

Changing context for Environmental Risk Assessment

Research

Related JRC thoughts and activities

Aude Kienzler, Stephanie Bopp, Joachim Maes EFSA Advisory Forum, 2 April 2020

Setting the scene: pressures & impacts

• Chemicals - *Single vs Multiple chemicals*

- Habitat *Connectivity, loss,* Food - *limitation, web interactions*

- Level of organisation *individuals* / populations / ecosystems

Toxicological effects

• Temporal & spatial

variation

- Structural and functional changes
- Biodiversity

• Susceptibility to parasites, diseases...



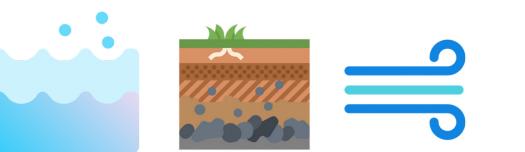


Setting the scene: sectorial legal framework

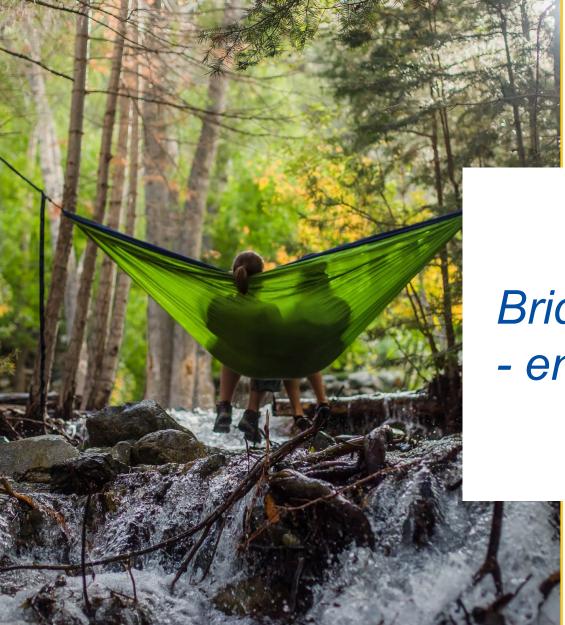
Prospective assessment



Retrospective media related assessment





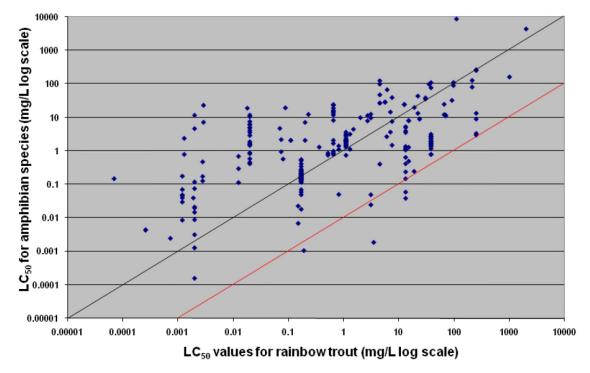


Bridging the human health - environment divide



Breaking down the silos: human vs environment

• ERA: we use representative species and safety factors to protect a large variety of species



