

# EFSA DNT in-vivo database: DNT In-vivo in-vitro preliminary concordance analysis

**Iris Mangas** 

Pesticides Peer Review Unit



Trusted science for safe food

## Outline



#### The DNT in vivo database

In vivo in vitro preliminary concordance analysis

Analysis by chemical class: pyrethroids, neonicotinoids

**Uncertainties and next steps** 

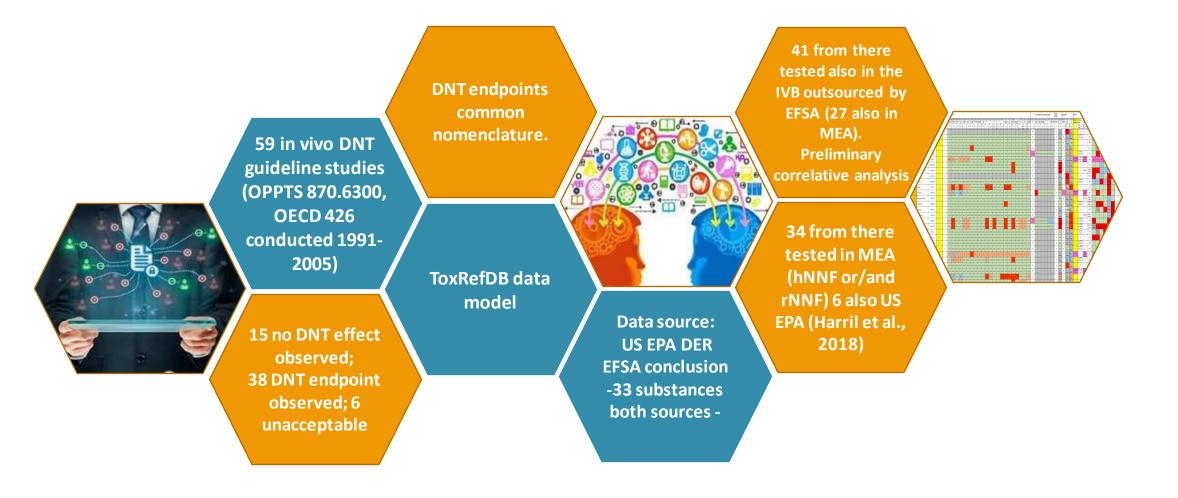
# The EFSA DNT in vivo database scope



- 1. Develop a standardized nomenclature that could be used for all in vivo DNT guideline studies.
- 2. Develop a database structure consistent with ToxRefDB.
- 3. Populate the database with a limited number of DNT studies (currently n=59) to allow follow-up work comparing results from the DNT IVB data to in vivo DNT guideline studies.

# Overview EFSA DNT Database Snapshot





#### Data sources



- Public available Data Evaluation Reports (EFSA RAR, US EPA DER).
- Preliminary assessment of 33 substances from both sources:
  - Different assessments were conducted by EFSA and US EPA for 8 substances of 33 (25%) with the same study (8 as negative by EFSA and 7 positive by US EPA and 1 unacceptable).
- EFSA DNT database: includes the assessment from all US EPA DERs that are publically available.
- EFSA actions included:
  - Collaborations with US EPA and ECHA
  - DNT training.

# DNT database endpoints: standard nomenclature



#### **FOB**

**Autonomic:** body temperature; urination; other; lacrimation; defecation; pupil size pupil function; ptosis; salivation

**Grip strength:** forelimb force; hindlimb force

**Behaviour:** Abnormal; Clonic-tonic convulsions; Vocalization; Excitability; Arousal; Reactivity; Activity; Tremors; Analgesic reflex; Coordination; Ear flick; Righting reflex; Gait posture; Stereotypies repetitive;

#### **Motor activity**

Grooming; Muscle tone; Activity rears

Activity automyted: Distance; Time; Horizontal; Vertical; Ambulatory (Note: Locomotor Activity); Total; Habituation Ontogeny (Note: develops in control animals between PND 17 and 21); Habituation within Session (Note: at all ages); Rears; Swim speed

