

Update on Advisory Group on Data

Ákos Jozwiak, Hungary



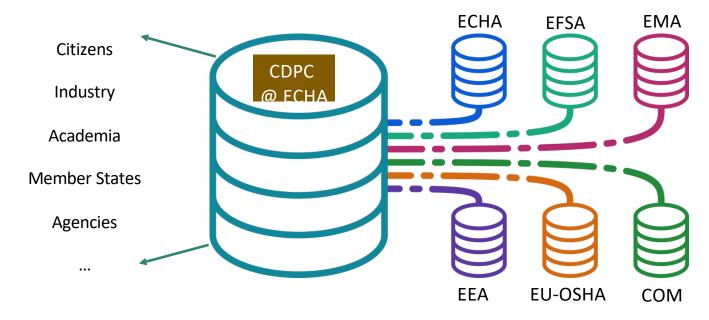
33RD (ONLINE) AND 34TH (PHYSICAL) MEETING OF AGOD

- European Common Platform on Chemicals
- IUCLID
- Update on EFSA AI evolution
- Subgroups check-in
- Workshop on 'AGoD next big thing'
- Data flow mapping project 2
- AGoD Annual Report
- 2026 Data Symposium
- Workplan 2026



PETER KORYTAR (DG-ENV): COMMON DATA PLATFORM ON CHEMICALS

- Bring together all chemicals related data into one database
- To be established by ECHA by 3 years from the entry into force with minimum datasets; by 10 years all data to be integrated





EDOARDO CARNESECCHI (EFSA): IUCLID



IUCLID in a nutshell



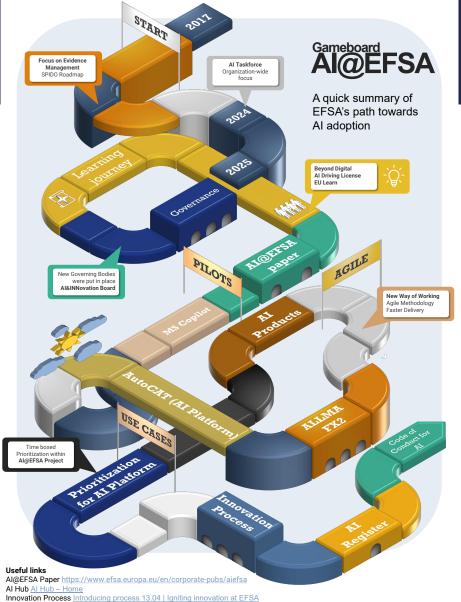
IUCLID format: OECD Harmonised Templates (OHTs)



EFSA's OpenFoodTox & the EU Common Data Platform on Chemicals



VITTORIA FLAMINI (EFSA): UPDATE ON AI EVOLUTION









Subgroup Tools & Ecosystems – Check in

SUMMARY OF 2025

Six meetings were held over the year.

Quite a few words were said

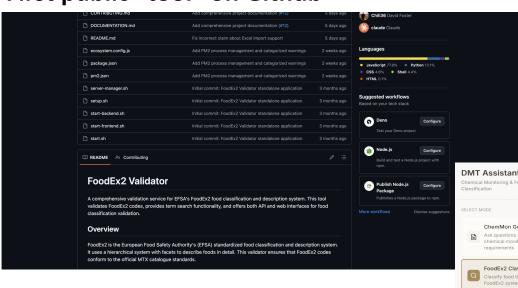
Focus is shifting towards solving problems and make use of tools and ecosystems.

note:

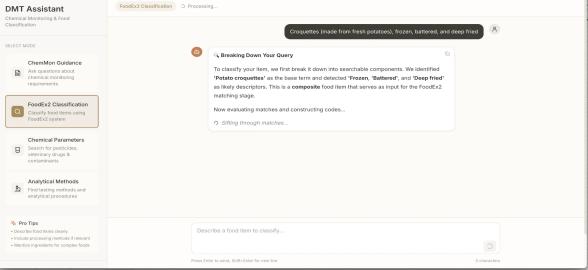
It's very hard to make any kind of meaningful strategic change in ten hours over a year.

SUBGROUP TOOLS & ECOSYSTEMS - CHECK IN

First public "tool" on Github



Second tool idea: Foodex 2 assistant with the help of LLM





SG Data Management check in

7th meeting on 25th Nov.