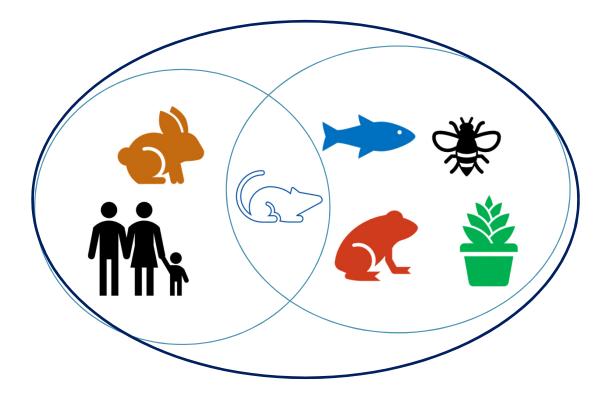


... Species sensitivity



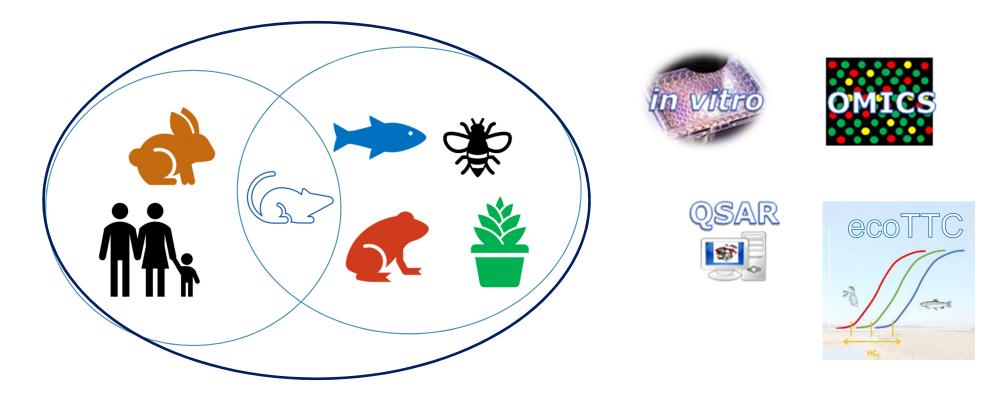
EFSA PPR Panel, 2013. EFSA Journal 2013;11(7):3290, 268 pp. doi:10.2903/j.efsa.2013.3290.

Move from the apical space to the mechanistic space





Move from the apical space to the mechanistic space





Maximise the use of existing data: ecoTTC

EnviroTox Database & Tools



Database of ~91K curated aquatic toxicity records; ~3,9K substances



User-friendly database filtering interface



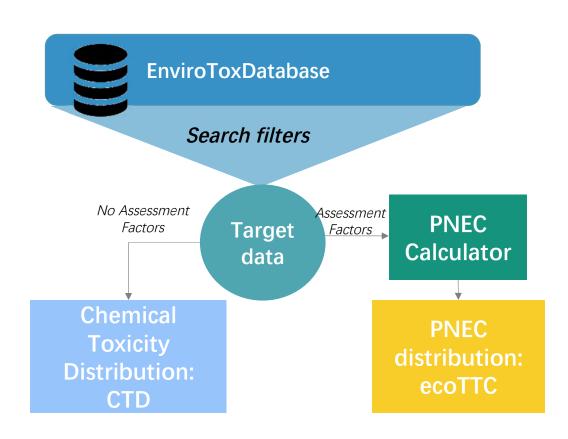
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Freely available analysis tools:

- **PNEC calculator** (US & Europe)
- PNEC distribution tool (ecoTTC*)
- Chemical Toxicity Distribution (CTD) tool

www.EnviroToxDatabase.org Connors et al., 2019 ET&C 38(5): 1062–1073

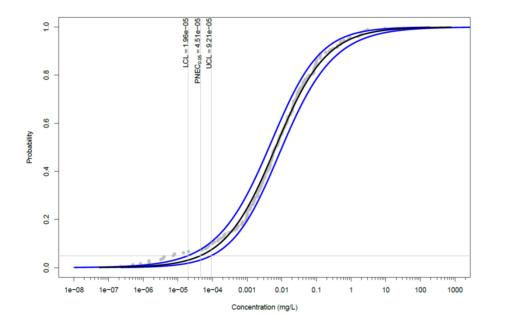
* 5th percentile value of PNECs' distribution

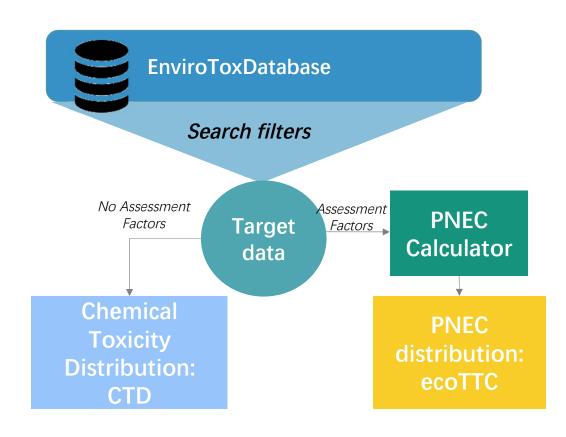




Maximise the use of existing data: ecoTTC

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www.EnviroToxDatabase.org Connors et al., 2019 ET&C 38(5): 1062–1073



