Endogenous allergenicity – clinical aspects

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10 min. later







2 hours later







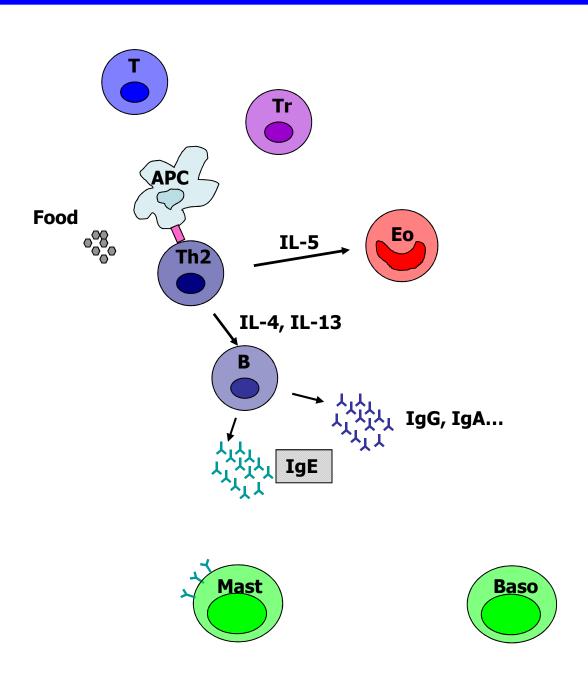
Chronic symptoms





Food Allergy IgE- mediated Non IgE-mediated Eosinophilic diseases of the Gastrointestinal food allergy -Immediate type GI tract reactions -Eosinophilic -Anaphylaxis eosophagitis Celiac disease -Procotocolitis Enteropathies Food protein-induced enterocolitis

Intolerances



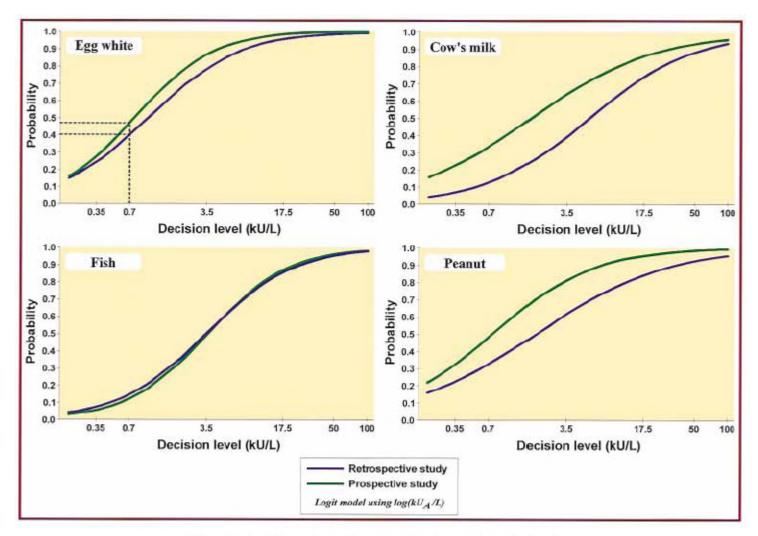
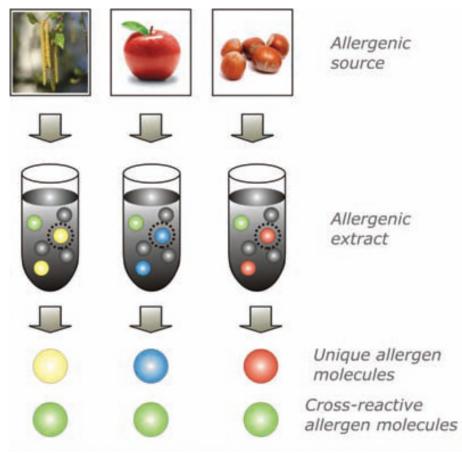


FIG 1. Probability of reacting to a food at a given IgE value.

Component-resolved diagnosis, or molecular testing

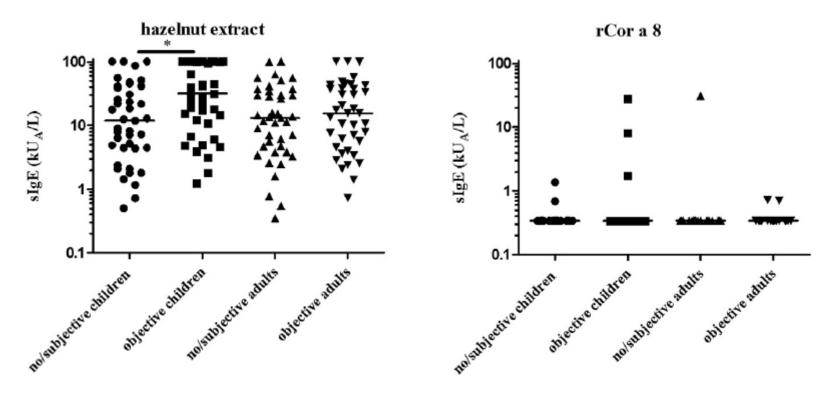
Component testing What is it?