Usual Agenda Points

- 1) Give an overview
 - On AGoDs road map
 - On AGoD activities
 - On data management tasks and open questions
 - Try to invite speakers
- 2) Work on concrete tasks
- 3) Plan the next meeting





3 main activities

Data Quality, Standardisation, Strategy

Task 3 Data quality aspects

- KPIs
- Checklist discussion
- Usage of data guideline

Task 6 communicate existing terminologies

TMT proposal

Task 8 European Food Safety Data Model

Position Paper



Task 6 position paper

Position Paper of AGoD SG Data Management

How more interoperability in the European food safety data space could be reached?

Problem definition / current status

- Data <u>collections</u> on the European <u>level</u>; different <u>data models</u>, different <u>terminology systems</u>
 (?), different <u>collections procedures</u>
- Scientific communities exist and build "their" data collections
- The problem of interoperability arises between the working approaches of the European Commission (EC) and EFSA in such a way that monitoring plans are submitted to the EC on the basis of EU Regulation 2022/932, where food is categorised differently compared to the food categories defined in the EFSA Catalogue Browser. Competent authorities in the Member States prepare plans in accordance with EU Regulation 2022/932 and send these plans to the inspectorate, which organises food sampling according to the plan. The results of the analysis of those samples from the plan are then reported to EFSA using the categories defined in MTX
- Data on dietary habits are reported to the DCF through the exposure hierarchy, while data from official controls are reported through the reporting hierarchy. There are differences between the two hierarchies in food categories, since the exposure hierarchy (22 category)

Problem definition/current status

- Different data models
- Different terminology systems
- Different collections procedures

Goal for food safety data interoperability

Solution

- FAIR principles
- Re-usage of data without any further efford
- Harmonisation of terminology systems and data models
- Mandates
- Terminology maintanance process
- Promote standards



People & Capacity SG check in Status by the end of 2025

- 16 members representing 13 countries
- 6 subgroup meetings + one cross SG meeting
- Mutual introductions
 - to understand each other's competencies
 - to establish a basis for future work
- Identification of the "best way of work" subgroup culture
- Focus on first delivery for the roadmap task:
 - Reference profiles and minimal capacity / capability needs

Date Technical University of Denmark Title 3



Important conclusions "right now"

- Data literacy should be addressed at different organizational levels, recognizing the distinct needs
 of:
 - Managers and leaders who require strategic understanding and repeated engagement on data topics.
 - Operational staff who need practical skills and tools for everyday data work.
- Top level management must authorize a mandate to fill a data strategy with live.
- Building a strong data steward community helps to understand the people involved and identify their specific knowledge gaps
- Basic skills on data literacy build a shared language and core data understanding across all staff
 - Identify high quality courses and capacity building activities "to be shared among institutions"
- Showcases and best practices are extremely helpful

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Start building up a shared document:

Capacity building in data related activities – suggestions for goal and structure

List of Content

Background	1
Aim	
Definitions	2
Data literacy at different organisational levels	2
Basic data governance model	2
Curriculum	2
Rest practices	3

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INNOVATION SG - CHECK-IN

• 5 meetings in 2025 + Joint SG meeting

Innovation	1. Introduce an	Al state of play standing a	genda item in AGoD meetii	ngs			
	2. Develop White Paper "Using AI in food safety regulatory science"						
				3. Organise Hackathon - o	combining EFSA reporting	data and 'unusual' data so	urces
		4. Prom	note and launch an Al lighth	nouse project			
		5. Start	collaboration initiatives to				
			6. Initiate a pro	ject on use-case for tracea			
	2024 Q3-4	2025 Q1-2	2025 Q3-4	2026 Q1-2	2026 Q3-4	2027 Q1-2	2027 Q3-4

FIRST DRAFT OF THE AI POSITION PAPER ("THE USE OF AI IN FOOD SAFETY REGULATORY SCIENCE")

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Current Al applications in food safety
- 3. Future Prospects and Promises of AI in Food Safety
 - Advanced predictive capabilities
 - Enhanced knowledge management
 - Sophisticated analytical tools
 - Regulatory enhancement
- 4. Challenges and Concerns
 - Technical and methodological challenges
- Data and infrastructure limitations
- Regulatory and legal concerns
- Human and organizational factors
- Benchmarking and validation

- 5. Prerequisites for Successful Al Implementation
 - Data foundation requirements
 - Technical infrastructure prerequisites
- Regulatory and legal framework
- Scientific and methodological standards
- Human capital and organizational readiness
- 6. Calls for Action
 - Establishing data infrastructure
 - Building regulatory foundations
 - Accelerating capacity building
 - Catalyzing research and development
 - Fostering community engagement





WE HAD A VISION 7 YEARS AGO

"

It is conceivable that **by 2027**, the (EU) food safety system will be a network of **highly digitalised**, **secure**, **connected** and **interoperable** food safety systems at national and EU levels, opening up access to real-time data in all parts of the network.