#### **Learning and memory**

Water maze acquisition

Water maze retention

Water maze motor function

Dry maze acquisition

Dry maze retention

Passive avoidance acquisition

Passive avoidance retention

Active avoidance acquisition

Active avoidance retention

#### **Auditory startle response**

#### **Acoustic startle automated:**

amplitude; latency; habituation; Prepulse inhibition

#### **Tactile startle automated:**

amplitude; latency; habituation; Prepulse inhibition

#### Morphometrics and pathology

Morphometrics: Cerebellum; Corpus
Callosum; Caudate Putamen; Cerebrum;
Hippocampus; Germinal layer; Pons;
brain height; brain width; brain length;
Thalamus; Commisure; Fornix; Midbrain;
Straitum; Morphometrics Other;
Brainstem; Hypothalamus; olfactory
bulbs; Thickness cortex; Radial Thickness
Cortex; Height dentate hilus; length
ventrical limb dentate hilus
Pathology gross: brain weight absolute;
brain weight relative; brain; brain width

#### Other endpoints in the DB

- General systemic
- Developmental
- Clinical signs
- Cholinesterase
- Sexual landmark
- Not in list

### Database structure









Speci	Strain or in vitro			-			Doses	Lowest	Highest	Dose unit	Duratio						ENDPOINT		IT EFFECT	Effect description		Effect	MOAELI	LOAFLI	Unit	Endpoint
es	model	lsezigr	(admi				tested		dose		n of	on unit		•		TYPE	TARGET	CATEGO	R DESCRIPTION	free test	(time point)		NOEL of			generatio
		oup	nistra		admi	Yolu	(GD/LD)				exposur		stage	ct	Effect			_Υ	_		_					n
	▼	<b>*</b>	tia 🔻	_	ni 🔻	m 🔻		(GD) ▼	(GD) ▼	~	e 🔻	<b>*</b>	_	dc ▼	do ▼	<b>*</b>		¥	¥ ¥		<b>Y</b>	Ψ.	the sti	the Stt		7
Rat	Hsd Brl Han:Wist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.2.8-0.9/1.2-1.	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	8-10.5/13	In_life_Observatio	morbidity_mortality	Systemic	description	1 dam and her litter were	k daily	Increase	5.6	13.7	mg/kg bw/da	Maternal t
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Wist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.2.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	8-10.5/13	In_life_Observation	behavior_reactivity	Neurologic	al reactivity_to_handl	ir Increased reactivity to h	ar daily	Increase	1.2	5.6	mgłkg bwłda	Offspring t
Rat	Hsd Brl Han:Wist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mg/kg bw/day	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	4.2-4.6/5	In_life_Observatio	clinical_signs	Systemic	other	Smaller changes in read	tir daily	Change				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Wist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F		In_life_Observation	behavior_activity_rear:	<ul> <li>Neurologic</li> </ul>	al rearing_activity	Arena observations, inc	lu daily	No effect				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Vist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	8-10.5/13	In_life_Observation	body_weight	Systemic	body_weight	statistically significant d	er GD20, LD1 and LD11	non statisti				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Vist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mg/kg bw/day	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	8-10.5/13	In_life_Observatio	body_weight	Systemic	body_weight_gain	statistically significant d	e GD6-GD20	Decrease				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Vist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	8-10.5/13	In_life_Observatio	body_weight	Systemic	body_weight_gain	While high dose dams w	ei LD1-11, LD1-21	No effect				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Vist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	0.8-0.9/1.	In_life_Observatio	food_consumption	Systemic	food_consumption	·	GD6-GD20 and LD1-11, LD1-	No effect				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Vist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.4.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	4.2-4.6/5	In_life_Observatio	food_consumption	Systemic	food_consumption	ı	GD6-GD20 and LD1-11, LD1-	No effect				
Rat	Hsd Brl Han: Vist	24	F	99.78	Feed		0, 0.8-0.9, 4.	.2.8-0.9/1.2-1	-10.5/13.7-19	mgłkg bwłday	GD6-LD10	Days	Parental (P)	F	8-10.5/13	In_life_Observatio	food_consumption	Systemic	food_consumption	statistically significant d	e GD 10-13, 14-17 and 18-19	Decrease				

