

An SMS Based System for Monitoring of Progressive Development of Plant Diseases: A Pilot Initiative for Surveillance of Wheat Rusts in Turkey

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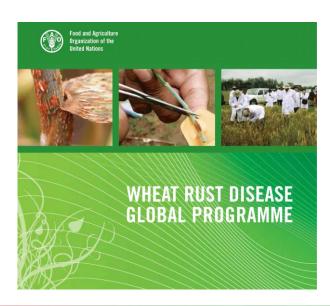


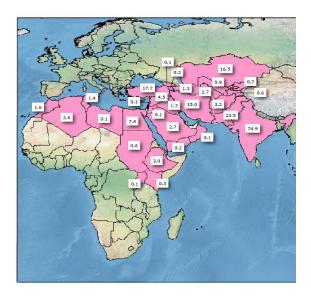


Background

Wheat Rust Disease Global Programme

- Prevention and preparedness & management
- Technical support
- International collaboration









Background

Components of the programme:

- Preparedness and contingency planning
- Surveillance and early warning,
- Variety registration and recommendation,
- Seed multiplication and distribution,
- Training of farmers for integrated management of rusts by farmers,
- Regional collaboration





Global rust monitoring system







- ✓ Support to Global Rust Monitoring System runs through BGRI
- ✓ Collaboration with CIMMYT, ICARDA and AARHUS University on Global Rust Monitoring system
- ✓ Support to countries for **field** surveys
- ✓ Rapid surveillance for emergency <u>response</u>!





Why SMS?

- Rapid response requires
 - Rapid access to field information,
 - Effective coordination and planning,
 - Wide coverage for monitoring,
 - Quick warning and decision making,
 - Field data
 - Rapid
 - Reliable

SMS Rapid, wide coverage





Structure of the system

- SMS gateway tool and software,
- An operation unit based at Ministry,
- Network of
 - extension officers
 - research institutes

Pilot activity:

- Central Anatolia
- Six districts from five provinces:
 - Ankara, Konya, Eskisehir, Sivas and Kayseri







Procedures

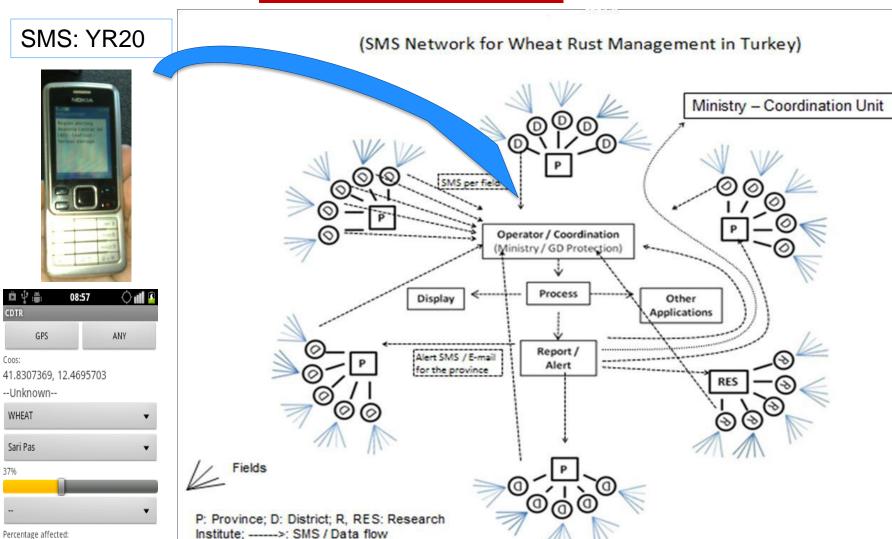
SMSs sent from each district twice a week with the following information:

- Presence and species of rusts in fields,
- Percentage of infected plants,
- Any other relevant information such as field size or name of the cultivar.





The system







Findings







Findings

- The SMS reports facilitated monitoring of disease development through the season.
- Yellow rust initiated in 11% of the fields,
- More frequent in districts of Susehri,
 Tomarza, Pinarbasi, Alpu and Cihanbeyli.
- Infections remained relatively low through the season,
- Only 3 fields reached the 5-14% incidence category and one 40-100%.





Yellow rust development









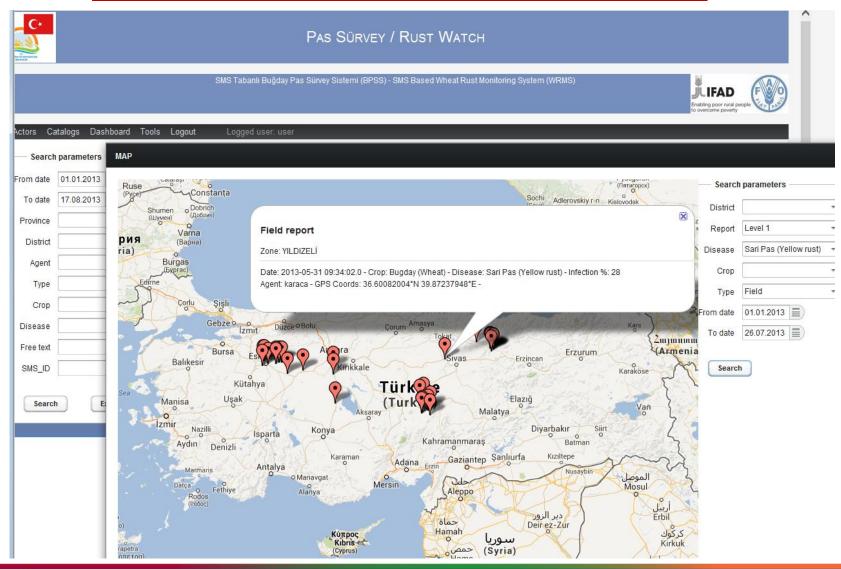








Search / reporting tool







Functions of the system

- Utilization of extension offices for surveillance,
- Rapid access to field data,
- Exchange of information among extension, offices, operation unit and relevant authorities,
- Early warning and decision-making tool to facilitate timely interventions,
- Assists research institutions to design their scientific surveys in the most appropriate locations and directions, monitoring and management systems.





Future prospects

- Adaptation to individual needs possible,
- Can include other pests and diseases,
- Can be considered as a component of wider crop monitoring systems,
- Effective tool for rapid response,
- Information sharing and collaboration between research and extension institutions.





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