

## AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLE 36 LIST OF ORGANISATIONS

### SUMMARY

Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004<sup>1</sup> foresees that the "Authority's Management Board, acting on a proposal from the Executive Director, shall draw up the list of competent organisations" (Art.2(2)) and that "the list shall be updated regularly, on the basis of proposals from the Authority's Executive Director, taking account of reviews or new designation proposals from the Member States" (Art.2(4)).

Organisations are "designated by the Member States on the basis of criteria"<sup>2</sup>. In accordance, new designations of competent organisations to be included on the Article 36 List, as well as substantial changes to organisations already included on the List, need to be endorsed by the Management Board.

The Management Board is presented with the updated Article 36 List, for possible adoption (Annex I), following:

- Member States' designations of **14** new organisations for inclusion on the List.

In addition, the Management Board is informed of:

- withdrawals of **15** previously designated organisations from the Article 36 List;
- technical changes adopted by the Executive Director in his Decision dated 12/08/2015 (Annex II).

The updated Article 36 List, including all changes, is herewith presented for the adoption of the Management Board.

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<sup>1</sup> Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004 of 23 December 2004 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 with regard to the network of organisations operating in the fields within the European Food Safety Authority's mission (OJ L 379, 24.12.2004, p. 64-67)

<sup>2</sup> The criteria the designated organisations have to meet can be described as follows:

- A. They must "carry out scientific and technical support tasks in the fields within the mission of the European Food Safety Authority";
- B. They must be "legal entities pursuing public interest objectives" and be able to ensure that the "tasks entrusted to them by the Authority will be performed with independence and integrity";
- C. They must "possess a high level of scientific or technical expertise in one or several fields within the Authority's mission";
- D. They must "have the capacity to operate in a network on scientific actions".

(the full list is given in Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004, Art.1(1)

## AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLE 36 LIST OF ORGANISATIONS

The Article 36 List was initially drawn up by the Decision of the Management Board of 19 December 2006, following the procedure set out in Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004. The Article 36 List is regularly reviewed by the Member States for new designation proposals, deletions and changes to organisations included on the List.

### I. New designations for the Article 36 List

The Permanent Representations to the EU of Croatia, Germany\*, Greece, Poland, Portugal\*, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and the United Kingdom have officially notified EFSA of new designation proposals for inclusion in the Article 36 List of the following competent organisations:

Croatia (1):

- **Croatian Veterinary Institute (Hrvatski Veterinarski Institut)**

Type of organisation: public institute

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The mission of Croatian Veterinary Institute (CVI) is to enhance the conditions in the fields of animal health and welfare, human health and environment protection through scientific research and continuous control of animal health, welfare and food and feed quality safety. Major research activities are conducted in the fields of animal health and food and feed quality and safety, development of laboratory methods, epidemiology, toxicology, welfare protection, improvement of farming process as also other public health issues, with the main goal of animal and human protection. CVI provides scientific advice and research on: food / feed analysis, animal health and animal welfare, biohazards / zoonoses, safety / risk assessment, epidemiology / exposure, antimicrobial susceptibility testing / monitoring of antimicrobial resistance.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 38% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 9% from international organizations and EU funds; 25% from private entrepreneurs and companies (for services provided on the market within food safety control for food producers, market-chains and retail sale; obligatory control of Veterinary medicinal product for pharmaceutical companies - producers of drugs, and their distributors in Croatia; obligatory control of BSE for food producers); and 4% from other income.

Germany (1)\*:

- **Robert Koch Institute**

Type of organisation: governmental organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The Robert Koch Institute is a National Public Health Institute and a governmental research facility under jurisdiction of the German Ministry of Health) in the area of human health. Tasks include: risk assessment of genetically modified organisms; surveillance, epidemiological investigations, prevention and control of food-borne and zoonotic diseases; outbreak detection, investigation and documentation; National Reference Laboratories / Consilient laboratories on various gastrointestinal and zoonotic pathogens.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 1% from non-governmental sources.

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\* subject to receipt of original designation letter and supporting documents (copy already received via e-mail)

Greece (2):

- **University of Crete**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: Among the Departments of University of Crete, the following Units are mostly related to EFSA's mission: 1. The Laboratory of Clinical Bacteriology, Parasitology, Zoonoses and Geographical Medicine has the following activities: enforcement of CMP's in food production companies through environmental sampling in production sites and collection especially concerning foodborne pathogens and hygienic microbiological indicators; collection of data concerning the microbiological safety of ready to eat foods; collection of data through challenge microbiological testing in the development and production of food products especially with the use of existing mathematical prediction model concerning the growth and surviving of foodborne pathogens. 2. The Preventive Medicine and Nutrition Clinic has the following research activities: life course (mother-child) nutrition and its effects on child health; risk assessment of nutritional environmental hazards; nutritional intervention for the prevention of obesity; Public Health nutrition activities that foster healthy eating in the life course. 3. Environmental Chemical Processes Laboratory is a state-of-the art chemical laboratory, appropriately equipped to analyse drinking waters for the quantification of various categories of harmful contaminants, such as regulated and emerging disinfection byproducts (DBPs).

Financial information: The annual budget includes 61% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 50% from public non-governmental sources and 11% from private sources.

- **University of Ioannina**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The University of Ioannina can support EFSA's role to assess and communicate on all risks associated with the food chain and contribute in responding to the specific requests for scientific advice received from the European Commission, the European Parliament and EU Member States. Within the University of Ioannina, there are research teams with an experience in plant protection products and their residues, genetically modified organisms, additives and products or substances used in animal feed, animal health and welfare, biological hazards including BSE/TSE, contaminants in the food chain, food contact materials, enzymes, flavourings and processing aids, food additives and nutrient sources added to food, dietetic products, nutrition and allergies.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 8% from non-governmental sources, i.e. almost 8% from public sources and less than 1% from private sources (mostly industry-sponsored academic clinical research).