* 5th percentile value of PNECs' distribution



Molecular targets Evolutionary/ functional conservation

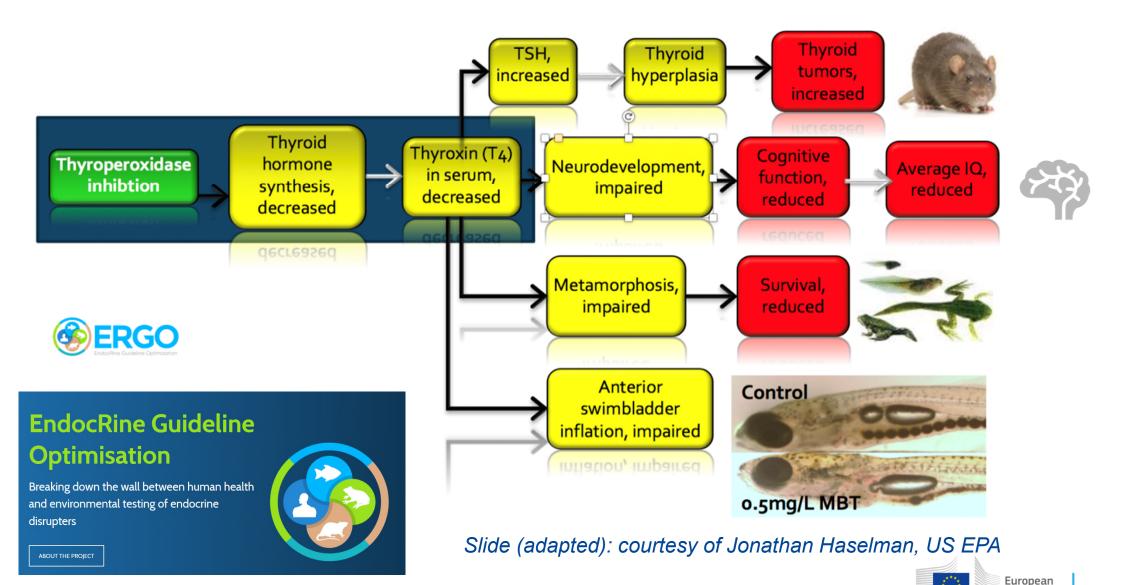
Pathways

Pathway based comparisons

Example in the new guidance for identifying EDs; *EFSA/ECHA 2018*

"However, it should be highlighted that **there may be data available on non-target organisms relevant for the assessment of the ED properties with regard to humans**. Furthermore, because of the high level of **conservation of the endocrine system** across taxonomic groups, the mammalian data may also be relevant for other vertebrates (...) "





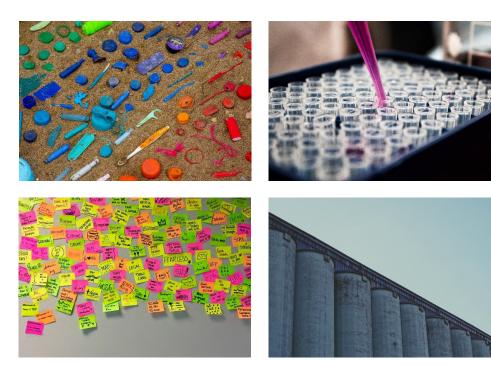
Commission



Combined exposure to multiple chemicals

Mixture Environmental Risk Assessment and Management – current obstacles

Limited understanding of real co-exposure



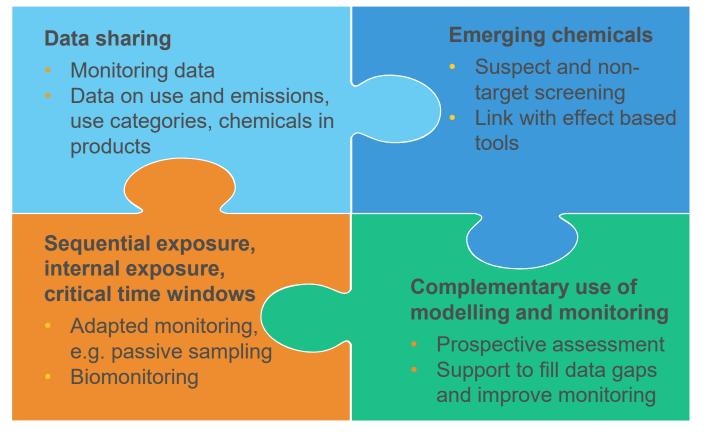
Limitation in testing real combinations, understanding interactions

How to regulate combined exposure across chemical sectors?



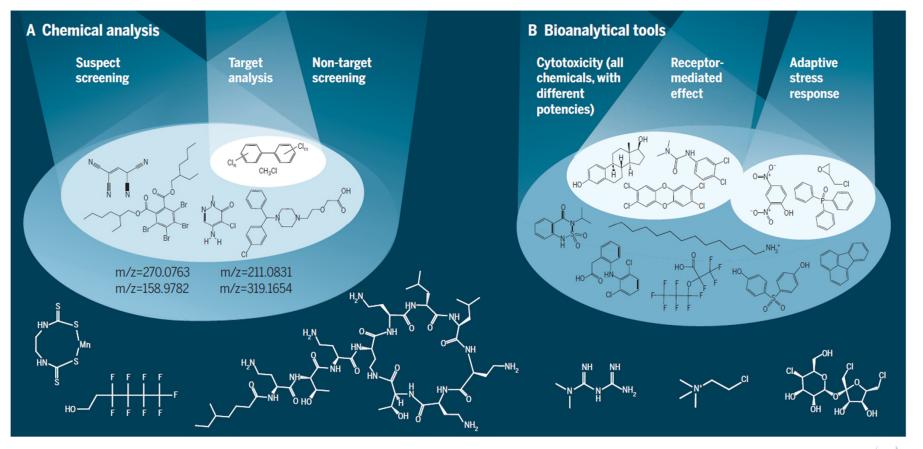
Need to prioritise mixtures of greatest concern