Ideally, the network will have access to the **data generated** not exclusively by **official controls** but to the data from **industry** and **science** as well.

The data will be made **available with metadata** enabling the users to retrieve exactly the data they need.



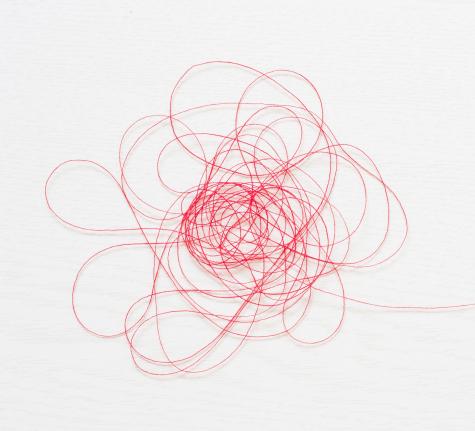
WE HAD A VISION 7 YEARS AGO

... a parallel discussion on the applicability of solutions in the medium- or long-term other than relational databases (e.g. data lakes, **data ecosystems**) is necessary.

Discussions should also be initiated on designing the 'future food safety data ecosystem of Europe', and shifting our paradigm from data collection to data connection.



WHAT IS THE SITUATION NOW?



- We are on the way
- We have initiated projects
- We have roadmap(s)
- We have a growing community (AGoD + SGs)

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How close are we to the vision?

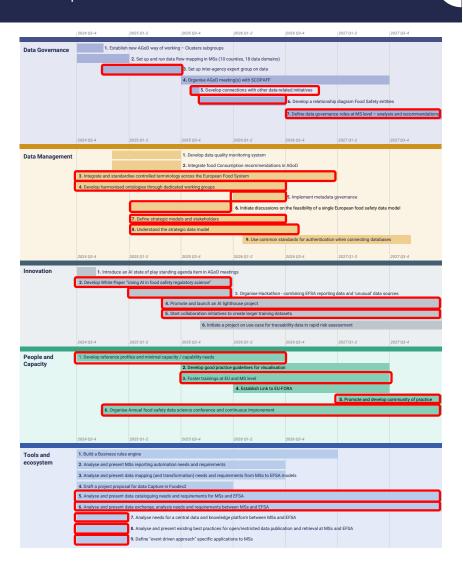
WHAT IS THE SITUATION NOW?

- EFSA & MSs face:
 - Increasing data volume and complexity
 - Need for faster, more integrated risk assessment
 - Expectations around AI, interoperability, and transparency
- Current reality:
 - Multiple datasets, formats, governance models
 - Still reporting burdens on MSs
- New opportunities raising
 - AI (and in particular genAI)
 - Data solutions (e.g., data spaces, federated systems, etc.)