Poland (2):

- **Institute of Plant Protection - National Research Institute**

Type of organisation: governmental organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The Institute of Plant Protection - NRI fulfils EFSA's mission by monitoring systems for pest and disease occurrence throughout Poland, executing pesticide registration and monitoring of pesticide residues and analytical quality control of plant protection products.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 38% from non-governmental sources, i.e. from the sale of services based on scientific research (mainly the examination of the effectiveness of plant protection products, tests on residues of plant protection products in food and water), and hotel / conference services.

- **Research Institute of Horticulture**

Type or organisation: public institute

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: Research Institute of Horticulture is a governmental R&D organization supervised by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development. Several Institute's laboratories has ISO/IEC 17025 and/or GLP certificates and perform analysis (pesticide residues, heavy metals, nitrites and nitrates and mycotoxins) for food producers and wholesalers. It is estimated that Institute's laboratories have 50% share of commercial food analysis market in Poland.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 51% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 31% from public non-governmental sources (projects, grants from Polish and foreign institutions, other operating income) and 20% from private non-governmental sources (other commercial sources, mainly private requests and laboratory services, revenues from sales of products).

Portugal (3)\*:

- **Instituto Politécnico de Bragança**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The Polytechnic Institute of Bragança (IPB) is divided into five schools. IPB, particularly the School of Agriculture, is fully qualified to provide scientific services in the area of risks associated with the food chain and crop protection. IPB belongs to the European Network for Universities of Applied Sciences (UASNET).

Financial information: The annual budget includes 38% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 6% from public non-governmental sources (external revenues from research / structural funds) and 32% from private non-governmental sources (tuition fees from students in degree programmes, fees from courses organised within the framework of continuing professional development, external revenues from privately funded research contracts, other revenues).

- **Portuguese Sea and Atmosphere Institute (Instituto Português do Mar e da Atmosfera IP)**

Type of organisation: public institute

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The IPMA I. P. is the state laboratory whose mission is to promote and coordinate scientific research, technological development, innovation and service on the seas and atmosphere. Among the competences / tasks of IPMA that correspond to EFSA mission are: ensure, in the framework of marine living resources, the function of National Reference Laboratory in the areas of food and feed safety and in animal and vegetable sanitary issues; participate, in the framework of marine living resources, in the elaboration of Official Plans of Control in the areas of animal and vegetable health and food / feed safety; perform technical studies in the framework of the areas of competence; ensure the national and international representation in the areas of competence; promote and disseminate the knowledge and results obtained in research and technological development activities, ensuring the protection of intellectual property rights, as well as collect, classify, publish and disseminate bibliography and other elements of scientific and technical information.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 50% from non-governmental sources, i.e. from indirect public non-governmental funding: 30% from national and international research projects, 5% from European services (marine resource management) and 15% from national investment funding (meteorological radars, research vessel and building restoration).

- **Universidade Católica Portuguesa**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation; public institute

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: Data gathering and analysis which contribute to exposure assessments and other components of the risk assessment process. This data can be generated by UCP; deriving from laboratory analyses; microbiological, chemical (including food contact materials), technological trials and experiments (process efficacy etc.) and consumer / citizen information from quantitative and qualitative studies. Data for collation and analysis is also derived from cooperating partners within and outside of Portugal.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 3% from non-governmental sources.

Slovakia (1):

- **National Agricultural and Food Centre**

Type of organisation: governmental organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The National Agricultural and Food Centre provides complex research and collects information within the field of sustainable utilization and conservation of natural resources, mainly soil and water resources for plant growing and animal breeding, provision of quality, food safety, innovation and competitiveness of foodstuffs as well as non-food products of agricultural origin, production and non-production influence of agriculture on environment and rural development and transfer of knowledge resulting from agricultural research to users.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 27% from non-governmental sources; i.e. 12% from public non-governmental sources (including structural funds and foreign public sources) and 15% from private non-governmental sources [own resources made up mainly of own products (such as grains), livestock products (such as sheep's milk, meat and sale of mutton, rabbit), sale of services (such as labour analyses, lectures, training courses) and the sale of surplus property), business activities and foreign private sources].

Slovenia (1):

- **National Institute of Biology (NIB)**

Type of organisation: public institute

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: Among NIB's basic goals are: To preserve the leading role in research in the field of biology and related sciences in Slovenia; setting up the environmental monitoring system and participating in its performing; setting up the safe food system and participating in monitoring, especially in the field of GMO; Active role in the plant health system, especially in the field of plant pathogens; Close co-operation with business entities, especially pharmaceutical, biotech and food industry. Mainly the work of the Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology at the NIB is strongly connected to the work of Slovene governmental organizations and different companies related to agriculture, the environment, food safety and the pharmaceutical industry.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 13% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 11% comes from public funding (EU and EMRP project, National Research Agency, Projects of the Ministries in the framework of granted mandates and other) and 2% from private funding (industry and other partners, national and international).

Spain (2):

- **Universidad de las Palmas de Gran Canaria**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The University of Las Palmas de Gran Canaria (ULPGC) can provide expertise in order to be involved in EFSA's activities: exchanging information, developing and implementing joint projects as well as exchanging expertise and best practices. The University Institute for Animal Health and Food Security (IUSA) was set up with a view to becoming a benchmark at regional, national and international levels in animal health and food security matters. Its structure is divided into five major research lines: pathological anatomy; epidemiology and preventative medicine; animal reproduction; aquaculture and marine genetics and infectious diseases and ichthyopathology.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 25% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 22% comes from tuition fees and 3% are revenues derived from publications, rental and concessions.