Improving our understanding of combined exposure





What can we see with chemical and bioanalytical analysis? (Figure 2 from Escher et al. 2020, Science 367, 388–392)



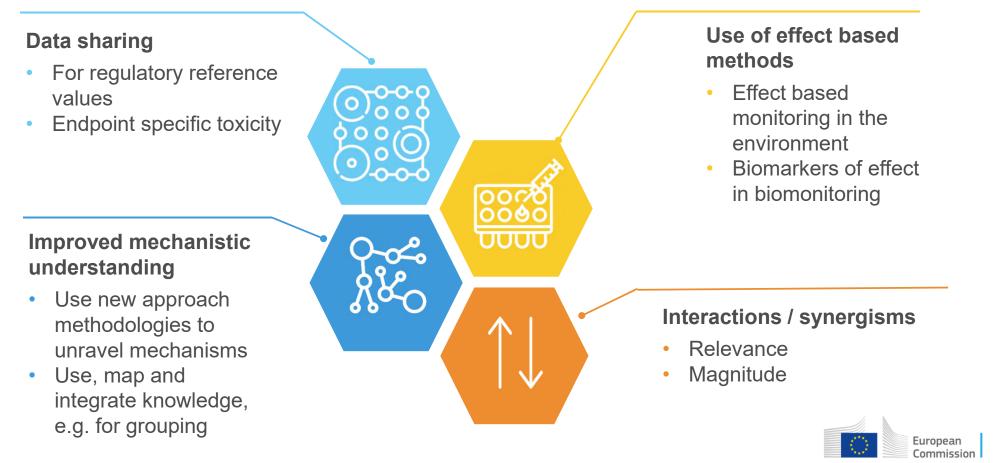


European Commission

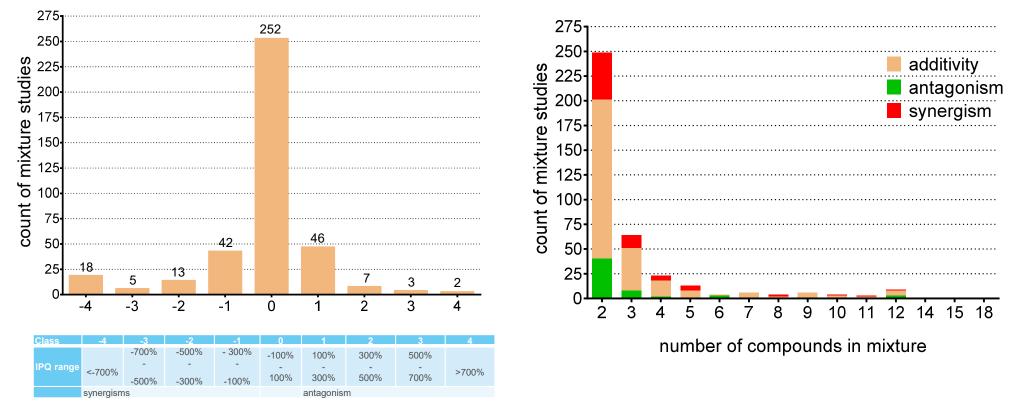
Information Platform for Chemical Monitoring IPCHEM



Improving our understanding of combined effects



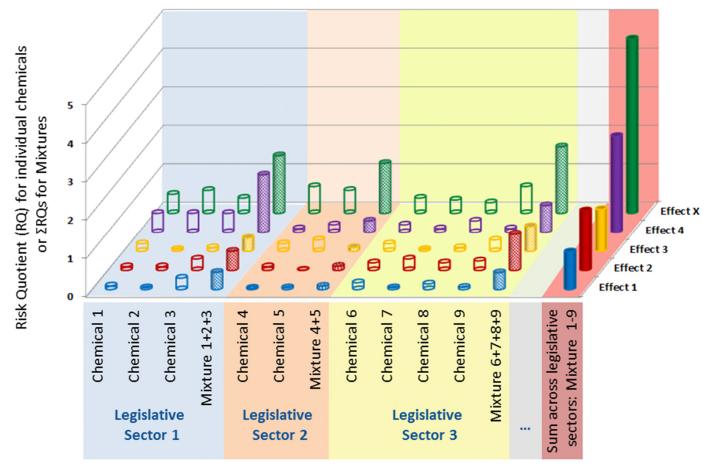
Do we need to worry about interactions?