- ToxRefDB structure was used.
- One Excel file to collect all the substances
- Data extracted by dose and by endpoints.
- Each row corresponds to an endpoint type

Three main sections

# Preliminary Analysis of In vivo-in vitro concordance Data sources

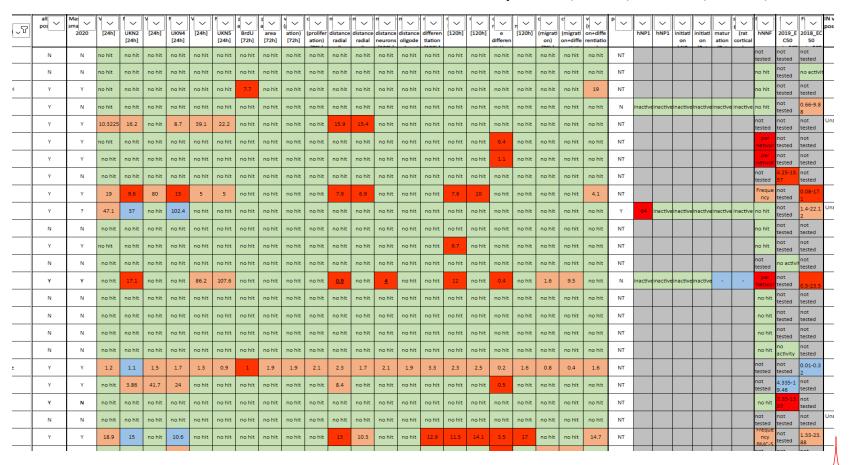


In vitro data

EFSA IVB (Masjosthusmann., 2020)

Danish EPA IVB hNNF

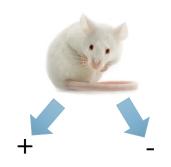
US EPA IVB (Frank., 2019; Shafer., 2019; Harril 2018)



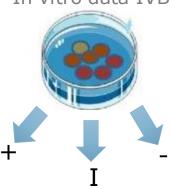
# Preliminary Analysis In vivo-in vitro concordance: criteria



In vivo data EFSA DB



In vitro data IVB



**DNT +:** A DNT endpoint has been assessed as being affected by the active substance, a LOEL has been set based on an acceptable DNT study. \*

**DNT -:** In a guideline accepted study no DNT endpoint has been assessed as affected by the active substance.\*

**DNT inconclusive**: Inconclusive/unacceptable studies not used for the comparison at this stage.

\*As concluded by the by the regulatory authority.

**DNT+:** There is a hit (i.e., a hit that is DNT endpoint-specific as compared to cytotoxic) in at least one of the DNT assays tested (minimum Masjosthusmann., 2020).

**DNT -:** There is no hit in any of the DNT assays tested (minimum Masjosthusmann., 2020).

**DNT inconclusive**: there is at least one borderline hit, an unspecific hit or a non-selective hit observed h in any of the DNT assays tested and the rest of DNT assays are negative

As interpreted by the authors in Masjosthusmann., 2020; Shafer et al., 2019; Frank et al., 2018 and Harril., 2018.