- **Polytechnic University of Valencia (Universitat Politècnica de València)**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The Food science and technology department and Advanced Centre for Food Microbiology are two of the most important institutions at the Polytechnic University of Valencia (UPV), with their scientific work internationally recognized. Both institutions collaborate actively with national authorities to improve food safety in Spain. In this sense, their risk assessment is focused mainly to a field of applied science, providing scientific data and studies in order to evaluate risks associated with certain hazards. UPV collaborates actively with the food industry as can be demonstrated the high number of projects, collaborations and agreements signed each year.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 27% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 14% from tuition fees, 7% from R&D contracts, less than 3% from capital transfers from abroad, 2% from capital transfers from other public organisms, and less than 2% from other sources (rentals, campus business licenses, publications, capital transfer from public and private companies).

United Kingdom (1):

- **Harper Adams University**

Type of organisation: university / academic institution / organisation; other

Mission of the organisation and task corresponding to EFSA's remit: The University's mission is to provide higher education and research for the delivery of a sustainable food chain and rural economy and its vision for its current planning period to 2017 is to be a university working with the industries and professions that comprise the global agri-food chain and the UK rural economy to deliver a high quality learning environment that enhances personal development and employability. Tasks corresponding to EFSA's mission the organisation could fulfil: Research in Food Safety, Plant Protection and Plant Health, Animal Health and Welfare, Systematic Review Preparation.

Financial information: The annual budget includes 72% from non-governmental sources, i.e. 37% from students' tuition fees, almost 35% from private sources (e.g. non-funding Council grants, validation fees, catering and residence, conferences, farm, consultancy, investment income) and less than 1% from EU funds.

EFSA has screened the new designation proposals to ensure that they comply with the criteria set out in Article 1(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004. A brief profile for each organisation is provided, based on information submitted to EFSA. The screening of the evidence provided by the Member States concluded that the new designation proposals meet the criteria and are therefore considered eligible for inclusion in the Article 36 List.

## **II. Withdrawals and technical changes of organisations on the Article 36 List**

The Management Board is informed that the organisations listed below are withdrawn from the Article 36 List upon notification from the respective Permanent Representations:

Finland (2):

- Entry no. 5: University of Kuopio, Institute of Applied Biotechnology

Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation no longer meets the criteria set in the Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004 (it is not a legal entity) and in addition to this, the organisation does not exist anymore as such.

- Entry no. 6: Aalto University School of Science and Technology Department of Biotechnology and Chemical Technology

Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation no longer meets the criteria set in the Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004 (it is not a legal entity).

Germany (2)\*:

- Entry no. 3: Robert Koch Institute: 3.1 Unit Infectious Disease Epidemiology and 3.2 Unit L-2-Gene Technology

Designation has been withdrawn because these units are parts of a newly designated organisation (Robert Koch Institute).

Greece (1):

- Entry no. 4: University of Crete/Faculty of Medicine (Laboratory of Clinical Bacteriology, Parasitology, Zoonoses and Geographical Medicine/WHO Collaborating Centre for Research and Training in Mediterranean Zoonoses)

Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation is a part of a newly designated organisation (University of Crete).

Poland (1):

- Entry no. 6: Institute of Soil Science and Plant Cultivation - State Research Institute (IUNG - PIB)

Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation communicated their decision not to be on the List.

Portugal (6)\*:

- Entry no. 3: Direcção-Geral de Protecção das Culturas (DGPC)  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation does not exist anymore under this name.

- Entry no. 6: Laboratório Nacional de Investigação Veterinária  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation does not exist anymore under this name.

- Entry no. 7: National Institute for Engineering, Technology and Innovation – INETI-DTIA  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation does not exist anymore.

- Entry no. 23: Universidade Lusófona de Humanidades e Tecnologia

Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation no longer meets the criteria set in the Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004, Art.1(1), specifically it's legal entity.

- Entry no. 24: Universidade Católica Portuguesa - Escola Superior de Biotecnologia  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation is a part of a newly designated organisation (Universidade Católica Portuguesa).
- Entry no. 26: Escola Superior Agrária (ESAB) - Instituto Politécnico de Bragança  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation is a part of a newly designated organisation (Instituto Politécnico de Bragança).

Slovakia (2):

- Entry no. 4: Animal Production Research Centre Nitra  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation is a part of a newly designated organisation (National Agricultural and Food Centre).
- Entry no. 6: Food Research Institute  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation is a part of a newly designated organisation (National Agricultural and Food Centre).

Slovenia (1):

- Entry no. 9: National Institute of Biology (NIB), Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology  
Designation has been withdrawn because this organisation is a part of a newly designated organisation (National Institute of Biology (NIB)).

The Management Board is also informed of the technical changes adopted by the Executive Director in his Decision dated 12/08/2015 (Annex II).

### **III. Conclusion**

The Management Board is presented, for possible adoption, the updated Article 36 List of competent organisations (as enclosed) after adding the newly designated organisations from Croatia, Finland, Germany\*, Greece, Poland, Portugal\*, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and the United Kingdom updating the entries with notified changes and deleting those entries for which designation has been withdrawn.

The updated Article 36 List will be published on the EFSA website.

To facilitate networking, competences of organisations on the Article 36 List, as well as contact details, are available to Article 36 organisations, national EFSA Focal Points, Advisory Forum members and alternates in the search tool of the Article 36 Database.