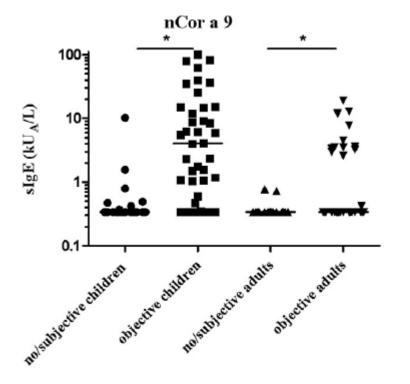


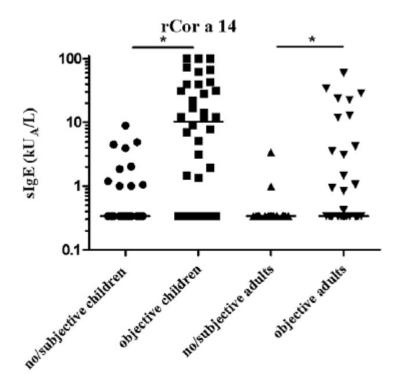


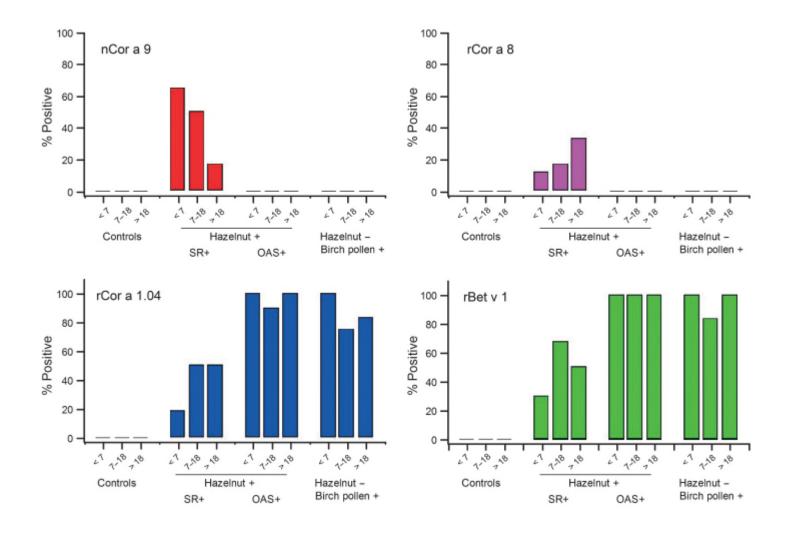
Sensitization to Cor a 9 and Cor a 14 is highly specific for a hazelnut allergy with objective symptoms in Dutch children and adults

Laury J. N. Masthoff, MD, Lars Mattsson, PhD, Laurian Zuidmeer-Jongejan, PhD, Jonas Lidholm, PhD, Kerstin Andersson, PhD, Jaap H. Akkerdaas, PhD, Serge A. Versteeg, BSc, Cristiano Garino, PhD, Yolanda Meijer, MD, Petra Kentie, NP, Astrid Versluis, MSc, Constance F. den Hartog Jager, BSc, Carla A. F. M. Bruijnzeel-Koomen, MD, André C. Knulst, MD, Ronald van Ree, PhD, Els van Hoffen, PhD, at and Suzanne G. M. A. Pasmans, MD, Utrecht and Amsterdam, The Netherlands, Uppsala, Sweden, and Novara, Italy (J Allergy Clin Immunol 2013;132:393-9.)



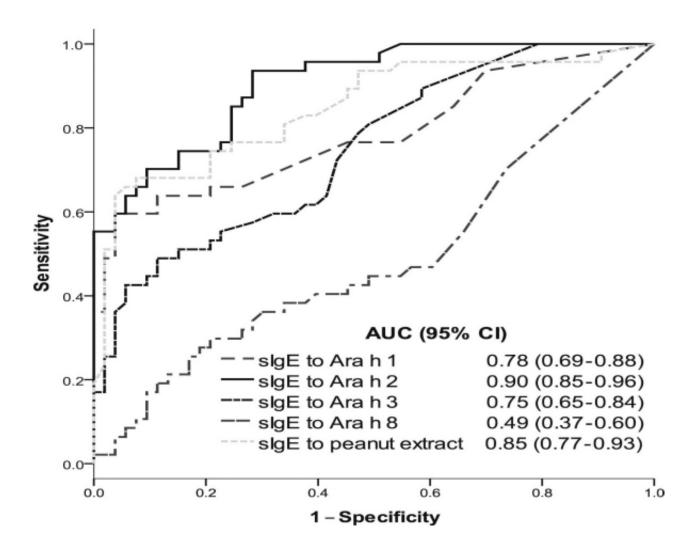






De Knop KJ Pediatr Allergy Immunol 2011; 22: e139-e149





Basophil activation test discriminates between allergy and tolerance in peanutsensitized children