Advisory Group on Data

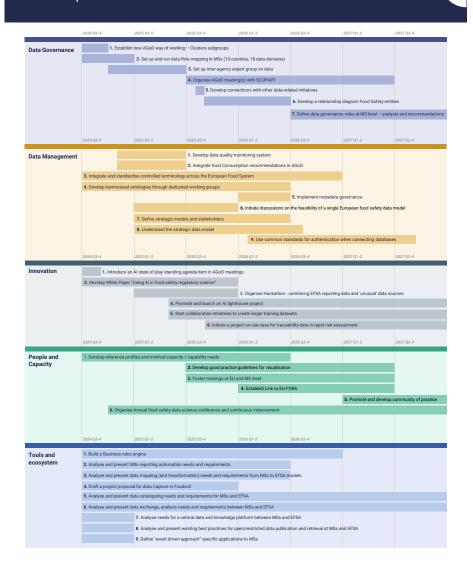
Roadmap 2024 – 2027

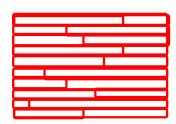




Advisory Group on Data

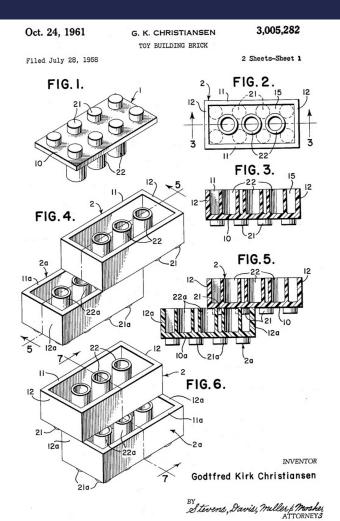
Roadmap 2024 – 2027





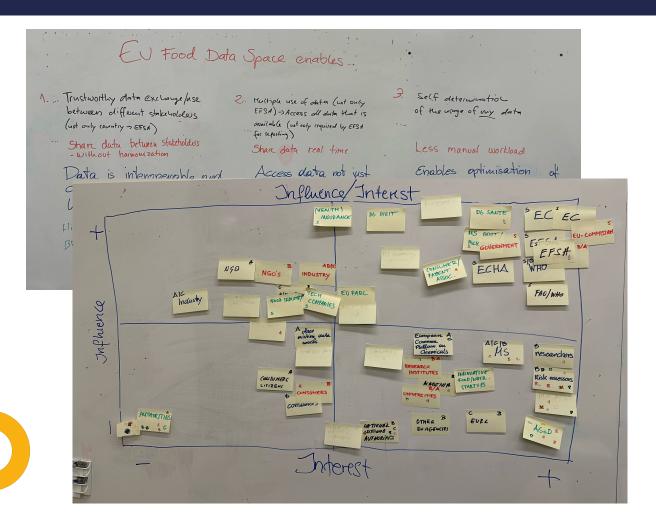


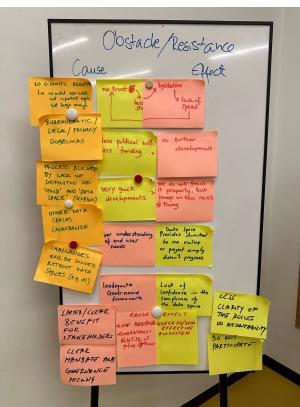
EUROPEAN FOOD DATA SPACE?





WORKSHOP ON THE AGOD NEXT BIG THING

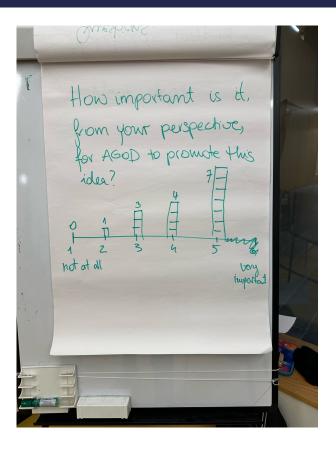






EU FOOD DATA SPACES: NEXT STEPS

- Further discussions are needed:
 - vision and scope
 - influence maps and key stakeholders
- Exact role and mode of action of AGoD to be defined
- Discussions continue in 2026 Q1





ANNUAL REPORT 2025

November 2025

- Table of Contents
- AGoD members draft chapters



December 2025

• Draft Annual Report presented at AGoD meeting



January 2026

Proofreading process



March 2026

AF approval



April 2020

Publication



2026 DATA SYMPOSIUM

- Time: second half of 2026, back-to-back with AGoD/AF meeting
- Place: Dublin/Ireland
- Participants: AGoD, SGs, AF
- Duration: 2 days
- Content:
 - Data literacy and People Organisational Readiness for Al
 - Dedicated physical SG meeting(s)



AG ON DATA: MEETINGS IN 2026

Sharing MS experience

Presentation EMA

15 January 16 June 03 March 22 April 16 Sept online **Cyprus** online Parma Subgroup check-in **Progress TMT Progress TMT Progress TMT Progress TMT** Progress TMT Progress TMT **Progress TMT** AI: AI for science @EFSA AI: AI: AI: Update on National Al AI: initiatives Sharing MS experience TMT proposal Status of Food Data Agri Data Space **Annual Report** Presentation on Data Project progress TMTs evaluation **Space Support Center** Space Cartography based on a template Presentation by newly Data Symposium 2026 Data Symposium 2026 starting TMTs Data Space Discussion Data Symposium 2026 Data Platform on Part 2 ECDC working group on Chemicals data **Evaluation of TM** project progress based Project progress TMTs Data Space Discussion on written reports based on a template Part 3 (template)