**Art. 36 of Regulation EC 178/2002 and Art. 1 of Regulation EC 2230/2004**

**LIST OF COMPETENT ORGANISATIONS  
DESIGNATED BY THE MEMBER STATES WHICH MAY  
ASSIST EFSA WITH ITS MISSION**

MEMBER STATE	COMPETENT ORGANISATIONS <sup>3</sup>
<b>AUSTRIA</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Agentur für Gesundheit und Ernährungssicherheit GmbH (AGES - Austrian Agency for Health and Food Safety)</li> <li>2. Umweltbundesamt GmbH (Environment Agency Austria Ltd)</li> <li>3. University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences Vienna (Universität für Bodenkultur Wien, BOKU)</li> <li>4. University of Veterinary Medicine Vienna (Veterinärmedizinische Universität Wien)</li> <li>5. University of Vienna (Universität Wien)</li> </ol>
<b>BELGIUM</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Federal Public Service (FPS) Health, Food Chain Safety and Environment</li> <li>2. Belgian Federal Agency for the Safety of the Food Chain (FASFC) and Scientific Committee of the Federal Agency for the Safety of the Food Chain (Sci Com-FASFC)</li> <li>3. Scientific Institute of Public Health</li> <li>4. CODA-CERVA (Veterinary and Agrochemical Research Centre)</li> <li>5. Walloon Agricultural Research Centre (CRA-W)</li> <li>6. Own Capital of the Institute for Agricultural and Fisheries Research</li> <li>7. Ghent University</li> <li>8. Centre d'Economie Rurale (CER Group)</li> <li>9. University of Liege (Université de Liège)</li> <li>10. Catholic University of Louvain (Université Catholique de Louvain)</li> <li>11. KU Leuven</li> </ol>
<b>BULGARIA</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Risk Assessment Center</li> <li>2. Food Research and Development Institute</li> <li>3. National Center of Public Health and Analyses (NCPHA)</li> <li>4. National Diagnostic and Research Veterinary Medical institute (NDRVMI)</li> <li>5. Institute of Cryobiology and Food Technology (ICFT)</li> <li>6. Agricultural University Plovdiv</li> <li>7. Central Laboratory of Veterinary Control and Ecology</li> <li>8. University of Food Technologies</li> <li>9. The Stephan Angeloff Institute of Microbiology, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences</li> <li>10. Maritsa Vegetable Crops Research Institute</li> <li>11. Trakia University</li> </ol>

<sup>3</sup> When only a specific part of an organisation is designated, it is indicated in the same line; where more parts of an organisation are designated, they are listed as sub-entries.

<b>BULGARIA</b>	12. Joint Genomic Center to Sofia University 13. Institute of Biology and Immunology of Reproduction Acad. "Kiril Bratanov", BAS 14. Institute of Soil Science, Agrotechnology and Plant Protection
<b>CROATIA</b>	1. Croatian Food Agency (Hrvatska agencija za hranu, HAH) 2. Croatian Veterinary Institute (Hrvatski Veterinarski Institut)
<b>CYPRUS</b>	1. State General Laboratory (SGL) 2. Veterinary Services 3. Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Agriculture Natural Resources and Environment 4. Agricultural Research Institute 5. Public Health Services
<b>CZECH REPUBLIC</b>	1. Ministry of Agriculture of the Czech Republic 2. Mendel University in Brno, Faculty of Agronomy, Department of Animal Breeding 3. National Institute of Public Health 4. Veterinary Research Institute (VRI) 5. Crop Research Institute 6. Institute of Animal Science 7. Czech University of Life Sciences Prague (Česká zemědělská univerzita v Praze) 8. Food Research Institute Prague 9. Biology Centre, Academy of Sciences (BCAS) 10. Institute of Chemical Technology Prague 11. University of Veterinary and Pharmaceutical Sciences Brno 12. University of South Bohemia in České Budějovice
<b>DENMARK</b>	1. Technical University of Denmark 2. Aarhus University (AU) 3. University of Copenhagen
<b>ESTONIA</b>	1. Ministry of Agriculture of Estonia, including: - Food Safety Department (FSD) - Plant Health Department - Research and Development Department - IT Department 2. Estonian Environmental Research Centre (Eesti Keskkonnauuringute Keskus OÜ) 3. Estonian University of Life Sciences (Eesti Maaülikool, EMÜ) 4. Estonian Veterinary and Food Laboratory 5. University of Tartu 6. National Institute for Health Development 7. Veterinary and Food Board
<b>FINLAND</b>	1. Finnish Food Safety Authority (EVIRA) 2. Radiation and Nuclear Safety Authority (STUK) 3. Finnish Environment Institute (SYKE) 4. University of Helsinki 5. National Institute for Health and Welfare (THL) 6. MTT Agrifood Research Finland 7. University of Turku 8. Finnish Safety and Chemicals Agency (Tukes)
<b>FRANCE</b>	1. French Agency for Food, Environmental and Occupational Health & Safety (Agence nationale de sécurité sanitaire de l'alimentation, de