# Preliminary in vivo-in vitro concordance analysis

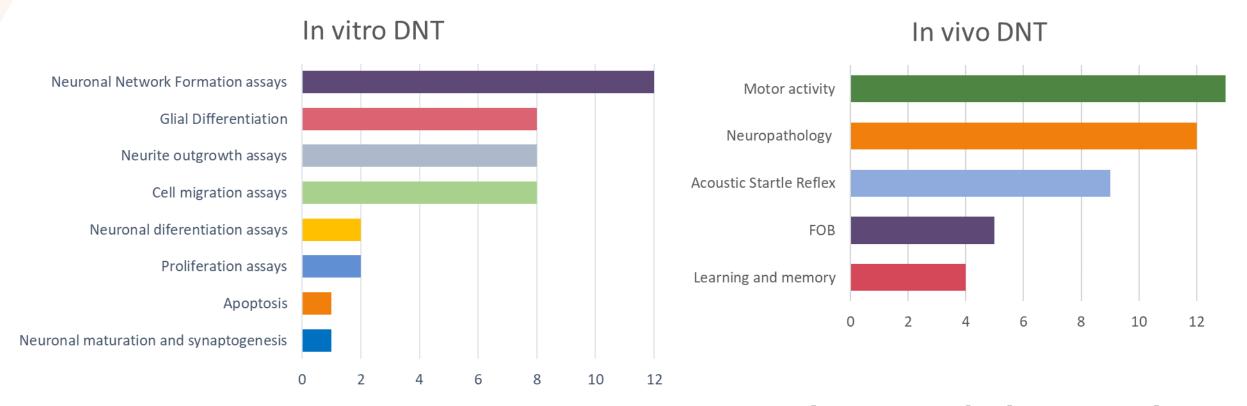


In Vivo GD	IV	B (Masjo	sthusmann	., 2020)	IVB (all data)					
III VIVO GD	+	I	-	Total	+	I	-	Total		
+	15	3	13	31	21	1	9	31		
-	3	1	6	10	3	1	6	10		
Total	18	4	19	41	24	2	15	41		
Sensitivity	49 %				68 %					
Specificity	60 %				60 %					
Concordance	51 %				66 %					

- Two preliminary concordance analyses conducted with the available data for 41 pesticides active substances., February 2022.
- IVB all data: Masjosthusmann., 2020; Shafer et al., 2019; Frank et al., 2018 and Harril et al., 2018.
- Results in line with previous analysis sensitivity 61-87% (Draft OECD Guidance., 2021)

# 21 pesticides active substances in vivo +/ in vitro +





In vitro DNT neurodevelopmental processes with effects

In vivo DNT endpoint categories with effects

Can we link the in vivo findings with one or more of the disturbed in vitro neurodevelopmental processes?

## Active substances In vivo - vitro + or inconclusive



#### • How to assess the non-concordant?

	Active substance	Compound class	In vivo max dose tested (mg/kg bw per day)	In vivo Route of administration	In vivo LOAEL (mg/kg bw per day)	IVB positive	MIN conc affected (uM)	Comments From DNT Database
	Endosulfan	Organochlorine	29.8	Diet	3.74	Oligodendrocyte differentiation	0.5	In vivo study does not satisfy the
	Indoxacarb	Organochlorine	3	Gavage Polyethylene glycol (MW 400) - 2 mL/kg bw per day	3	Oligodendrocyte differentiation Migration Proliferation	0.5	requirement from the guideline (OPPTS and OECD 426) due to the pending review of
	Mancozeb	Carbamate	30	Diet	30	Borderline Hit Neurite Area UKN5	37.4	the positive control data.
F	lubendiamide	Organofluorine	979.6	Diet	99.5	Oligodendrocyte differentiation	3	

- Are these 4 substances false positive/borderline in vitro or false negative in vivo?
- Use may require an uncertainty analysis in an IATA.

# Active substances In vivo + vitro - or inconclusive



#### • How to assess the non concordant?

Active substance	Compound class	In vivo DNT LOEL (mg/kg bw per day)	In vivo Route of administration	Most sensitive Endpoint (mg/kg bw per day)	MAX concentrati on tested IVB (uM)	Borderline, unspecific hits	Data gaps current IVB
Acetamiprid	Neonicotinoid	10.0	Dams gavage	ASR	30	NO	1
Cymoxanil	Oxime ethers	5.0	Dams gavage	LM	20	NO	1, 3
Diazinon	OP	24.2	Diet	LM	20	NO	1, 2
Dimethoate	OP	0.5	PND 11-21 offspring gavage / water	MA	20	NO	1, 2
Methamidophos	OP				20	NO	1, 2
Tembotrione	Aromatic ketone	16.3	diet	NP	20	NO	1, 2, 3
Thiacloprid	Thiazolidine	25.6	diet	LM	20	NO	1
Thiamethoxam	Neonicotinoid		diet		20	NO	1
Topramezone	Other	8	diet	ASR, NP	8.56	NO	1,2,3,
Tri-allate	Tertiary amine	60	diet	MA, LM	20	YES (12.9 uM)	1,2