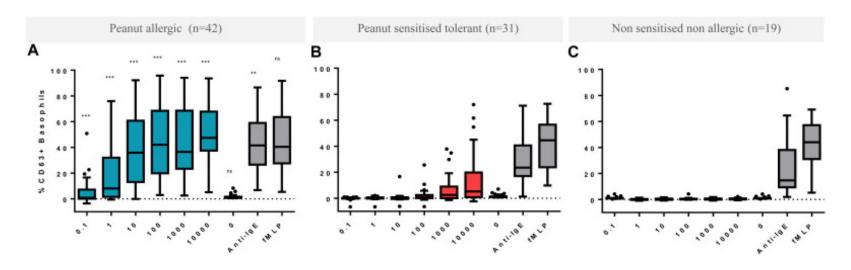


Fig 1 BAT to peanut in PA (n = 42, A), PS (n = 31, B), and NA (n = 19, C) children. The P value refers to the comparison of the median CD63 + basophils at selected doses between PA and PS patients: *** P &It; .001, ** P &It; .01, and ns,



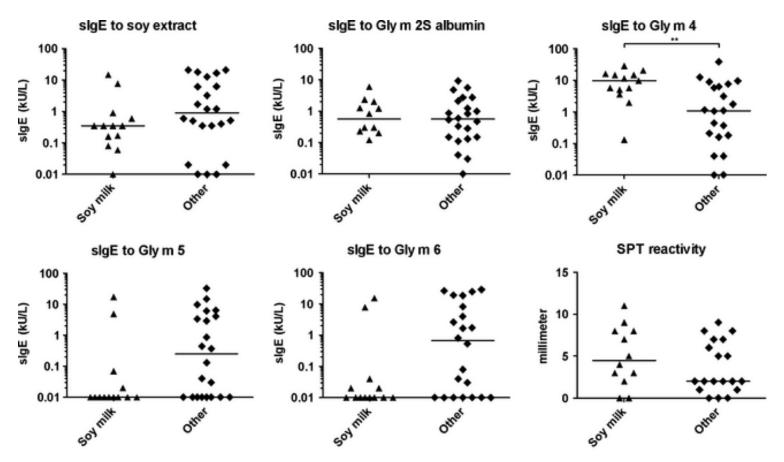
- Celina, 6 years old
- Several allergies (rhinitis and conjunctivitis to birch pollens, fish allergy)
- Itching in the mouth, hives in the face, mild conjunctivitis after drinking soy milk
- IgE to soy: 63.3 kU/L
- IgE to bet v1: 87.7 kU/L
- IgE to gly m4: 63.3 kU/L
- Positive OFC with urticaria, and cough

Components in soy allergy diagnostics: Gly m 2S albumin has the best diagnostic value in adults

R. J. B. Klemans¹, E. F. Knol^{1,2}, A. Michelsen-Huisman¹, S. G. M. A. Pasmans^{1,3,4}, W. de Kruijf-Broekman², C. A. F. M. Bruijnzeel-Koomen¹, E. van Hoffen^{1,5} & A. C. Knulst¹

Diagnostic test	AUC (95% CI)
Gly m 2S albumin	0.79 (0.62–0.96)
Gly m 4	0.54 (0.32-0.77)
Gly m 5	0.74 (0.54-0.94)
Gly m 6	0.77 (0.58-0.96)
Soy extract	0.77 (0.57–0.97)
SPT $(n = 40)$	0.76 (0.57–0.96)

Components in soy allergy diagnostics: Gly m 4 has the best diagnostic value for soy milk allergy



Other: patients with allergic symptoms to other soy products than soy milk as well, ** P-value < 0.001

Key messages

- > The majority of reaction to foods are nonallergic adverse reactions.
- > The exact immunologic mechanism in non-IgE-mediated food allergy is unknown.
- ➤ In IgE-mediated food allergy, major allergens responsible for clinical reactions are most often known.
- Component-resolved diagnosis is a helpful tool to identify the allergic risk for an individual patient.

Thank you for your attention