<b>FRANCE</b>	l'environnement et du travail, ANSES)
	2. National Institute for Agricultural Research / Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique (INRA)
	3. High Council for Biotechnology (Haut Conseil des biotechnologies, HCB)
	4. French Agriculture Research Centre for International Development (Centre de Coopération Internationale en Recherche Agronomique pour le Développement - CIRAD)
	5. Ecole Nationale Vétérinaire d'Alfort
	6. Institut Pasteur (Paris)
	7. Institut Pasteur de Lille
	8. Institute for Higher Education and Research in Food, Animal Health, Agronomic and Environmental Sciences (Institut d'enseignement supérieur et de recherche en alimentation, santé animale, sciences agronomiques et de l'environnement, VetAgro Sup)
	9. Laboratoire de Toxicologie Alimentaire, EA 3880, Université de Bretagne Occidentale
	10. Ecole Nationale Vétérinaire de Toulouse (ENVT)
	11. Agrocampus Ouest
	12. National Institute for Research in Science and Technology for Environment and Agriculture (Institut national de recherche en Sciences et technologies pour l'Environnement et l'Agriculture, IRSTEA)
	13. Ifremer
	14. French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (Institut de Veille Sanitaire, InVS)
	15. National College of Veterinary Medecine, Food Science and Engineering, Nantes Atlantique (Ecole Nationale Vétérinaire, agroalimentaire et de l'Alimentation, Nantes-Atlantique, Oniris)
	16. Centre International d'etudes Supérieure en Sciences Agronomiques
	17. University of Burgundy (Université de Bourgogne, uB)
<b>GERMANY</b>	1. Federal Institute for Risk Assessment (Bundesinstitut für Risikobewertung - BfR)
	2. Federal Agency for Nature Conservation (Bundesamt für Naturschutz - BfN)
	3. Robert-Koch-Institut (RKI)
	4. Julius Kühn Institut (JKI)– Federal Research Institute for Cultivated Plants (Bundesforschungsinstitut für Kulturpflanzen)
	5. Federal Office of Consumer Protection and Food Safety (Bundesamt für Verbraucherschutz und Lebensmittelsicherheit - BVL)
	6. Friedrich-Loeffler-Institut (FLI), Federal Research Institute for Animal Health (Bundesforschungsinstitut für Tiergesundheit)
	7. Max-Rubner-Institut (MRI), Federal Research Institute of Nutrition and Food (Bundesforschungsinstitut für Ernährung und Lebensmittel)
	8. German Nutrition Society (Deutsche Gesellschaft für Ernährung - DGE)
	9. Research Institute of Child Nutrition (Forschungsinstitut für Kinderernährung - FKE)
	10. Federal Environment Agency (Umweltbundesamt - UBA)
<b>GREECE</b>	1. Hellenic Food Authority (E.F.E.T)
	2. Benaki Phytopathological Institute
	3. National and Kapodistrian University of Athens

<b>GREECE</b>	3.1 Department of Hygiene and Epidemiology, Public Health Nutrition and Nutritional Epidemiology Unit, Medical school
	3.2 Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Department of Chemistry)
	4. University of Crete
	5. Agricultural University of Athens
	6. Department of Science of Dietetics-Nutrition, Harokopio University
	7. NTUA, School of Chemical Engineering, Laboratory of Food Chemistry and Technology
	8. Department of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology
	9. Hellenic Health Foundation
	10. Alexander Technological Educational Institution of Thessaloniki
	11. Hellenic Agricultural Organization - DEMETER
	12. Ministry of Finance, including: -General Chemical State Laboratory
	13. Ministry of Rural Development and Food, including: - Directorate of Plant Produce Protection - Food Hygiene Institute of Athens - Food Hygiene Institute of Thessaloniki
	14. National Center for Scientific Research "Demokritos"
	15. University of Thessaly
	16. University of Ioannina
<b>HUNGARY</b>	1. National Food Chain Safety Office
	2. National Institute for Food and Nutrition Science
	3. Hungarian Dairy Research Institute
	4. Szent István University Faculty of Veterinary Science
	5. Cereal Research Non-Profit Company
	6. Corvinus University of Budapest, Faculty of Food Science
	7. National Center of Epidemiology
	8. Centre for Agricultural Research of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences
	9. Research Centre for Natural Sciences
	10. University of Debrecen
	11. National Agricultural Research and Innovation Center (Nemzeti Agrarkutatasi es Innovacios Kozpont)
<b>ICELAND</b>	1. The Icelandic Food and Veterinary Authority
	2. Matis Ltd
	3. Unit for nutrition research, Landspitali-University Hospital and University of Iceland
<b>IRELAND</b>	1. Food Safety Authority of Ireland
	2. Dublin Public Analyst's Laboratory
	3. Safefood, the Food Safety Promotion Board
	4. Cork Public Analyst's Laboratory
	5. The National Food Centre, Teagasc
	6. Marine Institute
	7. Teagasc, Moorepark Food Research Centre
	8. University College Cork 8.1 Department of Epidemiology and Public Health 8.2 Department of Nutrition
	9. University College Dublin 9.1 Centre for Food Safety, School for Agriculture, Food Science and Veterinary Medicine, College of Life Sciences