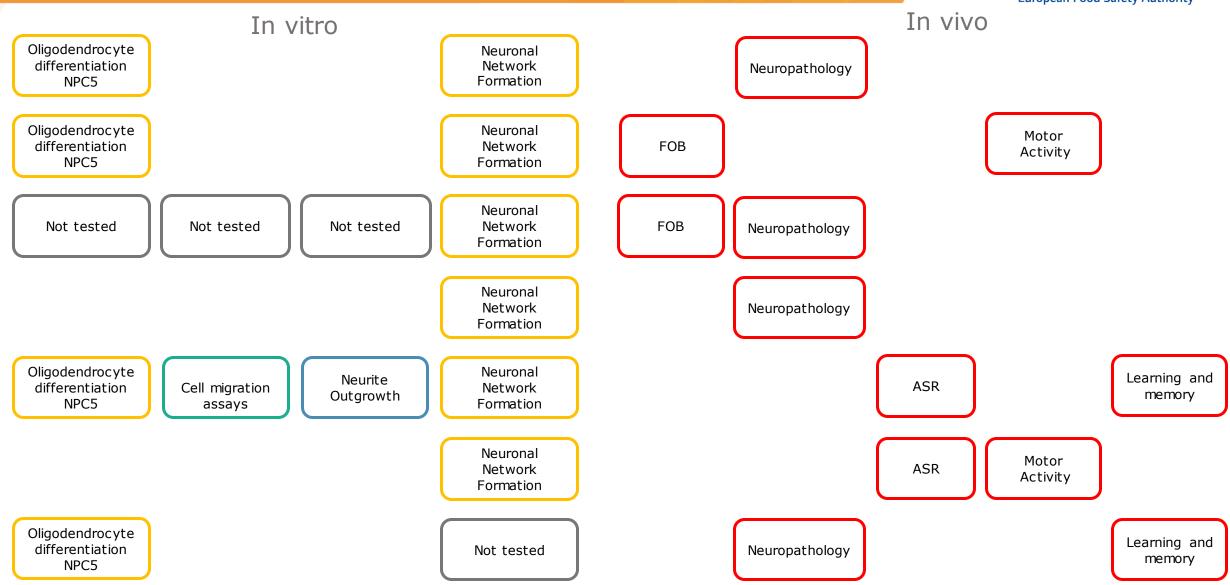
<sup>1.</sup> No data at the time of the analysis from US EPA IVB apoptosis, proliferation hNP1, neurite initiation hN2, Neurite maturation, synaptogenesis (Harril., 2018)

<sup>2.</sup> No data at the time of the time of the analysis from rat MEA (Frank., 2018; Shafer., 2019)

<sup>3.</sup> No data at the time of the time of the analysis from hNNF No data at the time of the analysis from hNNF

