sequence (if available)
- Chemical description including chemical purity and identity
- ☐ Information if modified by post translational or technological procedures
- □ Information if protein engineered, rational and nature of the modification
- Data on the batch-to-batch variability for the relevant parameters
- Data on the reproducibility for relevant parameters
- Any other useful information such as Total Organic Solids (TOS)



#### Identity of the Food Enzyme

3. Proposed Chemical and Microbiological Specification

The proposed specifications should be submitted in a format modelled on recent EU or other internationally accepted specifications.



#### Identity of the Food Enzyme

- 4. Properties of the Food Enzyme
- Information on the principal enzymatic activity
- □The activity of the food enzyme under the conditions of the intended use and the influence of reaction conditions
- Any subsidiary/side activities
- Data on food enzyme stability



- 1. Production from animal sources
- Which animal tissue and information on previous consumption and if documented history of safe use
- □Compliance with meat inspection requirements and handling in accordance with good hygienic practice
- Methods used to ensure absence of any risk of infectivity
- □Data on non-infectivity based on the classification of the tissues in terms of their infectious titre in natural diseases



- 2. Production from plant and basidiomycete sources
- □The part(s) of the plant or basidiomycete fruiting bodies/mycelia used
- □Information on previous consumption and if documented history of safe use
- Methods used to ensure absence of any risk
- □ If a genetically modified plant or fungus is used, information on the organism in accordance with the GMO guidance document





- 3. Production from microbial sources
  - Information about the strain used for food enzyme production
  - For GMM, the presence of any factor(s) affecting the genetic stability of the producer strain
  - Monitoring of production strain
  - Production strain pathogenicity, toxigenicity and antimicrobial resistance



- 4. Manufacturing Process
- □ Description of key steps involved in the production process
- ■Description of operational limits including process controls and quality assurance procedures
- ☐ If used, information on the immobilisation procedure
- Other relevant information (i.e. nanotechnology?)



#### Reaction and Fate in Food

- □ Fate of the food enzyme during food processing
- Behaviour of the food enzyme in the food matrix
- □ If needed, demonstrate the inactivation of both the principal and subsidiary/side enzymatic activities in the final food
- ☐ Information on possible adverse effects on nutrients
- □Data on any possible effects on existing micro-organisms in food



#### Case of Need and proposed Conditions of Use

- ☐ The technological need/purpose and intended use
- The mode of action and reactions catalysed
- □ The type of foodstuffs to be added to specific foods
- The amount of food enzymes to be added
- The conditions of its use in food processing



#### **Dietary Exposure**

- □Potential human exposure to the food enzyme and to any other constituent or by-product of concern
- □ A conservative technique such as the "budget method" should be used to assess potential dietary exposure in a standard adult of 60 kg bw. If needed, it should be adapted to consider the potential higher consumption in children.
- □If food enzyme is proposed for products specifically designed for infants (0-12 months) or young children (12-36 months), ad hoc conservative exposure estimates must be produced.



### Existing authorisations and evaluations by other official bodies

□National authorities within the EU, i.e. French, Danish,...