<b>IRELAND</b>	9.2 National Nutrition Surveillance Centre 10. National University of Ireland Galway 11. University of Limerick, Department of Life Sciences 12. Athlone Institute of Technology 13. Dublin Institute of Technology (DIT) 14. National University of Ireland Maynooth
<b>ITALY</b>	1. Italian National Institute of Health (Istituto Superiore di Sanità, ISS) 2. Council for Agricultural Research and Economics (Consiglio per la ricerca in agricoltura e l'analisi dell'economia agraria, CRA) 3. National Research Council (Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, CNR) 4. Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development (ENEA) 5. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Abruzzo and Molise (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e del Molise "G.Caporale", IZSAM) 6. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Apulia and Basilicata (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale della Puglia e della Basilicata, IZSPB) 7. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Lazio and Tuscany (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle Regioni Lazio e Toscana, IZSLT) 8. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Lombardy and Emilia-Romagna "Bruno Ubertini" (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale della Lombardia e dell'Emilia-Romagna "Bruno Ubertini", IZSLER) 9. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Piedmont, Liguria and Aosta Valley (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale del Piemonte Liguria e Valle d'Aosta, IZSPLVA) 10. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Sicily (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale della Sicilia "A.Mirri", IZSSIC) 11. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Umbria and Marche Regions (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Umbria e delle Marche, IZSUM) 12. Veterinary Public Health Institute of Venezia (Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle Venezie, IZSVE) 13. Alma Mater Studiorum - University of Bologna (Alma Mater Studiorum – Università di Bologna - UNIBO) 14. Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore 15. University Hospital "Luigi Sacco" (Azienda Ospedaliera – Polo Universitario "Luigi Sacco") 16. University of Eastern Piedmont (Università degli Studi del Piemonte Orientale "Amedeo Avogadro", UNIPMN) 17. University of Bari Aldo Moro 18. University of Foggia (Università degli Studi di Foggia, UNIFG) 19. University of Milan (Università degli Studi di Milano, UNIMI) 20. University of Palermo (Università degli studi di Palermo, UNIPA) 21. University of Parma (Università degli Studi di Parma, UNIPR) 22. University of Pavia (Università degli Studi di Pavia, UNIPV) 23. University of Perugia (Università degli Studi di Perugia, UNIPG) 24. "Sapienza" University of Rome ("Sapienza" Università di Roma, UNIROMA1)
<b>LATVIA</b>	1. Institute of Food Safety, Animal Health and Environment "BIOR" 2. State Plant Protection Service – Plant Protection Department 3. Food and Veterinary Service 4. Latvia University of Agriculture:

<b>LATVIA</b>	4.1 Faculty of Food Technology (FFT)
	4.2 Faculty of Veterinary Medicine (FVM)
	4.3 Research Institute of Biotechnology and Veterinary Medicine "Sigra" (RIBVMS)
	5. University of Latvia
	5.1 Faculty of Biology
	5.2 Faculty of Chemistry
	6. Riga Stradiņs University (Rīgas Stradiņa universitāte)
<b>LITHUANIA</b>	1. State Food and Veterinary Service
	2. Health Education and Disease Prevention, Ministry of Health
	3. State Plant Service under the Ministry of Agriculture
	4. National Food and Veterinary Risk Assessment Institute
<b>LUXEMBOURG</b>	1. Ministry of Health of Luxembourg (Ministère de la Santé)
	2. Luxembourg Institute of Health
	3. Laboratoire national de santé
	4. Centre de Recherche Public-Gabriel Lippmann (CRP-GL)
<b>MALTA</b>	1. Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority
<b>NORWAY</b>	1. Norwegian Scientific Committee for Food Safety
	2. Bioforsk - Norwegian Institute for Agricultural and Environmental Research, Plant Health and Plant Protection Division
	3. National Institute of Nutrition and Seafood Research (NIFES)
	4. Norwegian Veterinary Institute
	5. Norwegian Forest and Landscape Institute
	6. Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU)
	7. Norwegian Institute for Water Research (NIVA)
	8. Norwegian Institute of Public Health
	8.1 Division of Environmental Medicine
	8.2 Division of Infectious Disease Control
	9. Norwegian School of Veterinary Science
	10. Norwegian University of Life Sciences, Department of Animal- and Aquacultural Sciences
<b>POLAND</b>	11. Department of Nutrition, Institute of Basic Medical Sciences, University of Oslo
	12. Norwegian Food Safety Authority
	1. Chief Sanitary Inspectorate
	2. National Veterinary Research Institute
	3. Institute of Natural Fibres and Medicinal Plants
	4. National Institute of Public Health - National Institute of Hygiene
	5. The National Food and Nutrition Institute
<b>PORTUGAL</b>	6. Institute of Plant Protection - National Research Institute
	7. Research Institute of Horticulture
	1. Portuguese Authority for Food and Economic Safety (ASAE)
	2. Instituto Nacional de Saude Doutor Ricardo Jorge, I.P.
	3. National Institute of Pharmacy and Medicines – INFARMED
	4. Direcção Geral de Veterinária – DSCQ
	5. Faculdade de Farmácia da Universidade de Lisboa
	6. Universidade de Lisboa Faculdade de Medicina Veterinária
	7. Instituto Superior de Engenharia – Universidade do Algarve
	8. Universidade de Lisboa

<b>PORUGAL</b>	9. University of Coimbra
	10. Clínica Universitária de Medicina - Faculdade de Medicina - Coimbra
	11. Instituto Superior de Ciências da Saúde Egas Moniz
	12. University of Porto, Faculty of Nutrition and Food Sciences
	13. Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade do Porto
	14. Faculdade de Farmacia da Universidade do Porto (FFUP)
	15. ICETA Instituto de Ciências e Tecnologias Agrárias e Agro-Alimentares
	16. Área Departamental de Ciencia e Tecnologia de Alimentos, Escola Superior Agrária Instituto Politécnico de Beja
	17. Instituto Politécnico de Leiria (IPL)
	18. Instituto Politécnico de Santarém
	19. Instituto Superior de Agronomia
	20. Universidade Católica Portuguesa
	21. ITQB-UNL
	22. Instituto Politécnico de Bragança
	23. University of Aveiro - Food Biochemistry Group
	24. Faculty of Sciences and Technology / UNL
	25. Universidade do Minho
	26. Instituto de Ciências Agrárias Mediterrânicas
	27. Portuguese Sea and Atmosphere Institute (Instituto Portugues do Mar e da Atmosfera IP)
<b>ROMANIA</b>	1. Romanian Sanitary Veterinary and Food Safety
	2. Institute for Diagnosis and Animal Health
	3. Ministry of Public Health <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3.1 Department of Public Health Authority (PHA)</li> <li>3.2 Department of Sanitary State Inspection</li> </ul>
	4. Institute for Hygiene and Veterinary Public Health
	5. Banat's University of Agricultural Science and Veterinary Medicine
	6. Sanitary Veterinary and Food Safety Directorate of Bucharest - Sanitary Veterinary Laboratory of State
	7. University of Agricultural Sciences and Veterinary Medicine – Cluj Napoca
	8. National Institute of Research and Development for Food Bioresources - IBA Bucharest
	9. Dunarea de Jos University
<b>SLOVAKIA</b>	1. Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development of the Slovak Republic (MARD), including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Food Safety and Nutrition Department (FSND)</li> <li>- Department of Animal Production</li> <li>- Department of Plant Production</li> </ul>
	2. Public Health Authority of the Slovak Republic
	3. Regional Public Health Authority in Poprad
	4. Central Controlling and Testing Institute in Agriculture
	5. State Veterinary and Food Institute
	6. Slovak University of Agriculture in Nitra
	7. University of Veterinary Medicine and Pharmacy in Kosice
	8. Institute of Parasitology, Slovak Academy of Sciences
	9. Water Research Institute
	10. National Agricultural and Food Centre
<b>SLOVENIA</b>	1. Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food
	2. National Institute of Public Health