Olwenn Martin et al. 2019: Systematic Review of Ten Years of Research on Interactions in Chemical Mixtures of Environmental Pollutants - Final Report Service Contract CCR.F.933992.X0



Regulation of combined exposure across regulatory sectors

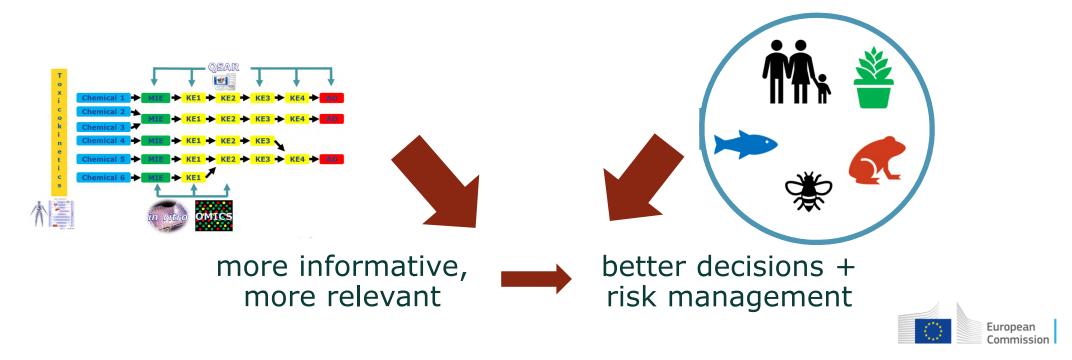




Conclusions (eco)toxicological perspective

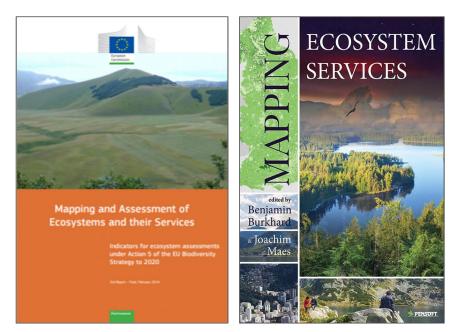
Integrated frameworks: consider all the information

(toxicity, cross-endpoint, cross-species, mechanistic info, biokinetics, multiple chemicals, other stressors, exposure...)



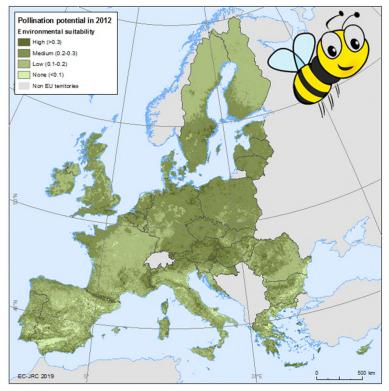
JRC's research on ecosystem services

- Benefits of ecosystems to the people and the economy (examples: crop pollination, nature-based recreation, provision of clean air and water, soil retention, carbon sequestration, ...)
- Legal basis: EU Biodiversity Strategy: Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services: standard, indicators and methods for mapping ecosystem services

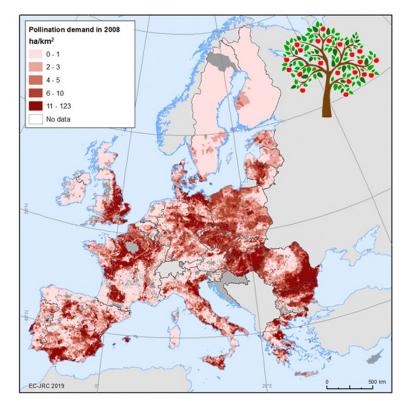




Example - crop pollination: insects that pollinate fruits and vegetable crops



JRC Model (ESTIMAP) maps the habitat suitability of the landscape for pollinating insects



Distribution of crops that are dependent on pollinating insects



Application for risk assessment

- The value of pollination by wild insects is estimated at €10 billion annually.
- Data sets available on JRC data catalogue (MAES)
- Risk assessment of chemicals not yet integrated in the ecosystem services mapping approach
- DG SANTE: project on EFSA methodology to assess the impact of plant protection products on ecosystem services. JRC gives advise.



Thank you

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