

## Annual Activity Report 2008

## EFSA's Achievements 2008



- 1. CORE BUSINESS
- 2. COOPERATION
- 3. CREDIBILITY
- 4. CAPACITY

## 1. CORE BUSINESS



#### Workload:

- 2007: 1 mandate per working day
- 2008: 2 mandates per working day

### Scientific Outputs:

- 490
- doubled compared with 2007
- Reduction of backlog: 1/3

### Communication

- media coverage: +62%
- Web visits: +43%
- publications: +9%
- Eurobarometer on public perception: postponed until 2010

### 2. COOPERATION



- Scientific Committee & Advisory Forum
- Member States: Grants 2008: 3,4 M €; 2007: 2,4M€
  - Focal Points
  - Advisory Forum: cooperation with SC via
  - **ESCO WGs**
  - Scientific Cooperation & Assistance Directorate
- **Risk managers:** Commission, Member States

- EU agencies/organisations: ECDC, EMEA,JRC (MOUs)
- International activities: Strategic approach on agenda for today

## 3. CREDIBILITY



- Independence
  - Policy on DOIs adopted by MB
  - Implementation of policy/IT tool
- Quality
  - Self-assessment
  - Internal review
- Emergency manual

## 4. CAPACITY



- **STAFF** = 395
  - 96% Establishment Plan vs. 91% in 2007
  - Human Resources policies
  - Staff survey (annual)
- **EXPERTS** = 1200 (SC, Panels, WGs, Taskforces...) expert survey (annual)

  New Panels: ANS, CEF
- **BUDGET** = 97% execution 91% in 2007
- Buildings
- New IT tools and automated processes

## Highlights for risk assessment I



- Opinions on nutritional profiles and first opinions on health claims were adopted
- Risk-benefit assessment of nitrate in vegetables was published
- Fish welfare opinions were adopted
- EFSA provided scientific advice for the implementation of BSE/TSE roadmap
- Bisphenol A: EFSA reviewed latest data on human toxicokinetics
- Food additives and hyperactivity: EFSA evaluated the "Southampton study"

## Highlights for risk assessment II



- Guidance Document on risk assessment for birds and mammals was issued by PPR Panel
- Technical Guidance Documents for feed additive applications were adopted
- Scientific evaluations were adopted on 30 pest risk assessments
- Fast-track advice was issued on:
  - contaminated sunflower oil
  - melamine contamination
  - dioxins in Irish pigmeat

## Increased support to the panels



- Initiatives taken:
  - Staff increased especially for units working on applications
  - More outsourcing (€2.3 m in 2008 vs. €1.6 m in 2007 activity 1)
  - Increased support form the SCA, especially in the area of data collection and statistics
  - increasing of tele/web-conferences
- AFC Panel was replaced by ANS and CEF Panels
- Monitoring and planning tools were developed to support the prioritization and reprioritization

## Highlights of SC in 2008



- Opinion on implications of animal cloning for food safety, animal health and welfare, and the environment
- Public consultation of draft opinion on the need for specific RA approaches of applications of nanotechnologies
- Public consultation of draft opinion on Transparency in Risk Assessment (Scientific Aspects)
- Advice: management plan, strategic plan, ESCO

## Highlight of AF in 2008



- **Emerging issues**: salmonella U292, anisakidae in fishery products, melamine
- **Special topics**: animal cloning, QRA of STEC in minced meat, BSE risk, campylobacter, RA of chemical mixtures, endocrine disruptors, expert database, data collection approaches, exchanging information (Extranet/IEP), emerging risks, dietary reference values, folic acid, health claims, PPR guidance, pesticide peer review, increasing awareness of EFSA's scientific work, nanotechnology, acrylamide, aspartame, botanicals, nitrate, ensuring transparency and scientific quality in RA
- Special AF meetings: animal health and welfare, plant health