<b>SLOVENIA</b>	3. Agricultural Institute of Slovenia
	4. Slovenian Institute for Hop Research and Brewing
	5. Veterinary Faculty University of Ljubljana
	6. University of Ljubljana, Dept. Food Science and Technology, Biotechnical Faculty
	7. University of Maribor (Univerza v Mariboru)
	8. Jozef Stefan Institute
	9. National Institute of Biology (NIB)
	10. University of Ljubljana, Biotechnical Faculty, Dept. of Agronomy, Chair of Entomology and Phytopathology
	11. University of Ljubljana, Biotechnical Faculty, Zootechnical Dept.
	12. National Laboratory of Health, Environment and Food (Nacionalni laboratorij za zdravje, okolje in hrano-NLZOH)
	13. Slovenian Forestry Institute
	14. Nutrition Institute
<b>SPAIN</b>	1. Spanish Agency for Consumer Affairs, Food Safety and Nutrition (AECOSAN)
	2. Spanish National Research Council (Agencia Estatal Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas , CSIC)
	3. Agri-Food Laboratory (Laboratori Agroalimentari)
	4. Departamento de Nutrición, Bromatología y Tecnología de los Alimentos, Facultad de Veterinaria, Universidad Complutense
	5. Universidad Complutense de Madrid
	6. Universidad de las Islas Baleares (Laboratorio de Biología Molécula, Nutrición y Biotecnología)
	7. Drug Analysis Service - Universidad Autónoma de Barcelona (Facultad de Veterinaria)
	8. Grupo de Investigación Dh03 - Universidad de León - (Facultad de Veterinaria)
	9. Agència Catalana de Seguretat Alimentària (ACSA)
	10. Institute of Agriculture and Food Research and Technology (IRTA)
	11. Laboratory of Mycology (UCM)
	12. Nutrición y Bromatología, Facultad de Veterinaria, Universidad de Murcia
	13. Institute of Nutrition and Food Technology (INYTA)
	14. Saluvet Group
	15. ELIKA - Basque Foundation For Agrofood Safety (Fundación Vasca Para La Seguridad Agroalimentaria)
	16. University of Santiago de Compostela
	17. Basque Institute for Agrarian Research and Development (NEIKER)
	18. Institute of Health Carlos III (Instituto de Salud Carlos III, ISCIII)
	19. National Institute for the Agricultural and Food Research and Technology (INIA)
	20. University of Almería (Universidad de Almería, UAL)
	21. University of the Basque Country (UPV/EHU)
	22. Universitat Rovira i Virgili
	23. University of Valencia
	24. Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Environment, including:
	- Laboratorio Arbitral Agroalimentario (LAA)
	- Laboratorio Central de Veterinaria (LCV)

<b>SPAIN</b>	25. Fundació Centre de Recerca en Economia i Desenvolupament Agroalimentari UPC-IRTA (CREDA) 26. University of Barcelona (UB) 27. Universidad de Córdoba 28. Universidad de Sevilla 29. University of Vigo (Universidade de Vigo) 30. Polytechnic University of Valencia (Universitat Politècnica de València) 31. Universidad de las Palmas de Gran Canaria
<b>SWEDEN</b>	1. National Food Agency 2. National Veterinary Institute 3. Swedish Chemicals Agency 4. Swedish Environmental Protection Agency 5. Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences 6. Linnaeus University 7. Karolinska Institutet
<b>THE NETHERLANDS</b>	1. Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority (NVWA) 2. National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (RIVM) 3. Institute for Environmental Studies, Vrije Universiteit 4. Board for the Authorisation of Plant Protection Products and Biocides (Ctgb) 5. DLO Foundation (Stichting Dienst Landbouwkundig Onderzoek) 6. Utrecht University – Faculty of Veterinary Medicine 7. Wageningen University 8. Erasmus University Medical Centre Rotterdam
<b>UNITED KINGDOM</b>	1. UK Food Standard Agency 2. Hampshire Scientific Service 3. Glasgow City Council 4. Staffordshire County Laboratory and Scientific Services 5. Institute of Food Research 6. Aberdeen City Council 7. City of Edinburgh Council 8. MRC Collaborative Centre for Human Nutrition Research 9. Dundee City Council Scientific Services 10. Royal Veterinary College 11. University of Plymouth 12. University of Birmingham, Food Safety and Production Group 13. Institute of Environment and Health (as part of the Food and Environment Group), Cranfield University 14. University of Southampton 15. Natural Resources Institute of the University of Greenwich 16. University of Newcastle upon Tyne 17. University of Glasgow, Research and Enterprise 18. Food and Nutrition for Health Unit, University of Central Lancashire 19. University of Aberdeen 20. Agri-Food and Biosciences Institute (AFBI) 21. Public Health England (PHE) 22. Kent County Council 23. LGC Limited 24. University of Liverpool 25. Worcestershire Scientific Services