# Landscape by chemical class analysis: Pyrethroids

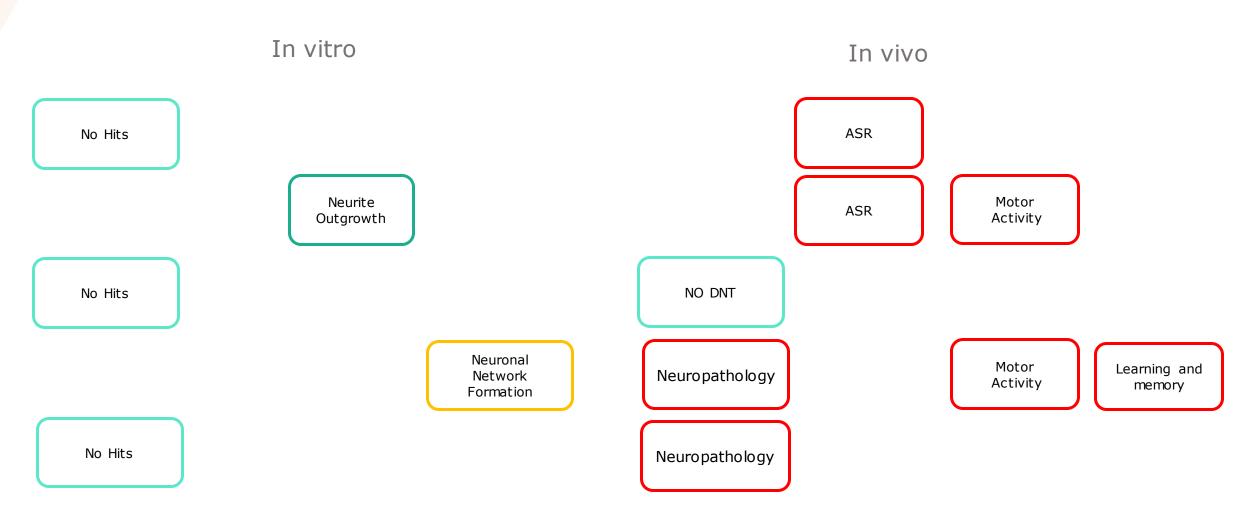




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# Landscape by chemical class analysis: Neonicotinoids





5 neonicotinoids

### Uncertainties and limitations



- Number of substances is small, thus concordance analysis is only preliminary.
- IVB assays data are not available for most of the substances tested in vivo (only 28 substances in both IVB + Neurite Network function assays)
- Lack of systematic reviews: only one in vivo study included by active substance.
- A more comprehensive analysis is needed for both in vivo and in vitro data (e.g IATA, TK data to be included, mechanistic understanding).
- Species differences not considered in the correlation analysis (IVB mainly based in human-based in vito test systems)
- DNT endpoints results were compared in isolation. No other data has been considered in the analysis:
   TK data in vivo, physio-chemical properties of the substances, MoA or chemical class of the substances,
   other tox studies of the data package, thyroid disruption or other secondary DNT effect by metabolites
   (e.g. flufenacet case study).
- Intrinsic in vivo uncertainties: extrapolation to human, Tk issues for the negative.
- Cytotoxicity/viability interpretation in vitro.
- Different analysis algorithms by the three testing laboratories. Difficult to treat, pragmatic approach as in vitro inconclusive.
- Intrinsic in vitro uncertainties: gaps in the coverage of the DNT IVB for all critical neurodevelopmental processes, ADME processes not covered, and metabolites not included, secondary DNT not covered...

# Take home message



- For the 41 substances for which an in vivo acceptable study and a conclusion from a regulatory authority is available, and DNT-IVB data is are available, a similar prediction outcome was evident for 27 substances (66%) (+ in vivo/+ in vitro or in vivo/- in vitro).
- We do, however, understand that in vitro-in vivo correlative considerations or **performance analysis** for DNT remain complex and agreement on how to proceed with this and which **uncertainties** should be considered is still a **matter of discussion**.
- Therefore, at this time, it is in the opinion of EFSA that using this database for the interpretation of the performance of the DNT IVB should be done with **caution**.

# Moving forward: next steps



- Incorporate the new IVB data from the ToxCast US EPA data (expected 3Q of 2022).
- Keep the dataset alive by including more in vivo DNT data.
- Test more substances in vitro that are present in the in vivo database.
- Continue collaboration EFSA with US EPA and US-NTP for DNT data collection, analysis and interpretation.
- More IATA case studies.
- Priority will be given for doing IATAs to the non-concordant substances (eg flufenacet assessed as no DNT by EFSA and after the IATA UA some DNT endpoints were considered as being affected).

# The team



PREV EFSA Staff

Andrea Terron
Iris Mangas
Martina Panzarea
Nikos Tagaras
Mathilde Colas

External experts

Kevin Crofton Katie Paul Friedman

Contractor database compilation:

Barbara Viviani, University of Milan Monica Nepal, University of Milan

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