## Highlight of SCA activities in 2008



- Implementation of the Data Collection Strategy, including
  - Agreements on Food Databases with MSs
  - Pesticide Residue
  - Zoonoses Reports
- Implementation and interim evaluation of the Strategy on Cooperation with MSs including set-up of
  - Expert Database
  - Focal Points
  - Information Exchange Platform

## Highlight of SCA activities in 2008



- Completion of the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> stage pesticide peer review, and launch of the Pesticide Steering Committee
- Strengthening of data analysis activities
  - Data management
  - Exposure assessment
  - Data modelling
  - Other methodological support
- Strengthening work processes
  - Framework contract
  - Tracking work processes
- Establishment of Emerging Risk activities

### **Press activities in 2008**

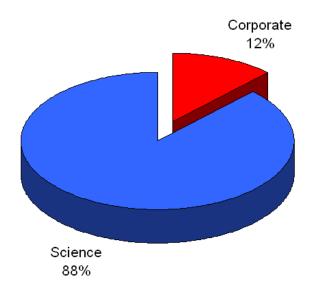


### Strong increase focused on Science

- **30** PRESS RELEASES
- 39 WEB NEWS STORIES
- 3 PRESS BRIEFINGS attended by 60 journalists in total
- 20% of scientific opinions supported by communications activities

Over 11,650 articles in total ⇒

#### Scientific Panels vs. Corporate Split



+ 62% vs. 2007

### **EFSA Website in 2008**



#### Workflow for scientific opinions

The workflow for scientific opinions runs from the moment EFSA receives a request for scientific advice or initiates its own activity to the moment it publishes and communicates its scientific findings

#### Receipt of request

EFSA's advice informs the policies of risk managers - so EFSA carries out much of its work in response to requests from the European Commission, European Parliament and EU Member States, as well as initiating its own scientific activities.

Read more

#### Assessment

EFSA's main task is to carry out scientific risk assessments. The evaluation stage is the main part of the risk assessment workflow. It is carried out by scientific experts tasked to deliver opinions on specific issues.

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#### Adoption and Communication

Risk communication is part of EFSA's mandate. EFSA makes all of its scientific advice publicly available through its website and seeks to raise awareness and explain its findings to all interested parties.

Read more





Assessment



Adoption and Communication

 Key Topics Animal Health

Home

#### Animal Health



Animal health is a key part of EFSA's mandate. The concept of snimal health covers not only animal diseases but also the critical relationship between animal welfare, animal health and food safety. EFSA is uniquely placed to take an integrated. pproach to animal health as its remit covers the safety of the whole food chain. EFSA's scientific advice to risk managers adresses these closely connected fields. based on the wide range of expertise of its scientific experts and the latest scientific knowledge available.

Many animal diseases can pose a risk to consumers via the food chain or, less commonly, through other pathways including direct transmission. Standards of <u>animal welfare</u> and animal management practices including (eading, housing and husbandry can impact on the prevalence and scread of food-borne diseases.

Well known examples include Salmonalla, Brucelina's and BSE which can contaminate foods and cause lineas. among consumers. Outbreaks of animal diseases such as <u>Bluelongue</u> can often have serious socioeconomic and environmental consequences

### Print this page See Also Panel on animal health and WARRINGS (15/15/05) Panel on biological hezarde (BIOHAZ)

#### More high quality content:

- Workflow for scientific opinions
- 16 new scientific topic sections
- Call for new Panel members and expert database highlighted and explained

#### **Steady increase in traffic:**

- Over 2 million visits in 2008
- >21,000 EFSA highlights subscribers

#### Web casting - record viewing figures:

- New email promotional campaign
- >1300 live views for December **Board** meeting

Join our Scientific Committee or Panels

### **Publications in 2008**



# Targeted: reaching new and wider audiences



### A new look



### **Greater scientific visibility**



### Promoting EFSA's drive for Panel members/experts





### **Events in 2008**













2 Scientific Colloquia - 6 Joint events - Major international scientific conferences - Open doors - Local events...











## Conclusions



• Much done, much to do.....