**UNITED  
KINGDOM**

- 26. The James Hutton Institute
- 27. Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), including:
  - Animal and Plant Health Agency (APHA)
  - Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science (Cefas)
- 28. Moredun Research Institute
- 29. University of Hull
- 30. University of Surrey
- 31. The Queen's University of Belfast
- 32. Health and Safety Executive
- 33. Royal Agricultural University
- 34. SRUC (Scotland's Rural College)
- 35. Public Health Wales NHS Trust
- 36. University of Leeds
- 37. Harper Adams University

Submitted for adoption in Parma, Italy  
on 1<sup>st</sup> October 2015  
for EFSA's Management Board

Sue Davies  
Chair of the Management Board

## **Decision**

EFSA – European Food Safety Authority	<b>Decision of the Executive Director of the European Food Safety Authority on the policy of the European Food Safety Authority on the technical changes to the list of organisations designated by the Members States which may assist the Authority (Article 36 List)</b>	Decision No.: EFSA/2015/03/AFSCO
	<b>Effective Date:</b> 12/08/2015	<b>Supersedes:</b> N/A

<b>Approvals</b>	Signature	Name
Originator	AFSCO	SB
Executive Director	see Decision	BU
Management Board	N/A	N/A

<b>Introduction</b>	See citations and recitals of the annexed Decision
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<b>Description</b>	Decision of the Executive Director adapting the list of competent organisations, designated by the Member States which may assist the Authority (Article 36 list), following technical changes submitted by a Member State to existing entities on the list.
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<b>References</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004</li> <li>Decision on the "technical changes to the list of competent organisations designated by the Member States which may assist the Authority", Annex 3 of the Management Board document: mb 18 12 08 item 8 doc 6b - Update on Art. 36 list of organisations</li> </ul>
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<b>Relevant Documents</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Amended Article 36 List</li> </ul>
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### **Decision History**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Revision No.</b>	<b>Description of Change</b>
N/A	N/A	N/A

<b>Abbreviations</b>	<i>Cf. Decision</i>

## DECISION OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE EUROPEAN FOOD SAFETY AUTHORITY

### **Concerning technical changes to and withdrawals from the List of competent organisations designated by the Members States which may assist the Authority (Article 36 List)**

THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE EUROPEAN FOOD SAFETY AUTHORITY<sup>4</sup>,

Having regard to the Treaty on the functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of 28 January 2002 of the European Parliament and the Council laying down the general principles of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety<sup>5</sup>, and in particular to Article 36 thereof, regarding the networking of organisations operating in the fields within the Authority's mission,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2230/2004 of 23 December 2004 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of European Parliament and Council Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 with regard to the network of organisations operating in the fields within the European Food Safety Authority's mission<sup>6</sup>, and in particular to Article 1(3) thereof,

Having regard to the Decision of the Management Board of the 18 December 2008<sup>7</sup> concerning the delegation given by the Management Board to the EFSA's Executive Director to adapt the list of competent organisations designated by the Member States which may assist the Authority (Article 36 List) in case of technical changes submitted by a Member State on one of the existing entities on the list,

Whereas:

EFSA received requests sent by existing Article 36 organisations from Germany, Luxembourg, Portugal, Slovenia and Spain, in which EFSA was informed of editorial changes to the names of the organisations and technical updates of their profiles, including changes regarding new contact persons, with no changes in the criteria for inclusion in the Article 36 List;

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<sup>4</sup> In the present Decision also referred to as 'the Authority' or 'EFSA'.

<sup>5</sup> OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1-24, as last amended.

<sup>6</sup> OJ L 379, 24.12.2004, p. 64-67.

<sup>7</sup> Decision of the Management Board on the "technical changes to the list of competent organisations designated by the Member States which may assist the Authority", Annex 3 of the Management Board document: mb 18 12 08 item 8 doc 6b - Update on Art. 36 list of organisations.

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

## **Article 1**

### **Update of the Article 36 List**

The technical changes to the following competent organisations on the Article 36 List shall be approved and the EFSA Article 36 Database shall be updated accordingly:

Germany (2)      Bundesamt für Verbraucherschutz und Lebensmittelsicherheit - BVL  
(Federal Office of Consumer Protection and Food Safety)

                          Max Rubner-Institut (MRI), Federal Research Institute of Nutrition and Food

Luxembourg (1) Luxembourg Institute of Health

Portugal (1)      Instituto Superior de Agronomia

Slovenia (1)      Agricultural Institute of Slovenia

Spain (3)      Spanish Agency for Consumer Affairs, Food Safety and Nutrition (AECOSAN)

                          University of the Basque Country (UPV/EHU)

                          University of Valencia.

Including re-naming the following organisation:

Luxembourg      Entry no. 2 on the current Article 36 List

- from "Centre de Recherche Public de la Santé"
- to "Luxembourg Institute of Health".

## **Article 2**

### **Entry into Force**

The present Decision shall enter into force on the day of its signature.

EFSA's Management Board shall be informed of the present Decision at its next meeting.

Done in Parma, on 12/08/2015

**SIGNED**

Bernhard Url  
Executive Director