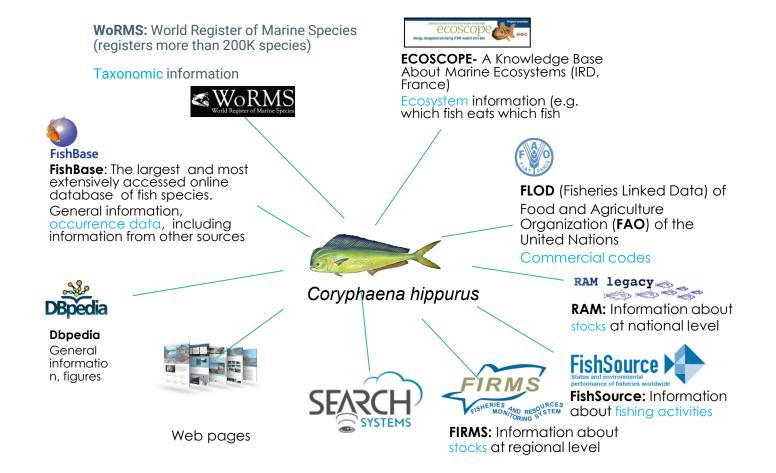


ONTOLOGIES

Yannick Spill, Senior Data Scientist

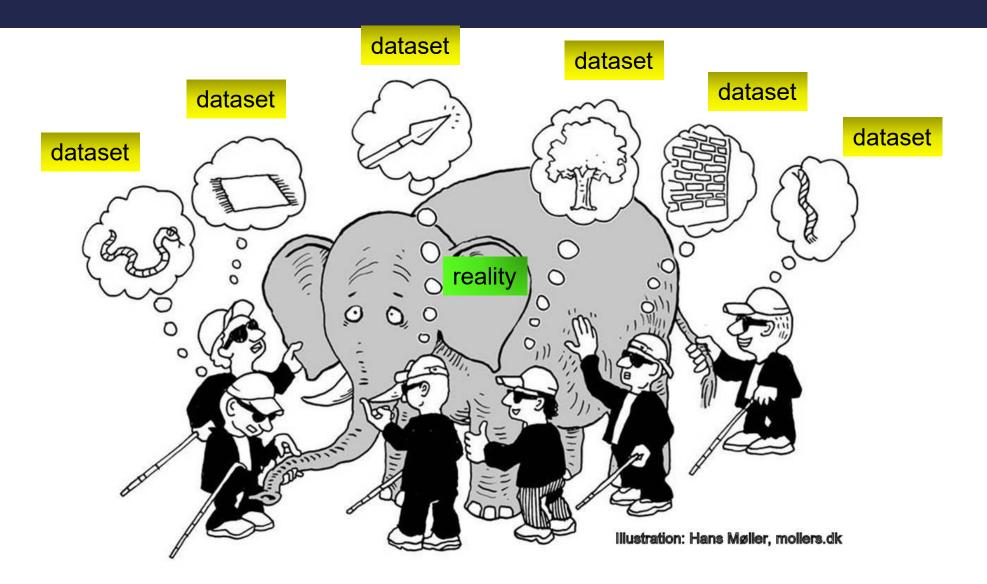


MARINE DOMAIN: BEFORE ONTOLOGY-BASED INTEGRATION





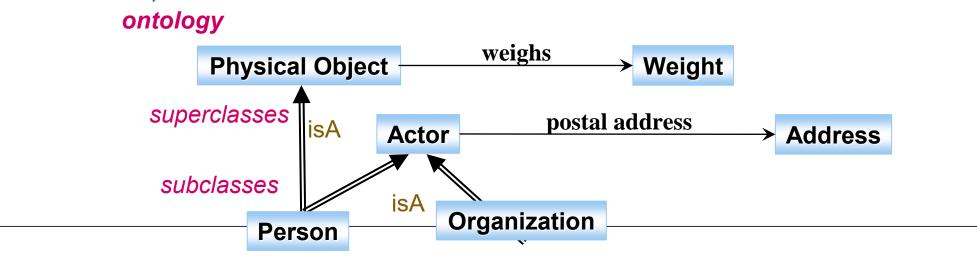
INDIVIDUAL DATASETS PROVIDE COMPLEMENTARY VIEWS





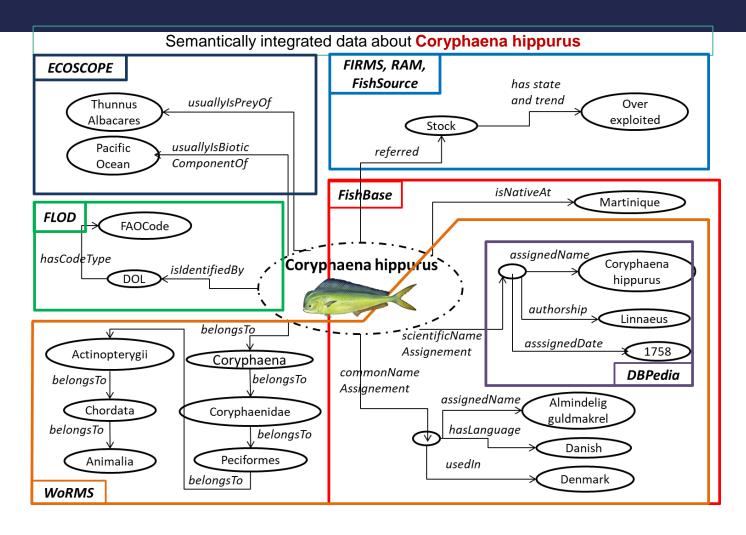
ONTOLOGIES

- An ontology is a formal representation of knowledge that defines the concepts and relationships (between those concepts) within a given domain.
- It is a system of **organizing**, **understanding**, and **reasoning** with the data and information within that domain.
- Ontologies can be expressed and exchanged using W3C standard formats (RDF Schema, OWL)





MARINE DOMAIN: AFTER ONTOLOGY-BASED INTEGRATION



Knowledge Graph obtained after defining a top-level ontology (MarineTLO, FAO, 2017) and transforming data from the existing sources



TASKS, DELIVERABLES AND DEADLINES

Task 1: Communication activities

Info Session

List of stakeholders to be recontacted

Presentation material

Task 2:
Ontologies and case studies

List of ontologies relevant for EFSA

Prioritized list of case studies (min 15)

Task 3: IT architectural suggestions

An architectural suggestion of necessary IT components related to the storage, management, querying and maintenance of the ontologies and case studies

Task 4:
Governance

Governance recommendations to handle ontologies

> Update to SOPs/WINs if appropriate

Task 5: Case study implementation

Implementation of minimum 3 case studies

Documentation

November 30th
2023
November 30th
2023

January 31st 2022

January 31st 2023

January 31st 2023

May 31st 2023

May 31st 2023

May 31st 2023



SELECTED CASE STUDIES

- CS3: Improved data sharing from/to external stakeholders through ontology-induced constraints in the data models
 - Benefit: provide a clear interpretation of the values in the dataset and would make explicit also the range of the values
- CS4: **EFSA Catalogue browser** uses **ontology**-driven constraints and inference (instead of programmatic ones) for FoodEx2 encoding including facets
 - Benefit: Increased expressiveness and reuse of Foodex2 for business users including EFSA data providers and consumers



ONTOLOGIES MAIN TAKEAWAYS

Exposing our data models through an **open standard** will unlock long term benefits:

Findable: lower the adoption barrier outside EFSA

Accessible: Help leverage existing tools to navigate

and improve discoverability

Interoperable:

- Standardize machine-to-machine interoperability (Ontologies are exposed through URI)
- Enable the combination of other existing ontologies to extend the domain of data collections and/or models of the whole food/feed safety domain or related



Ultimately, these benefits will enhance **Reusability**, making our data FAIR

