EUROPE'S **FIGHT**

ANTIMICROBIA AGAINST RESISTANCE



WHAT IS ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE (AMR)?

Antimicrobials?

Substances used to treat a wide variety of infectious diseases in humans and animals. They:

- kill micro-organisms
- · stop micro-organisms from growing and multiplying

Example: antibiotics



Antimicrobial resistance?

The ability of micro-organisms to withstand antimicrobial treatments.

Example: MRSA (meticillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus) commonly present on human skin and mucous membranes



Why is resistance growing?

- Overuse of antibiotics
- Misuse of antibiotics
- Spread through various routes

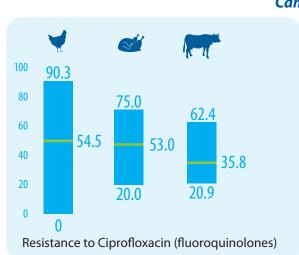


- Treatment may become ineffective
- Serious risk to public health

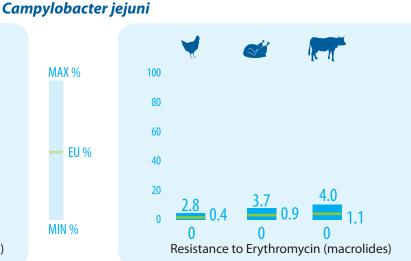
OVERVIEW OF RESISTANCE LEVELS IN EU

Based on "European Union Summary Report on antimicrobial resistance in zoonotic and indicator bacteria from humans, animals and food in 2013"

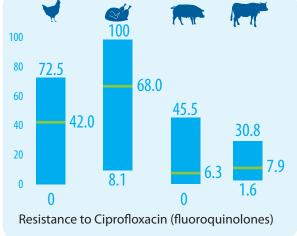
ANIMALS AND FOODS



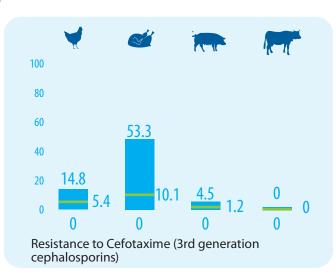




Salmonella

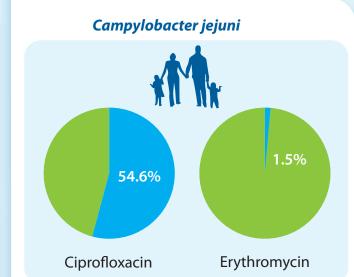




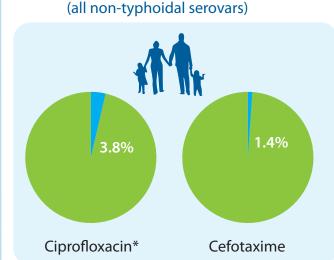


Variability in percentage of bacteria presenting microbiological resistance reported by Member States

HUMANS







resistant

* Interpretative criteria to establish clinical resistance were used in this case. If criteria to establish microbiological resistance were used, the results would be higher

HOW DO EFSA AND ECDC FIGHT AMR?

Scientific support & advice

EFSA and ECDC provide independent scientific support and advice to risk managers and decision makers on the possible emergence, spread and transfer of antimicrobial resistance. EFSA collects data on AMR in foodproducing animals, while ECDC collects data on AMR in humans.

Integrated approach

EFSA and ECDC monitor AMR in animals and humans, using data reported by Member States. The two agencies cooperate with the European Medicines Agency to analyse the relationship between antimicrobial use and the emergence of resistance in food-producing animals and in humans.

SCIENTIFIC SUPPORT European Member DECISION European **Parliament MAKERS** States Commission Brussels/Strasbourg

AND ADVICE **ECDC European Centre for Disease Prevention** and Control Stockholm **EMA European Medicines** Agency **EFSA European Food** Safety Authority Parma



EFSA is the keystone of EU risk assessment regarding food and feed safety. In close collaboration with national authorities and in open consultation with its stakeholders, EFSA provides independent scientific advice and clear communication on existing and emerging risks.

ECDC's mission is to identify, assess and communicate current and emerging threats to human health posed by infectious diseases.

